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The War Program

NAVY'S MOBILE HOSPITALS

PACKAGED hospitals, collapsible counterparts of land institutions, today are ministering to the medical wants of the Navy where emergency concentrations of men prove too heavy a load for the ordinary dispensary.

Conceived three years ago by Rear Adm. Ross T. McIntire, USN, White House physician and Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, these Mobile Base Hospitals are being assembled at an increasing rate to meet wartime demands. They are shifted speedily about the seven seas when bases require the services of a fully-equipped sick bay.

A Mobile Base Hospital's equipment, in addition to prefabricated metal buildings, ranges from heavy-duty trucks and ambulances to tool kits.

Typical of the function of one of these portable infirmaries was the service rendered by a Mobile Base Hospital during the Pearl Harbor raid of 7 Dec. The unit had been ordered to the Hawaiian base as a temporary center until a new permanent Naval hospital, then under construction, should be completed sometime in 1943. The material arrived at Pearl Harbor on 20 Nov. and hospital personnel was in quarters by 1 Dec. But there still remained a considerable amount of building and equipping to be done when the Japanese attacked.

By noon of 7 Dec., after a morning of feverish building of walls, laying of floors, erecting of instruments and supplies originally not scheduled to be used for weeks, the detachment had 125 beds ready and by 2 o'clock that afternoon had received 110 patients.

With the exception of the commanding officer and the executive officer who are members of the regular Navy Medical Corps, the officers' staff of the Mobile Base Hospital is composed of reservists. Specialists are commissioned from the staffs of the nation's leading hospitals and assigned to work in which they have specialized as civilian physicians, including internal medicine, surgery, eye, ear, nose and throat, genito-urinary, laboratory, X-ray, neuro-psychiatry, neuro-surgery and orthopedics.

Dental officers, civil engineers, disbursing officers, warrant electricians and pharmacists are added, while from the ranks of the Navy's enlisted men are drawn hospital corpsmen, plus carpenters, electricians, machinists, shipfitters, cooks, bakers and seamen.

Personnel is selected with the objective of making a Mobile Base Hospital completely independent, and similarly physical equipment of one of these take-down infirmaries is assembled to assure self-supporting operation except for supplies of fuel, food and water.

With the exception of surgical supplies which are packed at the Naval Medical Supply Depot in Brooklyn, all apparatus is crated at the plant of its manufacturer and shipped directly to the point of initial embarkation. Each type of equipment has a special color identification marked on the crate permitting quick organization (Please turn to Page 1254)



Army Signal Corps Photo

Brig. Gen. Edwin C. McNeil, The Assistant The Judge Advocate General is shown speaking to officer-students, who yesterday were graduated from the Judge Advocate General's School at the National University Law School Building in Washington. Seated are L. to R.: Col. Edward H. Young, Commandant of the School; Leslie Garnet, Chancellor of National University Law School; Col. J. L. Harbaugh, Executive Officer The Judge Advocate General, and Maj. Gen. Myron C. Cramer, The Judge Advocate General.

Commissions in Sea Services

The President this week approved a bill, H.R. 6496, which provides for appointment to commissioned rank in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard of warrant officers and commissioned warrant officers of those services.

Warrants who meet service, age and other requirements prescribed in the act may be appointed ensigns, lieutenants (jg) or lieutenants in the Navy or Coast Guard, and second lieutenants, first lieutenants or captains in the Marine Corps.

No reduction in pay or allowances shall accompany such appointments.

The legislation is of far-reaching importance in the Navy and Coast Guard for it restores the bridge between the fo'c'sle and the quarterdeck which had broken down in recent years. As a matter of fact, warrants of the Navy always have been eligible for commissions as ensigns but the combination of reduction in pay and hazards of selection made all potential applicants wary, so that as a matter of fact, all Navy appointments have been either from the Navy Academy or from former aviation cadets.

The new act not only permits appointments as high as lieutenant (captain in the Marine Corps) but also protects successful applicants from loss in pay, regardless of rank in which appointed.

Navy officials stated this week that as soon as the new promotion law is functioning smoothly they will draw up regulations to govern appointments under H.R. 6496 and will publish them to the services in an AINav. It is expected that the first examinations for appointment in the Regular Service may be held around January, 1943.

Far-reaching as the new law is, it is not without defect in the minds of warrant officers. That group has long campaigned for a specialist corps within which they could advance in their chosen specialties, instead of being thrown into the general line. This proposal was rejected by both the Navy and the Congress, and the new law adopted instead.

It is now feared by some that the warrant grades, instead of being rewards for (Please turn to Page 1254)

Navy-Marine Corps Promotions

Passed by the Senate late last week, the Navy Promotion Bill, H.R. 7160, was approved by President Roosevelt on 30 June 1942—just in time to save from retirement 75 Navy and 16 Marine Corps officers who have been twice passed over by selection boards.

The officers were subject to retirement on 1 July under terms of the selection act of 23 June 1938.

The new law suspends for the duration of the war all permanent promotions in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard. Also suspended are annual distributions of officers in the various grades.

Special provision is made in the bill for permanent promotion "in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy" of those officers who have already been selected from promotion but who have not yet made their numbers.

These officers, 785 in number, will rank from date of actual vacancy or from date of enactment of the bill, whichever is earlier.

The Navy and Marine Corps are now studying vacancies, attempting to determine dates of deaths and otherwise preparing to promote this group of officers. The work may require several more weeks.

Full details of the new law have been printed in previous issues of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and the text of the measure as finally approved was printed in the 27 June issue.

Navy Admiral Promoted

Rear Adm. Frank Jack Fletcher, USN, was nominated to the Senate this week for promotion to vice admiral, temporary, to rank from 26 June 1942.

Admiral Fletcher commanded a task force which attacked on 4 May a Japanese invasion fleet at anchor near Tulagi, all but annihilating the enemy force there.

Three days later Admiral Fletcher's aircraft attacked the main body of the Japanese invasion fleet in the Louisiade Archipelago. The new Japanese aircraft carrier Ryukaku and a heavy cruiser were sunk.

Terms of Dependents' Allotments Defined

With enactment of the Allotment-Allowance Act into law, the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard are busily engaged in setting up systems to administer the law.

Under the act, enlisted men of the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades are entitled to allot money to their dependents, to be matched by government allowances.

Each service, it was learned this week, will administer the law for its own personnel. However, the Marine Corps and Coast Guard will follow the system to be established by the Navy. Officials of these three services are now studying details of their system.

The Army already has set up a branch of the Adjutant General's Office to administer the law. Because the Army, through operation of the selective service act, has a greater problem in administration of the law, its office will be much larger than that of the other services. Headed by Col. Thurston Hughes, AGD, with Col. Harold N. Gilbert, AGD, formerly the Army's chief recruiter, as second-in-command, the Army's Allowance and Allotment Branch is expected to employ 2,400 or more employees on a shift.

Handling of allotments and allowances by the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard will be largely through paymasters and disbursing officers. It is expected that an announcement of the system will be forthcoming within the next few days.

The Army this week issued a very comprehensive circular, describing the operation of the law. Because this circular will be of general interest to those affected by the act, it is printed in substance below:

Explanation

Under the new Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act, which the President signed into law on 23 June 1942, allowances are provided for those who are dependent for support on men in the lower grades of the Army. This benefit is limited to relatives and dependents of soldiers in the Seventh, Sixth, Fifth and Fourth Grades. In the Army, these grades are: Private, Private First Class, Corporal, Technician Fifth Class, Sergeant and Technician Fourth Class.

The wife or children of men in these grades, or others within his family dependent on him for support may get a monthly allowance under this act, if they are eligible.

Here is how the Law works: A soldier, who has relatives or dependents who are eligible, goes to his Commanding Officer and gets an official application form. He fills out this form, following the simple directions printed thereon. He then returns the form to his Commanding Officer.

The original copy of the application is sent to the Allowance and Allotment Branch, Building "Y," 20th and B Streets, N. E., Washington, D. C., where it is reviewed and investigated, and either approved or disapproved. (Each applicant is notified promptly when his application has been received in Washington and again when it has been approved or disapproved.)

If his application is approved, his dependents will begin receiving their allowance the following month, and will continue receiving the allowance each month thereafter as long as the soldier and his dependents remain eligible for it, up until six months after the present war ends. Note: Initial payments will not be made before November 1, 1942.

(Continued on Next Page)

Editors Praise Congressional Action, As Soldiers Receive First Increased Pay

"TOSS that old phrase 'a \$21 a month buck private' out the window. He's a \$50 a month soldier now," exclaims the Norfolk, Va., *Virginian-Pilot*, "and a whole Congress is waiting to shake his hand." As tens of thousands of soldiers and sailors this week received their first increased pay (others will receive theirs on the July payrolls with increased payment retroactive to 1 June), there was jubilation among Service personnel. It had been a long wait. Similarly, the nation's press was elated at the pay boost, and expressed itself as follows:

"Everybody is glad to see the men in the Services well paid," says the Worcester, Mass., *Gazette*, interposing that the "boys deserve whatever comfort and encouragement extra money can give." Recognizing that an increase in pay will not have a material effect on the fighting spirit of the men, the *Gazette* states: "If the war could be won spending money, we should already bask in victory. But so long as Congress raised the question of soldier's pay, it is a pity it could not have agreed upon a suitable figure quickly, whether \$42 or \$50, without squabbling for a compromise which it could not achieve. We hope the boys in service will understand that procedure. It's just a way Congress has."

Similarly, The New Bedford, Mass., *Standard-Times*, comments: "Increased service pay at the basic rate of \$50 monthly agreed upon by Congress can add nothing to the courage and devotion U. S. fighters already have shown in this war, but it should add immeasurably to the satisfaction these men get from serving their country." To this is appended the editorial statement of the Kenosha, Wis., *News*: "Surely if there is anyone that is deserving of being given the most the country can give them, it is the men who are fighting and dying on the land and on the sea and in the air in order that our democracy may be preserved."

"Of all our war expenditures," says the Schenectady, N. Y., *Union-Star*, "the American people will grudge least the pay of fifty dollars a month which the Congress of the United States has adopted as the proposed base rate for the common soldier."

New interjection into the discussion of the pay increase is made by the Richmond, Va., *Times-Dispatch*, which suggests: "The members of the American Expeditionary Force came home from the war 20-odd years ago feeling that the man who had remained in civil life during the first World War, had enjoyed an unfair advantage, and there was an almost immediate demand for 'adjusted compensation,' finally resulting in the passage of a soldier's bonus which cost the taxpayers about \$2,000,000,000. Possibly we find that this time we not only did the fairest thing in raising the pay of the humblest of our soldiers so high, but also the soundest thing economically."

The Winston-Salem, N. C., *Journal* asserts: "One of the arguments made for increasing the pay of the men in our Army and Navy was that such action would 'forestall the fight for adjusted compensation that we went through before.'"

In the matter of "adjusted payment," the Augusta, Me., *Kennebec Journal* relates: "The old army pay was based on civilian standards much lower than at present and the new rates are in better proportion. Aside from the extra hazards and hardships of the soldier's life, the new pay will compare favorably with others since it includes 'keep,' clothing, medical service and other extras and rates a pension in many cases. As to the work, no amount of money can compensate for that and any pay is merely a token of appreciation of invaluable service to the country."

But, to understand the effect of the pay increase on our soldiers, one does well to turn from the comment of civilian editors for a moment and to consider what our soldier editors are saying in their camp newspapers to their soldier readers concerning the new pay legislation.

Perhaps typical is the comment of the Camp Callan, Calif., *Range Finder* which says: "We knew that if Congress hadn't raised our pay we'd get along on that old \$30. Then we thought about the future. We knew we oughta have some dough when we get out of the Army to start buying new duds and stuff. Well, we aren't going to salt away those extra twenty smackers," says the *Range Finder* then submitting its formula. "We like our pay a buck and a quarter a month. Then we see the b. c. and sign one of those war bond allotments for \$18.75 a month. So come next pay day we'll lose our five with the bones, have ourselves a time in San Diego or La Jolla (neighboring cities), pay off those small loans, probably be broke by the middle of the month. But we'd spend the 50 bucks just as easy. The b. c. made out the bond deal for us and we told him to have the monthly 25-buck bond sent to mom. Bet she gets a big kick out of that."

Meanwhile, the Ft. Devens, Mass., *Digest* says to its readers: "Well, soldier, we know you have no intention of squandering your money foolishly. You intend to save part of your salary. You intend to build constructively toward the future. One of the best investments you can make is to buy a War Savings Bond each month." The *Digest* then outlines the benefits of bond purchases and adds: "Another form of saving for a rainy day is the monthly allotment. . . . There are many things you want of the future, but one of the most important is the desire to provide for that period when you return once more to civilian life."

Allotment-Allowance Law (Continued from First Page)

Dependents of soldiers may apply for themselves if they desire. However, dependents should not file an application if they know one has been filed by the soldier. Dependents must use the official application form, and must accompany their applications with certain documentary evidence that is not required initially from the soldier. (This evidence is explained on the application form.)

It is expected that application forms will be available about 25 July 1942. The forms will be distributed to all Army organizations and installations throughout the world. Civilians may obtain forms by writing to the "Commanding Officer" of the nearest Army post or camp, or to the nearest recruiting station, or to the "Commanding General" of any of the nine Corps Areas.

After an application is filed, it is usually unnecessary to write further letters to the War Department regarding the Allowance. Unnecessary correspondence adds to the War Department's great volume of work, and delays action on all applications.

The first payments of allowances to dependents will be made on or after 1 Nov. 1942. No payments to relatives or dependents will be made before that date. However, if a soldier applies before 1 Nov., 1942, and has his contribution deducted from his pay, and his application is approved, the allowance will begin accumulating from the first of the month following the month in which he applied, except in the case of men who were in the service on June 1st and who had relatives or dependents who were eligible, in which case the application will be considered to have been filed as of 1 June. All funds accumulating for an allowance will be paid in the first check to dependents after 1 Nov.

Who Is Eligible Class "A"

Wife—A lawful wife.
Child—Includes the following (1) a legitimate child; (2) a child legally adopted; (3) a stepchild, if a member of the man's household, including a stepchild who continues as a member of the man's household after the death of the mother or termination of the marriage; and (4) an illegitimate child, but only if the man has been judicially ordered or decreed to contribute to such child's support; has been judicially decreed to be the putative father of such child; or, has acknowledged under oath in writing, that he is the father of such child.

Former Wife Divorced—Former wife divorced who has not remarried to whom alimony has been decreed by court and is still payable.

Class "B"

Parent—Includes father and mother, grandfather and grandmother, stepfather and stepmother, father and mother through adoption, either of the person in the service or of the spouse, and persons who, for a period of not less than one year prior to the man's enlistment or induction, stood in place of parents

(in loco parentis).

Brother and Sister—Includes brothers and sisters of the half blood as well as those of the whole blood, stepbrothers and stepsisters, and brothers and sisters through adoption.

Grandchild—A child as above defined of a child as above defined, and is limited to persons to whom the enlisted man has stood in place of parents (in loco parentis).

Note: The terms "child," "grandchild," "brother," and "sister" are limited to unmarried persons either (1) under eighteen years of age, or (2) of any age, if incapable of self-support by reason of mental or physical defect.

How Much Will a Dependent Get?

Each allowance is made up of money deducted from the soldier's pay and money contributed by the government. The first question that most people ask is: What is the total amount that a dependent will get? Below is printed a list of typical dependents and the total amount of the monthly allowance to all dependents if an application for them is approved. Remember that part of this money is contributed by the soldier and part by the government. For example, a wife (no other dependents) receives a check for \$50 every month. Of this, the government has contributed \$28. The remainder, or \$22, has been deducted from the soldier's pay. The following amounts include both the soldier's contribution and the government's contribution:

Wife but no child	\$50
Wife and 1 child	62
Wife and 2 children	72
Wife and 3 children	82
Wife and 4 children	92
Wife and 5 children	102
No wife but 1 child	42
No wife but 2 children	52
No wife but 3 children	62
No wife but 4 children	72
No wife but 5 children	82
Divorced wife	up to 42

(The allowance payable to divorced wives depends on the amount of the alimony and the number of other dependents of the soldier. Questions on specific cases should be referred direct to the Allowance & Allotment Branch.)

1 Parent	\$37
1 Parent and 1 sister, brother, or grandchild	42
1 Parent and 2 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	47
1 Parent and 3 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	52
1 Parent and 4 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	57
1 Parent and 5 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	67
2 Parents	47
2 Parents and 4 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	67
2 Parents and 5 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	72
No parent but 1 sister, brother or grandchild	27

No parents but 2 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	32
No parents but 3 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	37
No parent but 4 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	42
No parent but 5 sisters, brothers, or grandchildren	47
Wife but no child and 1 parent	70
Wife, 1 child and 1 parent	82
Wife, 2 children and 1 parent	92
Wife, 3 children and 1 parent	102
Wife, 4 children and 1 parent	112

Many other combinations of dependents are possible, and are authorized for allowances when eligible. The above are presented only as typical examples.

How to File An Application

Allowances will be paid only on application by the soldier or his dependents or by persons acting in behalf of the dependents. Applications must be submitted on the official application form. In other words, no letters, or other informal applications will be accepted. (Soldiers obtain the forms through their commanding officers; civilians, after 25 July, 1942, obtain them by writing the "Commanding Officer" of the nearest Army post or camp, or the nearest Recruiting Station, or to the "Commanding General" of any of the nine Corps Areas.)

The Soldier's Contribution

For each month for which an allowance is paid to the dependents of a soldier, \$22 will be deducted from his pay. This deduction is made whether the dependents are in Class "A" or Class "B." However, if an allowance is paid to dependents in both Class "A" and Class "B," \$27 will be deducted from his pay. (The above amounts are the normal situation. However, if by legal agreement or court order, the soldier is obligated to pay alimony or support, which is a lesser amount than the total allowance, the monthly deductions from his pay and the Government's contribution will be reduced proportionately.)

For example, if a soldier obtains an allowance for his wife and children, he will have \$22 deducted from his pay each month, because these dependents are in Class "A." If, however, he also obtains an allowance for a dependent parent, brother, sister, or grandchild, he will have an additional \$5, or \$27 in all, deducted from his pay each month.

The Government's Contribution

In addition to the soldier's contribution, the Government will contribute the following amounts to Class "A" dependents: \$28—to a wife with no child, \$40—to a wife with one child, and an additional \$10 for each additional child. \$20—to one child where there is no wife, \$30—to two children where there is no wife and an additional \$10 for each additional child.

Up to \$20—to a former wife divorced (if alimony is being paid by court decree). In addition to the soldier's contribution, the Government will contribute the following amounts to Class "B" dependents: \$15—to one parent, if one only and an addi-

tional \$5 for each brother, sister, or grandchild (the whole not to total more than \$30). \$25—to two parents and an additional \$5 for each additional brother, sister, or grandchild (the whole not to total more than \$30). \$5—to each brother, sister, or grandchild if there are no parents (the whole not to total more than \$30).

No more than two "parents" may receive family allowance and no Government contribution to Class "B" dependents may exceed \$30.

The soldier's contribution to the allowance is divided among dependents in the same way and in the same proportion as the Government's contribution.

Common Questions and Answers

Q. When will the first allowances be paid?
A. No payments to dependents will be made before 1 Nov. 1942. However, payments made at that time will include the allowances for the intervening months following the date of application. Applications made by soldiers (up until 23 Dec. 1942) who were in the service on 1 June 1942 and had dependents who were eligible on that date may be retroactive to June 1st and the first payment after November 1st would include all allowances which had accrued since that date.

Q. Should an application be made by the soldier or by his dependents?

A. Applications should be made by the soldier whenever possible in order to avoid duplication which might delay action by causing unnecessary work. Before making an application, a dependent should write to the soldier to make sure that duplicate applications will not be made. However, applications made on the official application form by the dependents, or anyone acting for these dependents, is permissible.

Q. Does a wife or child of a soldier have to prove that they are financially dependent on the soldier in order to get an allowance?

A. No. Class "A" dependents do not have to prove dependency. They must, however, prove relationship by submitting a duly certified copy of the record of marriage, divorce decree, adoption, etc.

Q. Does a parent, brother, sister or grandchild of a soldier have to prove that they are financially dependent on the soldier in order to get an allowance?

A. Yes. Class "B" dependents must prove that they are dependent on a soldier for a substantial portion of their support, as well as their relationship to him.

Q. How can dependency for substantial support be proven?

A. By submitting with the application affidavits from at least two reputable, disinterested persons attesting to the relationship and the degree of dependency of the applicant.

Q. How soon after a soldier or his dependents apply for an allowance can the dependents expect to receive payment?

A. If an application is approved, the allowance will begin to accrue on the first of the next succeeding month following the date of

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Allotment-Allowance Law

(Continued from Preceding Page)

application, and payment will be made following the end of that month. For example, if an application is made on 23 Dec., the deduction from the soldier's pay will be made in January and the allowance will be paid immediately following the end of January. Note: No allowances will be paid before 1 Nov. 1942.

Q. What is considered the "date of application?"

A. The date of application is the date on which the soldier's application is filed with the Commanding Officer. The "date of application" for applications submitted by civilian members is the date on which the application is received by the Allowance and Allotment Branch in Washington, D. C.

Q. Will payments be by check, money order or cash?

A. Payments will be made by government check, mailed once each month.

Q. Will checks be sent to each dependent of a soldier?

A. Payments of the monthly allowance on behalf of any dependent or dependents found entitled thereto will be made to such dependent or dependents or to any person designated by the soldier, or determined by the Secretary of War to be a proper person to whom such payments should be made. For example, the allowance for a wife and children may be included in one check to the wife. Or the allowance to a dependent father and a dependent brother may be in two checks, one sent to the father and one sent to the brother.

Q. Can a mother, having two sons in the service, receive an allowance for both of them?

A. Yes, provided it can be shown that each has contributed a substantial portion of her support.

Q. Are officers, warrant officers, nurses, master sergeants, technical sergeants, first sergeants, or staff sergeants entitled to an allowance for their dependents?

A. No. The benefits of this Act are limited to dependents of soldiers of the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades—namely: line sergeants, technicians fourth grade, corporals, technicians fifth grade, privates first class and privates.

Q. Under what conditions will allowances be terminated?

A. Allowances will be terminated whenever the soldier or his dependents cease to be eligible for them. For example, payments of allowance will terminate at the end of the month in which notice is received of: 1. The soldier's death in, or discharge from, the service, or his appointment to the third or a higher grade in the Army. 2. The death of a wife or other beneficiary, or the marriage or attainment of the 18th year of age by any child not physically or mentally incapable of self-support. 3. The cessation of dependency of any Class "B" dependent. 4. The enlisted man's request that the payment of monthly allowance to any Class "B" dependent be terminated. (However, a soldier cannot stop the payment of an allowance to Class "A" dependents as long as they remain eligible for it.)

Q. What happens to a family allowance if the soldier deserts the service?

A. Payment of monthly allowance will terminate at the end of the month in which notice is received of the soldier's conviction of desertion, or after the soldier has been absent in desertion for three months, whichever occurs first. If he is later restored to duty such allowances may be reinstated as of the first of the month next succeeding that in which such restoration occurs.

Q. What arrangements should a man make who is about to be inducted, and wants to obtain an allowance for his dependents?

A. Every soldier in the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades has the opportunity to apply for an allowance for his dependents. (A new selectee is normally in the seventh

grade, private). A man who is about to be inducted need make no arrangements regarding the allowance prior to actual induction. He will be given the opportunity after he has been inducted.

Q. What effect will the family allowance deduction from the soldier's pay have on Class "E" or other allotments which he may now have in effect?

A. If Class "E" and other allotments are of such size that the prescribed deduction of \$22 or \$27 per month cannot be made from the soldier's pay and leave him at least \$10 per month for his personal use, exclusive of possible court martial forfeitures, it will be necessary for the soldier or his organization commander to either discontinue or adjust existing allotments.

However, since payments of the family allowances will not be made before 1 Nov. 1942, the discontinuance of some Class "E" allotments to dependents would cause considerable hardship in the intervening months. To take care of this, the War Department now provides that Class "E" allotments may be discontinued as such on the pay roll at this time, and the Chief of Finance is authorized to continue monthly payments of a similar sum to the dependents from the date of discontinuance through 30 Sept. 1942. The sums thus paid the dependents will then be deducted from the initial family allowance payment.

This is accomplished by the submission of a regular discontinuance form with the following notation on the reverse side: "Payment to continue through September 1942, under this allotment and the total so paid from date of cancellation through September 1942, is to be deducted from the first payment under the Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act."

Note: This privilege is limited to those soldiers eligible to apply for a family allowance who have, or intend to make, Class "E" or other allotments which are of such size that the family allowance deduction and the allotment would not leave the soldier a \$10 pay credit at the end of the month, exclusive of possible court martial forfeitures.

There are some soldiers eligible to apply for a family allowance who have been supporting dependents from their pay direct and not through a Class "E" allotment. To avoid imposing hardship on these dependents, the War Department now provides that a soldier, in such a case, may make a Class "E" allotment to his dependents for the exact amount of his family allowance deduction and immediately discontinue it as such by following the same procedure as outlined above. The Application for the Class "E" allotment and the Discontinuance Form may be sent in at the same time. The net result during the time from application to 30 Sept. 1942, will be the same as if the soldier had already had a Class "E" allotment to his dependents.

Calendar of Legislation

BILLS INTRODUCED

H.R. 7301. By Rep. May, of Ky. Amending Article of War 114, increasing number of Army officers who may administer oaths, etc. Similar bill, S. 2619, reported by Sen. Mil. Comte.

S. 2627. By Sen. Walsh, of Mass. (Also H. R. 7324, by Rep. Vinson, of Ga.) Making benefits conferred upon Naval and Marine reserve personnel by Act of 27 Aug. 1940 retroactive to 8 Sept. 1939.

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

H. J. Res. 327. Permitting importation without duty of articles for our allies, or for prisoners of war and internees in this country. Signed by President.

H.R. 7234. Exempting from duty household and personal effects sent into this country by officials and officers detained abroad by war. Signed by President.

H.R. 7184. Authorizing 1,500,000 tons of combat ships. Passed by Senate; to President.

H.R. 7211. Disposition of prizes taken by Navy ships. Reported by House Judiciary Committee; passed by House.

S. 2536. Extending property requisitioning bill for duration of war. Passed by House.

S. 1707. Preventing making of photographs or sketches of military or naval property, etc. Signed by President.

S. 2606. Prescribing penalties for unlawful possession of selective service certificates or reproduction of certificates. Reported by Sen. Mil. Comte. Similar bill, H.R. 7331, introduced by Rep. May, of Ky.

H.R. 6334. Making easier employment of former service men in defense industries. Signed by President.

H.R. 7182. Seventh supplemental national defense appropriation bill. Signed by President.

H.R. 7159. Authorizing additional auxiliaries for Navy. Passed by Senate; to President.

S. 2454. Rank of Navy nurses. Reported by House Naval Committee; passed by House.

S. 2404. Army medals bill. Passed by House, amended.

H.R. 2794. Appointments to Service Academies. Reported by House Mil. Comte.

H.R. 7160. Navy promotion act. Signed by

President.

S. 2455. Navy submarine and diving pay. Signed by President.

H.R. 6496. Appointments in Regular Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard. Signed by President.

S. 2453. Amending national service life insurance act. Passed by House.

H. J. Res. 318. Removing taxes on admissions to camp theatres, etc. Passed by House.

S. 2553. Creating grade of flight officer in Army. Passed by House.

First Sergeant's Pay

First sergeants of the Army and Marine Corps probably are due soon for another increase in pay as a result of the passage of S. 2025.

The raise from \$84 to \$114 a month which first sergeants received 1 June, together with other men in the second pay grade, will shortly be followed by a \$24 increase when first sergeants are advanced to the first pay grade.

The increase was promised by Army leaders, who on 14 April told the House Military Affairs Committee, "If this bill is passed as that paragraph (second paragraph of Sec. 9) is now worded, the War Department will consider that as congressional sanction for the Secretary of War to place first sergeants in the first pay grade."

Passage of the bill with the paragraph unchanged leaves the War Department free to carry out its proposal. When the Army does so, it is fairly certain that the Marine Corps will follow suit, basing its action on the pay equalization laws of the two services.

Placing of first sergeants in the first pay grade has long been an objective of the War Department. The interdepartmental pay committee of 1938 urged that this step be taken, pointing to the importance of the duties of first sergeants, and pointing out that the first sergeant of a regimental headquarters company had attached to his unit for administrative purposes the master sergeants of the regiment, thus creating an anomalous situation.

A bill to carry this out was introduced early this session of Congress by Representative Sparkman, of Ala., but the War Department delayed a report on the measure, feeling that the matter should be handled administratively. However, when it was sought to carry out the proposal, the Army ran into a Budget Bureau objection, that agency stating that such a step should have the approval of the Congress.

This fact was pointed out to Congress by Col. Ira P. Swift, who appeared for the War Department at hearings on the pay bill.

"The National Defense Act," stated Colonel Swift, "provides that the President shall apportion enlisted men of the Army to the several grades by executive order. For many years first sergeants have been classified as grade two enlisted men. Some time ago Mr. Sparkman introduced a bill to require that first sergeants be placed in the first pay grade."

"They should be in the first pay grade," declared Colonel Swift.

"For your information," he continued, "the War Department was informed by the Bureau of the Budget that there was no objection to doing this, but they preferred to have it sanctioned by the Congress, although it could be done by administrative action. That was the reason for the War Department requesting enactment of a bill some time ago, which would make it mandatory."

"On the bottom of page 14 of this pay bill, I would like to read a short paragraph. It reads: 'For purposes of pay enlisted men of the Army, the Navy and Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard shall be distributed in the several pay grades by the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Treasury, respectively.'"

"If this bill is passed as that paragraph is now worded, the War Department will consider that as congressional sanction for the Secretary of War to place first sergeants in the first pay grade."

"Is not that the law now?" asked Representative Elston, of Ohio.

"No," replied Colonel Swift. "The law now prescribes that the President shall apportion enlisted men to grades by ex-

ecutive order. For many years first sergeants have been in the second grade."

Chairman May, of Ky., interposed, "In other words, this seems to be a controversy between the War Department and the Bureau of the Budget, and gets it done instead of it being done by executive order?"

"We believe this bill will accomplish the purpose; yes, sir," said Colonel Swift.

"But it still leaves it to the Secretary of War to do it administratively," continued Mr. May.

"Yes, sir," replied Colonel Swift. "The Secretary of War will do it administratively."

Flight Officers' Bill Is Sent to President

The House this week passed and sent to the President legislation, S. 2553, creating the grade of flight officer for the Army Air Forces.

The bill provides that present training of aviation students will be suspended, and that all applicants for flight training will be trained as aviation cadets. Upon completion of training, cadets will be commissioned either as second lieutenants in the Army of the United States or as flight officers.

Flight officers would have rank, pay and allowances of a warrant officer (junior grade) and would be entitled to the \$150 uniform allowance provided for newly commissioned officers. In this grade would be appointed the present staff sergeant pilots.

Second lieutenants, as stated above, would be in the Army of the United States, rather than in the Air Reserve as at present, but provision is made for selection into the Air Reserve after the war.

Provision is made also for appointment of flight officers as officers in the Army of the United States at any time.

Another provision of the bill would require all flight officers and flying officers to continue at their own expense the \$10,000 in insurance which is furnished free during flight training. At present, the continuance of such insurance is optional with the officer.

At present it is planned that flight officers will be utilized as pilots of transports, and as co-pilots of multi-engined planes.

Medical Administrative Corps

Acting in accordance with the report of its Military Affairs Committee which described the ban on promotion of Medical Administrative Corps officers above the rank of captain as "a manifest discrimination . . . never intended by the Congress," the House this week passed and sent to the Senate H. R. 7242, which authorizes the promotion of MAC officers up to and including the grade of colonel for the duration of the war and six months thereafter.

The House likewise decided that the 22 MAC officers who are serving in the grade of major but whose pay is restricted to that of captain by a Comptroller General's decision should have their pay as majors made retroactive to the time of their appointments.

Assumes Division Command

Maj. Gen. Omar N. Bradley has assumed command of the 28th Division at Camp Livingston, La., succeeding Maj. Gen. J. Garesche Ord, transferred to a new assignment.

Important to Subscribers

In order to prevent delay in the receipt of your copy of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, please notify us promptly of change of address. Such notice should include the old as well as the new address, and if possible, the imprint from the wrapper. You will help us and our Circulation Department by this procedure.

Thanks.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Army changes G-1 heads, other personnel chiefs?

Approval of Navy selection bill 1 July to save 91 from retirement, to promote 785 at once?

House group approves Medical Administrative Corps promotions; to be retroactive?

National Guard Bureau becomes independent agency again; data on division commanders?

Coast Guard promotions to keep in step with recent Navy advancements?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this information from any other source.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Provost Marshal General Center

From Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., came word this week relating the progress of the new Provost Marshal General's school center under command of Col. Archer L. Lerch, former deputy provost marshal general.

Preparations are being made to receive some 2,000 students, including officers and enlisted men, while instruction will also be given to 50 civilians assigned to the OCD. Ninety second lieutenants, graduates of the Military Police School at Ft. Riley, Kans., have been assigned to the center as junior instructors. They represent 66 colleges and universities.

In addition to the Military Police School, the center will enroll 600 enlisted men in the officer-candidate school, 200 enlisted men in the criminal investigation course, 600 World War officers in the refresher course and 600 in the advanced course. Ten specially selected Negro officers will take the initial refresher course, with others expected in later courses.

The following is a list of officers who have been assigned to the center:

Commanding Officer—Col. Archer L. Lerch, JAGD.
Executive Officer—Col. Loren F. Parmley, JAGD.
Assistant Executive Officer for Training—Maj. Elliot G. Stoutenburg, Inf.
Adjutant—Capt. Anthony E. Papa, CMP.
Secretary—Maj. Spencer Burroughs, CMP.
Public Relations Officer—Maj. John G. O'Brien, Spec.
Supply Officer—Maj. Charles Meyers, CMP.
Assistant Supply Officers—Capt. James McKendrick, CMP, and 2nd Lt. Elmer C. Kuse, CMP.
Personnel Officer—1st Lt. William J. Mead, CMP.
Assistant Personnel Officer—W. O. Harry L. DeBusk.
Mess Officer—Maj. Alexander H. Gillilan, CMP.
Assistant Mess Officers—1st Lt. Oscar M. Henriksen, CMP, and 2nd Lt. Raymond J. Breitenbach, CMP.
Lounge Officer—Capt. John G. Clary, CMP.

Provost Marshal—1st Lt. Walter Hoyle, CMP.

Transportation Officer—2nd Lt. Thomas N. McLean, FA.

Detachment Commander—Capt. Fred C. Smith, CMP.

Platoon Commander—2nd Lt. Joseph L. Hinkel, CMP.

Company Commanders—(Refresher Course) 2nd Lt. Roland L. Lacey, CMP, and 2nd Lt. William C. Timothy, CMP; (Officer Candidate School) 2nd Lt. Frank W. Hobson, CMP; (Advance Course) 2nd Lt. Cleo E. Darrow, CMP; (Investigators School) 2nd Lt. Eugene Smith, CMP.

Director of the Provost Marshal General's Schools—Col. Hobart B. Brown, CMP.

Academic Director—Lt. Col. Brookner W. Brady, CMP.

Director of the Officer Candidate School—Lt. Col. Parker C. Kallach, JAGD.

Director of the Advanced School—Maj. Lawrence B. Babcock, CMP.

Director of the Refresher School—Maj. Herman H. Kaesser, CMP.

Director of the Investigators School—Maj. Melvin H. Purvis, JAGD.

Operations Officer—Capt. Monte K. Pierce, CMP.

Academic Supply Officer—Maj. Ralph A. Price, CMP.

Assistant Academic Supply Officer—2nd Lt. Ellis L. Forrester, CMP.

Department of Basic Instruction—Maj. Alvin Sauer, CMP, Dept. Chief; 1st Lt. John C. Ivey, CMP, Instructor, and 1st Lt. Eugene N. Geddings, CMP, Instructor.

Department of Weapons—Maj. Joseph C. Jackson, CMP, Dept. Chief; Capt. Andrew E. Barabas, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. Robert H. Richards, CMP, Instructor; 2nd Lt. Clifford B. Hellman, CMP, Instructor.

Department of Criminal Investigation—Maj. Allen B. Michell, CMP, Dept. Chief; Capt. Edward F. Burke, CMP, Instructor; Capt. E. Russell Kennedy, Jr., CMP, Instructor, (additional duty Intelligence Officer); Capt. Charles Leonetti, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. Edward L. Chaney, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. John E. Murray, CMP, Instructor; 2nd Lt. Edward J. Lawler, CMP, Instructor; 2nd Lt. Francis E. Mulvaney, CMP, Instructor, and 2nd Lt. Joseph C. Willimovsky, Jr., CMP, Instructor.

Department of Law and Administration—Maj. Brainard E. Prescott, CMP, Dept. Chief; Capt. Sylvester A. Merritt, AGD, Instructor; 1st Lt. Michael M. Isenberg, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. Alfred B. Jaynes, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. Allen G. Miller, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. George G. Russell, CMP, Instructor; 2nd Lt. John E. Feagin, CMP, Instructor, and 2nd Lt. Robert H. Scott, CMP, Instructor.

Department of Traffic—Maj. Leslie C. Cave, CMP, Dept. Chief; Capt. Charles E. Day, Jr., CMP, Instructor; Capt. Robert S. Holmes, CMP, Instructor; Capt. William P. Huntzicker, CMP, Instructor; 1st Lt. Earl O. Culum, CMP, Instructor, and 1st Lt. Hubert G. Hanson, CMP, Instructor.

Department of Publications—Maj. Frank J. Day, CMP, Dept. Chief.

Department of Reproduction—Maj. Russell C. Lord, CMP, Dept. Chief.

Department of Tactics—1st Lt. Paul Goff, CMP, Dept. Chief, and 1st Lt. John F. Lee, Jr., CMP, Instructor.

Department of Physical Training—1st Lt. Anthony R. Flores, CMP, Dept. Chief; 1st Lt. Robert G. Hooks, CMP, Instructor, and 2nd Lt. William L. Moore, Inf., Instructor.

Department of Police Instruction—Capt. John K. Daly, CMP, Dept. Chief; 1st Lt. John A. Bottorff, CMP, Instructor, and 2nd Lt. Robert E. Mason, CMP, Instructor.

The P.M.G.S.C. Pool—1st Lt. George C. Warren, Jr., 2nd Lt. Henry Bassetti, 2nd Lt. Louis Bayer, 2nd Lt. William J. Bradford, 2nd Lt. Mario E. Brod, 2nd Lt. Francis A. Bryans, 2nd Lt. William A. Burruss, 2nd Lt. Stephen H. Byrum, 2nd Lt. Gerald Cantor, 2nd Lt. Richard W. Carlton, 2nd Lt. Robert M. Cassidy, 2nd Lt. Jack M. Cavan, 2nd Lt. Newell A. Choate, 2nd Lt. Jake B. Cooper, 2nd Lt. James L. Cronin, Jr., 2nd Lt. Clarence L. Davis, 2nd Lt. Eugene F. DeClue, 2nd Lt. Carl E. Degen, 2nd Lt. Albert Dempsey, 2nd Lt. John B. Ellison, Jr., 2nd Lt. Albert R. Erskine, 2nd Lt. Donald B. Ferguson, 2nd Lt. Robert H. Fisher, 2nd Lt. John H. Fry, 2nd Lt. Joseph V. Gilbert, 2nd Lt. Allan M. Goodloe, 2nd Lt. David R. Haghl, 2nd Lt. Harry J. Hansen, 2nd Lt. Robert B. Hinkel, 2nd Lt. Raymond W. Hensley, 2nd Lt. Clifton B. Hiestler, Jr., 2nd Lt. George D. Ish, 2nd Lt. Roy T. Jackson, 2nd Lt. A. Peyton Johnson, 2nd Lt. Harry H. Johnson, 2nd Lt. Kenneth C. Johnson, 2nd Lt. Laurence D. Jordan, 2nd Lt. John P. Kelley, 2nd Lt. Merlin C. Kerns, 2nd Lt. Kenneth K. Kolster, 2nd Lt. George J. Lange, 2nd Lt. Paul V. Lenz, 2nd Lt. Joy L. Levitt, 2nd Lt. Joseph W. Levy, 2nd Lt. Joe W. Loomis, 2nd Lt. Henry P. Madden, 2nd Lt. Thomas J. May, 2nd Lt. Edward G. McGlinchey, 2nd Lt. Richard M. McGuineas, 2nd Lt. George W. Meyers, 2nd Lt. Irv I. Miller, 2nd Lt. George A. Milner, 2nd Lt. James A. Moody, 2nd Lt. Eldon Nehring, 2nd Lt. George H. Northington, III, 2nd Lt. Dwight H. O'Keefe, Jr., 2nd Lt. Thomas J. O'Keefe, 2nd Lt. Myrven W. Pannebaker, 2nd Lt. Arthur W. Payne, Jr., 2nd Lt. William T. Pelak, 2nd Lt. Harold E. Peterson, 2nd Lt. Raymond S. Poterek, 2nd Lt. Daniel H. Pryer, 2nd Lt. Hugh E. Rahn, 2nd Lt. Robert M. Rees, 2nd Lt. Aaron P. Ross, 2nd Lt. Richard W. Ross, 2nd Lt. Charles R. Schade, 2nd Lt. Whitten W. Scholtz, Jr., 2nd Lt. Robert J. Shickel, 2nd Lt. George B. Shields, 2nd Lt. William A. Simmons, 2nd Lt. John T. Simpson, 2nd Lt. Joseph W. Smith, 2nd Lt. Louis P. Speed, 2nd Lt. Chester D. Steele, 2nd Lt. Lloyd H. Stitham, 2nd Lt. James C. Streeter, 2nd Lt. Louie Z. Swygert, Jr., 2nd Lt. Kinman Thompson, 2nd Lt. Louis Walner, 2nd Lt. John B. Ward, 2nd Lt. John T. Ward, 2nd Lt. Gerhard B. Wiederanders, 2nd Lt. Robert H. Williams, Jr., and 2nd Lt. Waverly W. Wray.

Prime Minister Makes Secret Inspection

Not until Prime Minister Winston Churchill had safely returned to England from his momentous Washington conference was the American public apprised that on 24 June, he had visited Ft. Jackson, S. C., where he saw a gigantic display of American military training. The demonstration was under the direction of Maj. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, commander of the I Army Corps. During the demonstration 600 parachute troops under command of Brig. Gen. William C. Lee staged a thrilling "attack" under simulated war conditions.

Mr. Churchill said: "We were enormously impressed by the thoroughness and precision with which the formation of a great wartime army of the United States is proceeding. The parachute display," he said, "was quite the most remarkable I have ever seen."

He was accompanied to Ft. Jackson by the Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, the Chief of Staff, Lt. Gen. Leslie J. McNair, Maj. Gen. Alexander D. Surles, General Sir Alan Brooke, Field Marshal Sir John Dill and Maj. Gen. Sir Hastings Ismay.

The party was met on its arrival by General Eichelberger and Brig. Gen. Royden E. Beebe, commanding general at Ft. Jackson.

Marksmanship Awards

The War Department has instructed that marksmanship qualification bars are to be of silver suspended from the badge and marked to show weapon, course, and date of qualification. Date of qualification is not to be indicated on the bars which are numbered as follows:

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Rifle. | 15. Grenade. |
| 2. Pistol—D. | 16. Small Bore Rifle. |
| 3. Pistol—M. | 17. Small Bore Pistol. |
| 4. Auto. Rifle. | 18. Submachine Gun. |
| 5. Machine Gun. | 19. Small Bore M. G. |
| 6. Coast Art. | 20. Carbine. |
| 7. Mines. | 21. Antitank. |
| 8. Field Art. | 22. 81-mm Mortar. |
| 9. Bayonet. | 23. 60-mm Mortar. |
| 10. Tank Weapons. | 24. TD 37-mm. |
| 11. C. W. S. Weapons. | 25. TD 75-mm. |
| 12. Machine Rifle. | 26. TD 57-mm. |
| 13. Aerial Gunner. | 27. TD 3-inch. |
| 14. Aerial Bomber. | |



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Try Saboteurs

President Roosevelt ended all discussion concerning the method to be used in prosecuting the eight Nazi saboteurs apprehended by the F. B. I., when he named a seven-man military commission on Thursday to try the case.

Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy, a member of the Roberts Board which reported on the Pearl Harbor disaster, was named president of the commission, while Attorney General Anthony D. Biddle and Maj. Gen. Myron C. Cramer, The Judge Advocate General, were selected to prosecute the case.

In addition to General McCoy, other members of the commission are: Major Generals Blanton Winship, Walter S. Grant and Lorenzo D. Gasser, and Brigadier Generals Guy Q. Henry, John T. Lewis, and John T. Kennedy.

The Nazi agents will be defended by Col. Cassius M. Dowell and Col. Kenneth Royall.

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ACME PHOTO

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Speed and More Speed! (left) Too fast for the camera to stop, this automatic stamping machine cuts holes in the face-piece which later become the "eyes" of the gas mask. To prevent accidents, the operator's hands are automatically jerked out of danger as the stamp slams down.

VICTORY WILL RIDE ON THE RUBBER YOU SAVE

The above is a reprint of an advertisement now appearing in many national magazines

THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

"The Searchlight"

Feeling that wives of Naval and Marine officers would appreciate being able to obtain the addresses of their friends, the Women's Defense Activities of the United States Naval Academy is sponsoring an up-to-date address file. So many wives have moved about the country in recent months and their friends have lost track of their current addresses that it is felt such a service to Navy and Marine wives will assist friends in keeping in touch with one another.

The Navy and Marine organization will be known as "The Searchlight" and will be similar to the recently organized Army "Locators" at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. Offices will be in the Community House used by the Women's Defense Activities at the Naval Academy and wives of officers will donate their services as a clerical force.

The Searchlight already has a large list of addresses and is obtaining and filing more as rapidly as possible. All Navy and Marine wives are urged to send their permanent addresses to the Searchlight, and in due time the address of any officer's wife will be available to her friends. No lists will be released for commercial purposes. A self-addressed postcard should be sent to the Searchlight with an inquiry for an address, or a 3c stamp which will enable the Searchlight to continue and to expand its file and service.

Address—"The Searchlight,"
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Navy Expansion Bill

After discussing the naval policy of the United States behind closed doors for one hour and 23 minutes, the Senate late last week approved and sent to the President a bill, H. R. 7184, increasing the tonnage of combat ships by 1,900,000.

The unusual secret session was asked by Chairman Walsh, of the Naval Affairs Committee, who stated:

"The bill under consideration will of necessity require a discussion and presentation of the policy of the Navy with relation to the building of battleships and airplane carriers, and perhaps open up some other aspects of our Navy problem that ought not, in my opinion or in the opinion of the Navy, to be discussed in public, lest it be helpful to the enemy. While there have been rumors about what that policy of the Navy is, yet it has not been authentically stated, and I am in a position, from information given to me by the Navy, to state that policy as I understand it."

The bill passed authorizes 500,000 tons of carriers, 500,000 tons of cruisers, 900,000 tons of destroyers and escort vessels and 1,000 small craft.

At the end of the secret session, Senator Clark, of Mo., offered an amendment to prohibit construction of any battleships not already begun or contracted for, but his motion was defeated after arguments by Senators Walsh, Ellender, of La., Pepper, of Fla., and Connally, of Tex., that such an amendment would, as Mr. Connally put it, "send a message to the Mikado. 'Come on over; we are not going to have any battleships to resist you.'"

"Keep the enemy guessing," urged Senator Ellender, a member of the Naval Affairs Committee.

Senator Walsh's Statement

Subsequently Senator Walsh issued the following statement on battleships:

"All nations that maintain navies have from time to time studied and discussed the question of the vulnerability and the military value of battleships, yet to date no nation has voluntarily abandoned the building of battleships.

"The battleship is the most powerful war weapon that floats the seas. A naval fleet that has more battleships than an attacking fleet has at the very outset a superior advantage. It would be possible for an entire naval fleet which was without battleships to be wiped out by an enemy fleet consisting of only one or two battleships. This is because the battleship's guns have a longer range and fire a more powerful shell than cruisers, destroyers or a bomb that any airplane as yet carries. In the future, a weapon may be devised that would drop from an airplane a bomb with destructive power of a shell fired from a battleship but none has appeared to date. Such an invention would probably doom the battleship.

"In air attacks upon battleships by heavy bombs experience has demonstrated that the damage is superficial. Except for the USS Arizona, destroyed by a bomb which unluckily dropped down the smoke stack, no battleships of any country in the present war have been destroyed by bombs. However, when it comes to a torpedo attack that is a different proposition, but battleships are as safe as any other naval vessel from torpedo attacks whenever there is proper air coverage. No naval vessel, battleship or other, without air coverage may escape destruction by torpedo attacks although the record to date in the present war shows that a battleship is less damaged by a torpedo than an airplane carrier or any other type of vessel.

"It is also true that a battleship is not an essential part of the naval fleet if no other nation has battleships in its fleet. So long however, as any nation uses battleships no other nation can remove battleships from its fleet without admitting inferiority.

"To eliminate battleships under present world conditions would be like engaging in a duel with an antagonist with sev-

eral weapons and before starting the duel throwing away your strongest and most powerful weapon with the knowledge that he is retaining one comparable to the powerful weapon you have discarded.

"The above is not to be interpreted as indicating that our Government should pursue a policy of battleship building at the expense of airplane carriers. Both are necessary and essential. Which should be given priority in building at this critical time is a matter for the naval experts."

Navy Auxiliary Ships

The Senate this week approved legislation, H. R. 7159, which authorizes an additional 1,200,000 tons of auxiliary ships for the Navy.

The bill as passed by the House authorized 500,000 tons of such vessels, but was amended by the Senate to permit an additional 700,000 tons.

The increase, Senator Walsh, of Mass., chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, told the Senate, was made at the request of the Navy, and increases the total authorization of auxiliaries for the Navy to 2,550,000 tons.

A large part of the tonnage authorized by the House is planned to go into construction of landing boats.

Rank for Navy Nurses

The House Naval Affairs Committee has reported and the House has approved legislation, S. 2454, which prescribes the relative rank of members of the Navy Nurse Corps and prescribes regulations for issuance of uniforms.

Under the bill, one superintendent, with rank of lieutenant commander is authorized; and one assistant superintendent, with rank of lieutenant, is permitted for each 300 members of the corps. Chief nurses are given relative rank of lieutenant (junior grade) and nurses are given rank of ensign.

The bill further authorizes the Navy to fix the money value of the required uniforms and to issue them in kind or in the form of a money allowance.

Seek Submarine Base

Senator Tydings, of Md., a member of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, this week publicly repeated a request that the Navy Department offer a reward of \$25,000, \$50,000 or \$100,000 for information leading to detection of an Axis submarine base in the Western Hemisphere.

Pointing out that if no such base exists and enemy submarines are operating from Europe, the reward need never be paid, Senator Tydings nevertheless reminded the Senate that vast stretches of South American and the Caribbean regions are uninhabited. He pointed to the fact that after the World War it was discovered that munitions had been stored in Mexico by Germany.

Navy Casualty List

Casualties in the United States Navy's sixth list, from 7 June to 17 June, 1942, shows 190 dead, 54 wounded and 642 missing, or a total of 886 persons. The next of kin have been notified. These casualties cover personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

The preponderant portion of these fatalities resulted from direct action with the enemy, though in the list are names of persons lost in accidents at sea and in the air and who were on duty directly connected with wartime operations. No natural deaths are included.

Naval Supply Depot

The new Naval Supply Depot at Bayonne, N. J., built on the site of the old Port Terminal at the foot of 33rd Street, was formally dedicated on 30 June 1942. Rear Adm. E. J. Marquart, USN, Commandant of the 3rd Naval District, read the letter from the Secretary of the Navy establishing the depot and ordered the flag raised. Capt. E. D. Stanley, (SC), USN, is commander of the post.

New Design for Tankers

Additional storage space now being developed by the construction of new decks on level with the catwalk of Naval tankers will permit these vessels to carry crated aircraft and other war material the Navy Department revealed this week. Under the new design, decks of the oilers will extend from the aft side of the bridge to the poop deck.

Import Property of Personnel

The House and Senate have rushed to passage and the President has signed legislation, H. R. 7234, which exempts from duty personal and household effects brought into the United States under government orders.

The bill provides that household and personal effects of government employees including service personnel, who are retained abroad because of the war may be returned to the United States without payment of duty. At present the goods must be accompanied by the owner to enter duty free.

During debate on the measure, it was revealed the San Francisco customs is now holding about 90 shipments from Army and Navy officers who are stationed abroad.

A similar bill H. J. Res. 327, passed by both houses and approved by the President, authorizes importation without payment of duty of articles intended for the personal use of members of allied forces in this country and prisoners of war and internees held by us.

Disabled Veterans

The House this week approved legislation H. R. 7282, opening the ranks of the Disabled American Veterans to disabled veterans of the present war.

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President and Publisher

LEROY WHITMAN,
Editor

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

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SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1942

"In War there is no intermediate measure of success. Second best is to be defeated."—GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, (1935).

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Legislative assurance, now, that our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained at such strengths as may be determined by the War Department General Staff and the General Board of the Navy to be necessary to guard the nation and its interests against any enemy or combination of enemies.
2. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant and enlisted personnel, active and retired; all temporarily promoted officers to receive pay of grade in which serving.
3. A long range study by the General Board of the Navy to the end that an equitable and just system of promotion for the line and staff of the Navy and Marine Corps be enacted into law.
4. Revision of pension laws to assure service widows a living income.
5. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

WITH the signing this week by President Roosevelt of the war-time personnel act, the Navy and Marine Corps enter upon a new phase of their promotion and retirement problem. Under the new law, permanent promotions are suspended for the duration of the emergency, and also, what is more important, no more retirements for "service ineligibility for promotion" will occur. It is this latter activity which resulted in much public criticism of the Navy's personnel policy, for many columnists found it hard to reconcile the policy of retiring able bodied officers at a time when the need for experienced commissioned personnel was at its greatest. However, the law was specific, and the Navy had no alternative but to retire those officers who had been twice passed over by Selection Boards, although it had stated its intention of recalling such officers to active duty. To do this, however, would have been harmful to morale, for officers so retired and recalled to active duty would have had all hope of future careers blasted. Furthermore, the war has definitely disproved the judgments of Selection Boards, a number of instances having been brought to light wherein officers passed over, earned, in actual combat with the enemy, the highest awards for heroism.

By suspending the operation of the selection system for permanent promotions and forced retirements, Congress has given the Navy Department, and its Bureau of Naval Personnel, an excellent opportunity for a thorough long-range study of the entire problem. Under the able direction of Admiral Jacobs, the Bureau already has instituted an analysis of personnel conditions as they existed in peace times, in war up to the suspension of permanent promotions, and as they will progress under the new arrangement. This study will be extremely valuable, not only in formulating policies, but also in laying down the principles for the new system which inevitably will be put into effect. The war has shown the weakness of the old line selection act and there is little likelihood that the Navy will return to it after the war—at least not without considerable modification.

THE passing of the Civilian Conservation Corps, as decreed by Congress this week, is of significance to the Army which played such a large part in its establishment and development. The Service recalls those stirring days in early 1933 when, under the then Chief of Staff, General Douglas MacArthur, the Army was called upon to process, transport into the field, house and feed, a force of 300,000 boys and young men. All records for mobilization, even those of the World War, were broken. In the short space of three months the Army took the men from the cities and established them in forests and mountains. In recognition of the fine work done by Service personnel, (the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard contributed officers to the program), the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, under the sponsorship of the War Department, awarded medals to Service personnel and enrollees selected by Corps Area Commanders as outstanding. The medals were presented personally by General MacArthur. Great benefits flowed to the Army from CCC organization and administration in the way of the training of officers, particularly reserves. During the life of the CCC more than 50,000 officers of the line and staff were given active field service with the camps. Moreover, the Department reported 158 of the camps as vital to defense. Hundreds of youths were trained in the Army's schools for bakers and cooks, and later entered the service in those capacities. Many of the CCC road building companies performed valuable work for the Army engineers.

Unfortunately, however, the one thing that would have made the CCC most valuable was tabooed by the prevailing thought of that era, viz., military training. Congress, and the public, feared the camps would become "militarized" and that form of training for preparedness was forbidden. Should the system be later revived, military training in connection with it should be required.

Service Humor

Shirt Circuit

Army Air Base, Savannah, Georgia, June—Much put out over a missing shirt in his returned laundry, Private Bernie Taylor, stationed at this air base, strode to the nearest phone and energetically dialed the laundry.

Came a response at the other end, and Private Taylor in righteous indignation exploded: "Say, this is Private Taylor at the Air Base. Where's my shirt? It didn't come back."

"I'm sure I don't know," replied the level, icy voice at the other end. "This is Colonel Castor speaking."

Private Taylor meekly restored the receiver to the hook. For him, the laundry's phone number was too much like the Commanding Officer's.

—Camp Pickett News.

Comparison

Why are the Japs like the silk stockings they used to sell us?

A couple of good yanks and they run.

—Fog Horn.

Definition

A bunch of men were having a bull session at the Armored Force School at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Someone asked for a definition of the "peep"—or perhaps it's the "jeep"—the much-in-the-news blitz buggy developed by the Army. One recruit had the answer on the tip of his tongue. "It's a number 14 roller skate," he said, "equipped with motor, mud guards, windshield and place to seat two heels instead of one!"

—Maintenance Engineer.

Feminine Comment

Infantryman: "This is tough work, carrying a full pack 15 miles every day."
Girl: "Yeah, that's carrying things too far!"

—Scott Field Broadcaster.

Compensation

Whiskey may take half of man's life, but what's the difference? He sees twice as much!

From Mrs. "ABT" has come what our judges have picked as the best last-line contribution to the limerick which appeared in the 20 June issue.

The good ship Lexington went down in the sea,

It's place insured in our history,

An unflinching crew,
Remained ever true,

To this glorious struggle for world liberty.

M. Sgt. "JFS" tells us in the letter which accompanied this limerick that his organization was one of those which received the pay increase this week. His literary contribution, which will be completed in the 18 July issue, supplements this revelation.

Soldiers this week shouted, "Hip! hip! hurray!"

As they waited in line for their increase in pay,

All knew rather well,

There'd be plenty of h-i,

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

Many readers—Statement that passage of pay bill will result in placing first sergeants in first pay grade is absolutely correct. Army officials informed Congress during hearings on the pay bill that this would be done. High Army officers state this week that an announcement will soon be issued on this matter.

J.M.—A retired enlisted man is entitled to a military funeral when he dies. He is also entitled to burial in a national cemetery. His next of kin should communicate with The Adjutant General, Washington, D. C., about these matters.

H.Z.—Because temporary warrant officers have been made in Philippines and Hawaii and because in future all temporary warrant appointments will be made in field, Army sees no point in compiling a list of warrant officers (jg) by precedence.

R.D. and others—Except for officers and a few late papers, all warrant officer appointments as result of 3-4 March have been made. The permanent appointments to warrant officer (jg) will be announced within next few days.

An Interested Soldier — The training school for post exchange officers is at Ft. George G. Meade, Md. Inquiries should be addressed to the commandant, Col. Vincent R. Wadden.

A Subscriber—Unfortunately for those in your situation a man simply cannot waive statutory rights. A bill has been introduced in Congress to permit waivers, but action in the near future is unlikely. It is suggested that, since physical requirements have been relaxed somewhat since last November, you apply again and see what happens.

In The Journal

10 Years Ago

The nomination of Lt. Col. A. G. Low, MC, to be a colonel has been confirmed by the Senate.

20 Years Ago

Hamilton Fish, lieutenant colonel, USA (Reserve), member of Congress, 20th District of New York, Garrisons, N. Y. has signed the call for the convention to be held for the purpose of organizing the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States.

30 Years Ago

Capt. Julian L. Schley, CE, will report to Washington, D. C., take station and report to engineer commissioner, Washington, D. C., for duty as an assistant.

50 Years Ago

The "Glorious Fourth" will be celebrated on Monday next with a fervor which seems to suffer no decrease as the years roll by. The development of patriotism in the rising generation is one of the cheering signs of the times.

75 Years Ago

There is no longer room for doubt that the fated Austrian Archduke, who, in an evil hour, listened to the invitation of Napoleon, and consented to "match" at power in Mexico, has met death at the hands of Juarez.

War Department
Organized Reserves



OFFICIAL ORDERS



Navy Department
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Under Secretary of War
Robert F. Patterson
Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy
Assistant Secretary of War (Air)
Robert A. Lovett
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

ARMY PROMOTIONS

Adjutant General's Department
Capt. Clarence W. Lilley, post adjutant, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to major.
Capt. L. B. Day, Assistant Adjutant, Camp Callan, Calif., has been promoted to major.

Chaplains

Capt. Edward R. Kenely, Ft. Devens, Mass., has been promoted to captain.

Dental Corps

Maj. E. V. Stackpole, Camp Callan, Calif., was promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel; while Capt. Leo L. Guichard, of the same post, was made a major.
1st Lt. J. A. Pantalone, Camp Callan, Calif., promoted to captain, as was 1st Lt. J. T. Smith.

Field Artillery

1st Lt. Col. Russell C. Snyder, Supply Officer and 8-4 of the Field Artillery Replacement Training Center, Ft. Sill, Okla., has been promoted to colonel, and Maj. John R. Livermore, assistant Plans and Training Officer and Maj. Robert R. Crowder, commanding officer of the 33rd Battalion have been promoted to lieutenant colonel. Also promoted at the same installation was 1st Lt. John F. Rousseau to be a captain.

Four lieutenant colonels at the Field Artillery School, Ft. Sill, Okla., Thomas B. Hedeker, head of the Department of Publications; Marion P. Echols, member of the Training Literature Board; Robert G. Gard, Tactics Department; and William D. McNair, Plans and Training Officer, have been promoted to colonel. Maj. John E. Theimer was made a lieutenant colonel, and Capt. Charles J. Blake, Jr., was made a major.

M. Sgt. Lee P. McCarter, an instructor at the Field Artillery School, and M. Sgt. Karl Holmquist, USA-Ret., have been commissioned a captain and second lieutenant, respectively.

Finance Department

Capt. William C. Haneke, finance officer, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to major.

Judge Advocate General's Department
Maj. Row Cook, Ft. Devens, Mass., has been promoted to lieutenant colonel, and at 33 years of age is one of the youngest lieutenant colonels in the Army.

Medical Administrative Corps

2nd Lt. David G. Barnes, Jr., Eighth Armored Division, Ft. Knox, Ky., has been promoted to first lieutenant.

Provost Marshal

Capt. Joseph E. Benoit, Camp Callan, Calif., promoted to major.

Quartermaster Corps

Maj. Harry Kirsner, post quartermaster, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to lieutenant colonel.
1st Lt. Loran J. Anderson, assistant post quartermaster, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to captain.

Special Services

Capt. James P. Westerfield, Special Services Officer for Camp Callan, Calif., promoted to major.

Veterinary Corps

1st Lt. Robert V. Talcott, assistant veterinarian, Camp Callan, Calif., has been promoted to captain.

Miscellaneous Promotions

1st Lt. Dennis C. Pillsbury, commanding officer of the reception center at Ft. Hayes, Ohio, has been promoted to colonel.
Capt. William Condell, post exchange officer at Ft. Devens, Mass., has been promoted to major.
Capt. Frederick J. Stevenson, general mess officer, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to major; and second lieutenants Walter Johnson, assistant sub-depot supply officer; Paul C. Uhlenhop, sales officer; and John S. Urban, property officer, have been promoted to first lieutenant.
2nd Lt. Frank H. Allen, assistant prison officer, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., has been promoted to first lieutenant.
M. Sgt. Paul I. Thorp, Organized Reserves, has been appointed a captain and has been transferred from Camp Cooke, Calif., to Camp Edwards, Mass.

Alaska

The following 10 second lieutenants at Ft. Greely, Alaska, have been promoted to first lieutenant:
Frank L. Hascall, Richard R. Sipes, Edward C. Moore, Byron D. Athan, Jay Hunt,

Paul V. Meyer, Lester U. Tollefson, Glen A. Timmerman, Robert L. White and Howard C. Aylesworth.

Army Air Forces

Capt. James F. Kahlenbert, who commands a school squadron at Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to major; while Capt. Anton J. Richetta, group inspector for the 2nd Provisional Training group, assistant post administration inspector and assistant postal officer at Scott Field has been similarly promoted.

The following officers at Luke Field, Ariz., have been promoted: Majors to lieutenant colonels: Monty J. Tennes, Jr., Otto R. Brown, George A. Bosch, Kenneth W. Mosher, and Claude L. Brignall; captains to majors: Robert M. Wray, Van H. Slayden, Hugh A. Sherer, and Albert M. Cate; first lieutenants to captain, Hiram H. Hardesty, Robert I. Jurie, and Edwin E. Ash.

The following officers at McClellan Field, Calif., have been promoted: Maj. Willard D. Lucy, post and executive officer, to lieutenant colonel; Capt. Edwin Garnett, jr., building and grounds officer, and Capt. William M. Hill, survey officer, to major; 1st Lt. Raymond A. Butler, post exchange officer, and 1st Lt. Linwood LeB. Clark; and 2nd Lt. Donald Morris, Robert E. Haegelin, Harry M. Albaugh, Frank B. Leinbach, Peter Biesio and Samuel Meyers to first lieutenant.

1st Lt. William L. Finney, and 1st Lt. Jesse O. Hay, Alameda, Calif., have been promoted to captain, and 2nd Lt. George W. Hottel and 2nd Lt. Oscar J. Linscott have been promoted to first lieutenant.

Maj. Roy L. Jones, Minter Field, Calif., has been promoted to lieutenant colonel.

Medical Corps

Capt. Herbert D. Glick, hospital registrar and officer in charge of obstetrics, pediatrics, and gynecology; Capt. Emmett B. Drescher, chief of the surgical service, and Capt. Charles D. Ehlert, head of the urology department and mess officer of the hospital and Medical Detachment at Scott Field, Ill., have been promoted to major.

Capt. Eugene Smith, assistant flight surgeon, Scott Field, Ill., has been promoted to major; and Capt. Harold A. Robins, officer in charge of medical service at the same post, has been also promoted to major.

Capt. Thomas M. Potasz, Capt. E. L. Young, and Capt. William L. Spines, Camp Callan, Calif., promoted to major.

1st Lt. Stephen E. McKenna, Camp Callan, Calif., has been promoted to captain.

1st Lt. Col. W. P. Dingle, commanding officer of the Camp Callan, Calif., station hospital, was promoted to full colonel, and Maj. L. E. Stilwell and Maj. F. F. Schade, also of Camp Callan, were promoted to lieutenant colonel.

1st Lt. Grodon C. Langsdorf, Letterman General Hospital, Calif., has been promoted to captain.

Maj. Oscar F. Nolan and Maj. George C. Shivers have been promoted to lieutenant colonel, and Capt. William F. Cutts, and Capt. Clinton B. Ervin, jr., were promoted to major. All are stationed at Letterman General Hospital, Calif.

Field Artillery School

The following 80 second lieutenants of the Staff, Faculty and Detachments in the Field Artillery School, Ft. Sill, Okla., have been promoted to first lieutenant. They are:

Second Lieutenants Stephen I. Allen, Don F. Bline, Winfrey Boyd, George F. Burt, Jr., John A. Curtis, Nelson C. Eaton, Robert C. Ervin, jr., Robert P. Evans III, John E. Hanesel, Thomas L. Hendrix, jr., Arthur G. Hoge, jr., Joseph Irwin, jr., Edward M. Jenkins, Robert J. Kants, Paul H. Knies, John E. Maier, William J. McAllen, Ernest N. Minor, Walter R. Olson, Harold B. Powell, Samuel W. Pray, Hiram W. Rainey, jr., David M. Ramsey, John W. Reichart, James L. Shady, jr., William T. Smith, Robert A. Specker, Albert C. Standish, Robert H. Stearns, Dudley B. Tenney, Edward C. Thoma.

William A. Walton, Charles M. Williams, William M. Wood, jr., Pierpont J. Wood, Bernard L. Bauman, Alfred R. Flinn, jr., Newton Heston, jr., Donald H. Linton, John L. Lynch, Harry A. Miller, Martin D. Miller, Cammann Newberry, Harry L. O'Bryan, jr., James H. Richards, jr., Clifford J. Roffina, Paul V. Rogler, John R. Moser, Mason D. Salisbury.

Norman P. Seagrave, Percy G. Stone, Robert M. Thompson, John J. Williams, Emmett D. Echols, Robert W. Addy, Nelson B. Davis, James T. Deacy, Albert E. Gilbert, John M. Harmon, William H. Hickman, Charles F. Kane, Joseph R. Kinsie, Howard M. McBe, William B. Newbold, Frederick C. Sprayer, William T. Alexander, Louis E. Dauer, jr., William E. Farber, Clarence S. Hinton, jr., Nathaniel B. Hilburn, Frederick W. Mahler, jr., Frank J. McLoraine, Sam F. Warren, John E. Wickham.

Richard B. Wright, Richard A. Zimmer, Arthur E. Bittel, Raymond McC. Crossman, jr., James G. Kaleris, John E. Angst, John C. Early, Elmer A. Finley, Alvin E. Graham,

NO NAVY, MARINE CORPS, OR COAST GUARD ORDERS

Publication of orders issued to Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard personnel has been ordered suspended to avoid possible revelation of information against the public interest.

jr., John B. Lauer, Charles W. Moses, Ernest S. Pavy, Herbert J. Brauchler, Robert E. Carlson, Julian J. Case, Alexander M. Galbraith, Vincent B. Januska.

Robert M. McGee, Ernest F. McPhail, Mark W. Niemann, Lafayette R. Parsons, Richard L. Patriquin, Franklin C. Seiler, Robert C. Tartani, Delbert L. Bristol.

ARMORED FORCE

The following 158 officers of the Third Armored Division, Camp Polk, La., have been promoted to higher rank, including 19 captains to major and 47 first lieutenants to captain. The promotions follow:

To major—George B. Kalvin, Lorenzo C. McIntyre, Walden J. Alexander, Dale E. Brown, William L. Cabanis, Clarence E. Gelger, Matthew G. Henderson, Rosewell H. King, William B. Lovelady, Rager J. McCarthy, Richard M. McClain, Wallace A. Mitchell, Walter B. Richardson, Albert L. Stegner, Wesley A. Sweet, Marion E. Whitten, Samuel M. Hogan, Lawrence G. Foster and Frederick C. Weekly.

To captain—Chester G. Anderson, Abrams C. Arrington, Sidney Q. Cohan, Thomas O. Curlee, jr., Harold H. Davitt, jr., George L. DeCuir, Robert T. Dunn, George H. Ebbett, Alfred J. Folger, Charles C. Grant, John D. Healy, Thomas P. Jacobs, Albert Kass, James H. King, John J. Laursonis, William B. Lawrence, William G. Lynn, Theodore P. Mason, Henry G. Morin, John K. Neighbors, John F. Pelose, Lasley Richardson, Norris Shealy, Ernest B. Sheheen, Joseph J. Long, jr., John P. Sink, Fred R. Smith, Louis J. Etaskiel, jr., Philip E. Ware, Maurice C. Wynes, Sherwood L. Adams, William J. Martin, Garner B. Parker, jr., William T. Robinson, Rocco C. Salimbene, Wallace Carnahan, Donald R. Brant, Clarence R. Plankenhorn, Julius W. Davis, Wray F. Sagnaser, Jack E. Griffin, Johnnie B. Poole, George F. Graybill, Michael Christatos, Richard K. Johnson, Clayton F. Kunze, Truman Alford, Haynes W. Dugan and Rodney J. Banta.

To first lieutenant—Harold Haye, Herbert C. Sanders, Harry F. Zech, Thomas J. Holmesley, Hugh B. Parker, jr., Hubert E. Braundig, jr., Robert Amidon, William A. Cureton, John K. Anderson, Robert T. Miner, Roy L. Herrin, William S. Rice, John McE. Gaustad, Eugene E. Hill, David W. Hedrick, Edward P. Woolcock, George P. Yung, Tommy C. Davis, Tracy A. Rasmussen, Lee L. Waldschmidt, Charles W. Brown, Robert A. Coleman, Ballard P. Durham, Elliott P. Cleveland and Abraham S. Kahn.

Paul J. Ellis, Clarence A. Richter, George T. Stallings, Stanley P. Hidalgo, Marshall S. Turner, Raymond J. McMahon, James S. Allen, William L. Archer, Roland W. Bartlett, Oliver W. Brackman, Chris J. Brous, Merle L. Carlin, William J. Carney, Villa Carter, Alfred D. Craven, George B. Clarke, Leland M. Cook, Thomas E. Cotter, jr., Warren F. Daniel, jr., Ralph Warren Dimock, Michael J. Glynn, Ralph W. Gray, Robert J. Grindatti and Wilson L. Gunn.

Leonard J. Hart, Warren W. Hawley, III, John E. Hewitt, Charles E. Higgins, Mortimer J. Hutchinson, Thomas A. John, jr., Leonard H. Johnson, Gordon E. Kerr, William De S. Killes, George E. King, Lester J. Knepp, Ralph Gardiner Leigh, Joseph E. Lowe, Kenneth T. McGeorge, Eugene B. McLeod, Mack P. McPike, Joseph W. Michel, II, Jack V. Murray, Charles M. O'Brien, Terry F. Overton, James T. Owen, jr., Fred C. Reisz, jr., Robert W. Russell, John L. Shelton, Harry J. Somlin, Henry D'Arcy G. Smith, Joseph G. Smith, William R. Snellings, Edmond Spiegelman, Thomas G. Tousey, jr., Alcee N. Turcan, jr., Malden D. Walte, John M. Walton, George D. Warriner, Billy H. Watson, John E. Watson, Roy F. Williams, H. N. Williford, John L. Wilson, jr., Spencer L. Wilson and Thomas L. Wood.

1st Lt. Edward W. Hoffstatter and 1st Lt. Clarence G. Hupfer, Demonstration Regiment, Armored Force School, Ft. Knox, Ky., have been promoted to captain.

The promotions of Maj. Richard Welherill and Maj. Robert G. Lowe to lieutenant colonel head a list of 33 promotions of Sixth Armored Division officers, Camp Chaffee, Ark. Others promoted to higher rank were:

To major—Henry B. Hester, William J. Given, Dean E. Swift, Alexander D. Surles, jr., Joseph H. Wichmann, Beverly E. Powell, Barry D. Browne, Roosevelt Cafarelli, Lewis E. McCorsion, Charles A. Harberger, Milledge M. Beckwith and Arthur E. MacMurrugh.

To captain—Joseph A. Head, John R. Johnson, George W. Fry, William J. Nelson, Raymond B. Graeves, jr., Albert F. Gainer, John

H. Halley, jr., Emmett McK. Lewis, James E. Downes, William M. Kunts, Harry Brindle, Frank J. Chiolino, William H. Smith and Milford E. Stabilein.

To first lieutenant—William A. Tilley, Walter C. Hudson, David R. Savelle, Robert B. Conlon and Wayne A. Farley.

Maj. Edward E. Crouse, Fifth Tank Group, Camp Claiborne, La., has been promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel, and Capt. Arthur C. Whitmore and Capt. John R. Wright have been raised to the rank of major. Others in this organization who were promoted are 1st Lts. Wayne A. Jendro, Lawrence Martin, John D. Seals, Charles W. Calvert, James T. Griffin, jr., George L. Barrier and Leonidas D. Word to captain; and 2nd Lts. Daniel J. Kelly, Richard S. Goudy, Robert J. Holliday, Frank H. Balfour, jr., and Charles H. Reeves, to first lieutenant.

Six first lieutenants of the 750th Tank Battalion, Camp Bowie, Tex., have been advanced to captain. They are D. L. Arnall, C. H. Carl, L. S. Fairall, Hollan Fann, O. W. Nelson, and W. B. Van Hook.

Twenty-eight officers of the Eighth Armored Division, Ft. Knox, Ky., have been promoted. They are:

To Major—A. E. Betschick, Robert L. Lee, Bernard A. Kosicki, Adjutant, 80th Armored Regiment.

To Captains—Sterling Johnson, Sol Kramer, A. J. Richards, Frank J. Mchek, Charles G. DuRose, William C. Harth, John J. Walsh, K. W. Collins and H. V. Cooperider.

To First Lieutenant—Edward F. Cloutier, Elshy B. Goffinet, James H. Weyhenmeyer, jr., Eugene A. Watts, Edward F. David, O. L. Mulford, John H. Van Houten, George Mota, S. H. Northcutt, Marvin D. Kirby, Roy F. Waring, Robert W. Clark, Charles E. Davis, C. P. Jones, jr., John D. Wilson, Howard C. Reese.

1st Lt. Col. Yarrow D. Vesely, division trains commander of the Eighth Armored Division, has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

Maj. Henry C. Switzer, and Maj. Elmer H. Droster, Sixth Armored Division, have been promoted to lieutenant colonel. Other promotions in this division were awarded the following:

To Major—Leonard C. Lund, Clyde A. Keltner, Franklin T. Bigelow, Clayton W. Wells, Embury D. Lagrew, Joseph T. Mozely, Robert Maust, James A. Wilson.

To Captain—Robert B. Conlon, Harold I. Holdeman, Allan G. Criso, George M. Gaither, Frank H. Thomas, James S. Tate, Naphthal Meitzer, Robert W. La Plante, George F. Riley, James H. Hamilton.

To First Lieutenant—Harry C. Prince, William P. Meredith.

The following promotions among personnel of the Sixth Armored Division have been announced:

To Major—Joseph K. Jarmon, Milledge M. Beckwith, James C. Boggs.

To Captain—Bruce D. Storrs, Thomas H. Macconnell, III, George L. Lens, Martin E. Belveal, William F. Lines, Claude L. Lewis, William H. Smith.

To 1st Lieutenant—Charles C. Hawley, Randolph M. Jordan, Stuart M. Vaughan.

M. Sgt. Alexander G. Riquelme, Victory Division, has been appointed as a first lieutenant.

Second Lieutenants Hugh K. Black, Melvin

(Continued on Next Page)

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Army Promotions

(Continued from Preceding Page)

R. Downey, Henry C. Chessling, Walter S. Klebach, John Schamable, Jr., and Phillip Kantor, Supply Battalion, Eighth Armored Division, have been promoted to first lieutenant.

Seventeen officers in the Armored Force Replacement Training Center have been promoted. Advancements are:

To Major—Muir W. Kenney, Laurence D. McIntosh.

To Captain—Rayfield W. Baxter, Samuel Salzman.

To Second Lieutenant—Jamar W. Adcock, James L. Anderson, Carl Bena, James T. Bransfield, Milton R. Cundiff, Francis X. Driscoll, Victor O'Keefe, William G. McLaughlin, Victor O'Keefe, Isaac W. Thorn, III, John E. Warner, Louis J. Weigel and Gilbert A. Zimmerman.

Attend Field Artillery School

Thirty-three graduates of the Military Academy and twenty-two honor ROTC graduates arrived at Ft. Sill, Okla., last week to begin the annual three-month Basic Course of the Field Artillery School. One of the West Pointers is 2nd Lt. George R. Allin, Jr., son of Brig. Gen. G. R. Allin, retiring commandant of the School.

Members of the new class are:

From West Point—Lawrence Lahm, Lawrence Adams, Jr., George R. Allin, Jr., Dale E. Buchanan, Lee E. Cage, Joseph M. Cannon, Jr., Lawrence H. Caruthers, Edwin G. Clapp, Jr., John C. Cockrill, Jr., Edgar B. Colladay, Jr., John E. Craig, Willis D. Crittendonberger, Jr., Roy S. Geiger, Charles C. George.

William B. Hughes, Albert E. Hunter, James F. C. Hyde, Jr., Roy W. Johnson, Jr., John L. McKee, Jr., Hal C. McMaster, Chas. M. Mizell, Badcliffe S. Simpson, John D. Stitterson, Jr., Joel Beck Stephens, William D. Tutsch, Fred C. Tucker, James Edwin Wise, Frank Wharton Williams, Philip A. Wyman, Richard A. White, John P. Omans, Francis J. Roberts, and George R. Selp.

From Purdue—Jesse M. Shaver, Paul R. Wagner, Donald C. Wattan, Robert H. Brewster, James A. Bodkin, Gordon F. Kerkhoff, Walter H. Kraemer, Harold D. Myers, Alexander A. Ryblek, William Ardery Campbell, and Alphonso Axel Topp, Jr.

From Harvard—Joseph Mark Ambrose, John W. Hughes and James G. Hayes.

From Princeton—Edward Clark Rose.

From Cornell—James M. Cake, Jr.

From Virginia Military Institute—Lloyd Lorenzo Leech.

From Ohio State—Donald L. Harrison.

Meanwhile twenty-five graduates of Officer Candidate Class 18 at the Field Artillery School, Ft. Sill, Okla., have been assigned to duty at the School. They are:

Tactics—Clifford Q. Christensen, Barney Cohn, Pearson C. Cummin, Jr., James G. Blaine Ewing, Jr., Bill H. Fleetwood, Donald T. Fletcher, Harold W. Hale, Leland E. Lueck, William C. Mennel, John W. Morgan, George E. Olseth, Douglas R. Stowe, Arthur M. Young.

Officer Candidate School—James B. Cummings, Harold F. Friedah, Rupert E. Moore, Jr., Junius L. Plunkett, Leon T. Scarbrough, Gunnery—William D. Dalrymple, Franklin K. Galloway, Jr., Robert L. Kaiser, Thomas B. Sharkey, Artemas J. Shell, Clair J. Wagner, Communications—Morris H. Stols.

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Graduate MAC Course

The Fifth Officer Candidate Class, Medical Field Service School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., was graduated on 27 June, when Brig. Gen. Addison D. Davis, Assistant Surgeon General of the Army and school commandant, presented diplomas. Col. Albert S. Dabney, assistant commandant, also spoke, and the oath of office was administered by Maj. Thomas E. Hester, adjutant of the Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., and one of the senior MAC officers.

The 237 officers, whose names follow, represent 65 universities, and 20 per cent of them are college graduates:

Allen L. Allen	Patrick J. Flaherty
James Allen	Edward A. Fox
Aubrey Allman	William A. Franks
Hernan Alvarez	Joseph Fredlund
William L. Andrews	Donald A. Fusilli
Robert M. Argy	Zolta Fuzessery
Charles Arnold	Earl F. Garber
Elbert Ashbaugh	Donald W. Giffen
William D. Ashburn	Edward Gligan
Prentiss E. Ball	Arnold Goldberg
Thomas K. Ballard	Benjamin Goldman
George V. Basham	Robert Goodwin
Edwin E. Bauer	George Grabner
Stephen Beaudry	George Green
Willard Beckman	Charles Gregg
Raymond Berent	Paul E. Gregg
Daniel Bernstein	Paul P. Gushlin
Gilbert Bishop	Gean Haffey
Herbert P. Bonesteel	Walter H. Hafner
Sylvester Booker	Dwayne L. Hall
Jess S. Bowen	Raymond E. Hamlin
Arthur L. Brown	Frank J. Hanka
Charles T. Brown	Frederick R. Hanse
Clifford N. Brown	Daniel Harrington
Matthew A. Bruder	George Harrison
Arnold T. Brune	William Hayes
Stanley W. Bullis	Joseph M. Henry
Phillip W. Butters	Ray H. Hess
Jerome G. Byrnes	W. W. Himebright
John N. Calhoun	Willard G. Hitchings
Robert Cameron	Charles R. Hixon
Owen C. Campbell	Ralph W. Holzmitter
Jay E. Cannon	Edward W. Horne
Charles Carlyle	Elliot S. Howell
Barker C. Carrick	James V. Huffman
William Carroll	Max L. Hunt
John F. Cashen	Robert S. Hunt
Robert L. Chalmers	Alan M. Hurst
James M. Chapell	William Huxel
Francis Chappell	Leroy T. James
Isidor Charkatz	William W. Jennings
Nicholas G. Chliek	George Johannessen
Winton Christensen	Elmer G. Johnson
Frank W. Clark	Harry W. Johnson
Ben F. Cohen	George Johnson
John W. Johnson	John W. Johnson
Ross B. Johnson	William Jones
William Jones	Felix S. Kacprowski
Sidney Kamine	Bernard Kaye
John C. Kehoe	John C. Kehoe
Francis Kelly	James W. Kelly
Vernon H. Kemp	John B. Kerby
Paul F. Kerkhoff	Walter W. Knocke
Richard Kolb	Richard E. Kos
John F. Koval	Rubin Kurtz
Milton Kutlov	Jack B. Kynard
Thomas H. Lake	Ralph Lanterman
Thomas Laughlin, Jr.	Lawrence Lavanaway
James Leland	Oscar Lindgren
Jacob J. Lipschutz	

Joseph Litowitz
Louis Lukemeyer
Thomas G. McCurdy
Thomas McKinley
Victor Mabry
Frank Magee
Paul W. Majerus
Edward Manley
Stephen Markey
Howard N. Matthews
Herbert L. Mattag
Wilbur L. Mauzy
Donald Mayhall
Henry J. Meyer
R. L. Miller, Jr.
Robert G. Miller
Gerald F. Molloy
Robt. E. Montgomery
Charles C. Moore
Edmund J. Moore
Sylvester W. Moore
Andrew J. Morris
Thomas A. Moskey
Fred T. Mukensnoble
Joshua Nasaw
George L. Nielson
Thomas D. Nolan
John P. Noonan
Arnold A. Nored
William M. O'Brien
Daniel O'Connell
Edward L. O'Donnell
Bernard L. O'Dwyer
Charles L. Olson
Clarence P. Parker
Ira Parkman
James T. Plymell
James E. Poe
J. W. Polkinghorn
Russell W. Price
Irving D. Putterman
Clarence A. Reichel
B. M. Reinhardt
Benjamin F. Reskey
James A. Richardson
Beverly E. Rippey
Richard G. Roach

Lawrence B. Roberts
David W. Ross
Robert C. Rothhammer
Joseph Rutenberg
Curtis P. Rygg
Edmund G. Sarb
Bertram Schaeffer
John A. Schaeffer
Donald D. Schank
Gerald J. Schauf
Charles D. Schnoke
Ralph F. Schwab
Edgar L. Shor
Allen R. Simpson
Austen K. Slider
Charles E. Smith
Roger J. Snowdon
William H. Sory
Charles C. Spector
John Stadnik
Blake E. Stauffer
Edward E. Steck
Robert O. Stone
Morton Strauss
Julius L. Sylvia
Elwood E. Taylor
Carlos M. Teran
Jerry V. Thompson
Paul W. Tyvand
Anthony W. Urbine
H. M. Vasconcellos
Lee R. Vaughn
Henry W. Walker
David Weber
Albert A. Webster
Edwin M. Wehrman
George Weinberg
Winston L. Welsh
Gale A. Westerdoll
Edward Whitley
Joel C. Wilcox
Cyril R. Winking
Sidney Wolf
Roger V. Wolfe
H. R. Zeahringer
W. R. Zimmerman
Thomas R. Macmillan

School of Aviation Medicine

A course of instruction to qualify enlisted men as Flight Surgeon's Assistants began 22 June 1942 at The School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Tex., of which Col. Eugen C. Reinartz, MC, is commandant.

The course will continue for six weeks. A roster of the enlisted men enrolled follows:

Sergeants	Corporals
Norris T. Brooks	Carroll M. Potter
Joseph S. Frank	Frank S. Thomas
Harry W. O'Brien	Jack Tudor
Technicians Fourth Grade	Privates First Class
Casimir J. Eglerd	Max L. Good
Technicians Fifth Grade	
F. B. Blanck, Jr.	Clifton S. Pearson
LeRoy E. Dopp	William E. Sheets
Frank B. Kerr	T. W. Williams, Jr.
Richard Messina	
Privates	
Oscar Anderson	Marion J. Huppler
Jack C. Ashworth	Robert O. McCain
John R. Bates	Paul J. McHugh
John H. Clark	Robert A. Nlenaber
Henry E. Clifton	Henry F. Porter
Ferdinand F. Cota	Phillip J. Selbert
Charles L. Drapekin	Larkin H. Shulsen
Albert J. Gustafson	Francis P. Smith
G. H. Gustafson	Alvin J. Sparks
Irving G. Hansen	Wm. E. Strickland
Arthur O. Herman	Winifred W. Tobey
Charles F. Hoelzer	

LeRoy G. Bartel
Thomas A. Cawley
Wm. G. Christensen
Jack D. Cornutt
John J. Dempsey
L. A. Edmondson
Eugene A. Eskin
Richard J. Fay, Jr.
Oliver L. Girdwood
Timothy F. Griffin

Robert L. Hansen
Wayne A. Hardy
Robert C. Higgins
William E. Jones
Everett L. Knapp
Walter W. Kohutek
F. R. McCreary
Raymond E. Mullens
David B. Reynolds
Charlie C. Rider

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Ira B. Salada
Theodore G. Sawicki
Jack D. Snyder

John M. Wilson
Lester J. Yates
Harvey W. Lyter

Graduate Finance School

The following is a list of graduates of the Fourth Officer Candidate Class at the Army Finance School, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., who completed their three months' course on 30 June. Additionally, Frederick H. Dietz, Herbert B. Smith, Walter Troolin, Thomas W. Weiss, and Alson E. Williams were commissioned prior to completion of the course. This move was in recognition of their outstanding ability and experience.

David C. Bole, Jr., and Morris M. McNight, members of the class, were hospitalized and will be graduated with the Fifth Class.

Robert M. Johnson	Donald L. Rush
Ernest W. Steele	Eugene T. Forhan
H. G. Ledgerwood	Erbon W. Wise
B. A. Almvg, Jr.	Norman W. Houston
Robert S. Hancock	Howard L. Axelrad
F. W. Rollins, Jr.	James S. Peoples
Edwin D. Easton	Robert G. Jacob
E. C. Bagwell, Jr.	Louis Koretz
Arlin H. Greber	John A. Townley
Thomas C. McGuire	John H. Torsey
Edgar E. Jackson	Lewis G. Walsley
Norman Johnson	John L. Clancy
Leroy E. Purvis	

Army Nominations

The following Army nominations have been submitted to the Senate:

Transfer: To JAGD—Capt. Charles L. Decker, Inf.
Promotion: To Col.—Lt. Col. Frank J. Riley, QMC.

The following nominations have been confirmed:

Appointments in the Regular Army listed on page 1158 of 30 June issue of Army and Navy Journal.

Transfer: To QMC—Lt. Col. Norman F. Williams, 1st Lt. Austin A. Miller.
Promotion: To be Col.—Frank V. Schneider, Inf.

To be first lieutenants, Medical Corps:
Milton O. Beebe, Jr.
Felix C. Feamster
W. C. Hainsworth
Laurence M. Hurah
John J. Maloney
Edward K. Mills
John C. Benson, Jr.
Edward L. Seretan
William M. Webb
Robert H. Brooks
Francis W. Anderson
Morris E. Brackett
Robert J. Brennan

Funds for War Agencies

The House this week passed and sent to the President the first supplemental national defense appropriation bill for 1943, carrying \$1.8 billion for various war agencies.

Largest item is \$1,100,000,000 for the War Shipping Administration for construction and operation of merchant ships.

Other items carried in the bill are:

Smaller War Plants Corporation, \$150,000,000.
President's Emergency Fund, \$100,000,000.
Office of Price Administration, \$75,000,000.
Scientific Research and Development, \$75,000,000.
War Relocation Authority, \$70,000,000.
War Production Board, \$68,546,300.
Civilian Pilot Training, \$36,677,450.
Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, \$28,638,000.
Office of Censorship, \$26,500,000.
Economic Warfare, \$12,000,000.
Federal Bureau of Investigation, \$9,200,000.
Office of Civilian Defense, \$7,447,975.
Defense Transportation, \$7,216,515.
Flight strips, \$5,000,000.

Military Police Clubs

Here is the interesting story of the involvement of 20,000 military police clubs:

1. A lumber company in Hershey, Pa., had a surplus stock of wagon spokes on hand. 2. They contacted Quartermaster officials in the Quartermaster Section of the New Cumberland General Depot. 3. Decision was made to slice 20,000 spokes into the proper size, 14 inches long and 1½ inches thick. 4. These were sold to the Depot for \$0.06 each (usual price of a club is \$1.00 to \$1.50).

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U. S. COAST GUARD

An important meeting of Coast Guard officials took place in Washington this week when District chiefs of staff and merchant marine inspectors met to discuss general wartime policies. It was the first large meeting of merchant marine inspectors since they were placed under Coast Guard surveillance.

In addition to Coast Guard officers from Headquarters, the following District Chiefs of Staff attended the conference: Comdr. L. H. Baker, Boston; Comdr. F. J. Sexton, New York; Comdr. L. E. Wells, Phila.; Capt. R. L. Lucas, Norfolk; Comdr. N. G. Ricketts, Charleston; Lt. Comdr. William P. Wishar, Miami; Lt. Comdr. B. Jordan, St. Louis; Capt. L. V. Kielhorn, Chicago; Lt. Comdr. Charles W. Thomas, Los Angeles; Comdr. R. S. Patch, San Francisco; and Capt. G. W. MacLane, Seattle.

Merchant marine inspectors at the meetings were George Fried, New York; Lewis H. Shackelford, Phila.; Eugene Carlson, Norfolk; Rommie L. West, Charleston; Dwight W. McClellan, Miami; John F. Ottel, New Orleans; Earl B. Hull, Cleveland; Peter G. Pettersen, Chicago; Ross G. Willloh, St. Louis; Edward Stuart, San Pedro; William Fisher, San Francisco; and Daniel B. Hutchings, Seattle.

Disclosing that approximately 1,200 privately-owned small boats are now being utilized for submarine patrol, the Navy Department has announced that requirements have been relaxed in order to qualify additional small craft and their crews for this type of duty in the Temporary Reserve of the Coast Guard.

The Navy said that it hoped to acquire 1,000 more small boats capable of offshore navigation, and urged yachtmen, fishermen and other small boat owners to contact District Coast Guard Officers concerning their enrollment.

Boats found to be qualified will be

equipped with radio, armament and suitable anti-submarine devices as rapidly as possible, and when ready for sea will be under the direct command of the Eastern and Gulf Sea Frontier commanders.

Physical requirements are limited only to immediate ability of the men to serve, and pay of members of the Temporary Reserve, while on active duty, is the same as that of the regular Coast Guard. Temporary Reserve members are obligated for limited duty only.

Announcement of this program for additional expansion of the Temporary Reserve was followed by the revelation that three Lake Erie yachtsmen have volunteered for this duty, have completed the Power Squadron Navigator's course, and are now on active duty as chief boat-swain's mates. They left this week for two months' active service. These men are: Wade Rapprich, Berea, Ohio; Ray C. Marshall, Cleveland, Ohio, and Dr. Charles Taylor, Akron, Ohio.

Meanwhile two more yachtsmen from the Lake Erie district, Arnold J. Oliver, and Otto Schuele, jr., of Cleveland, were to leave for eastern anti-submarine patrol duty.

Discusses May Act

Invocation of the May Act in the Camp Forrest, Tenn., area has resulted in a request by the F. B. I. for 125 operatives to enforce the measure. Mr. Charles P. Taft, assistant director of the OEM in charge of health and welfare, told a Congressional committee during hearings on the 1943 Army appropriation bill.

"We are getting good law enforcements across this country with rare exceptions at practically all Army camps without invoking the May Act," he said, pointing out that exclusion of prostitutes was a "matter of local enforcement." He said the May Act is a threat to communities whose officials "do not do their job."

Industrial CAMOUFLAGE Manual

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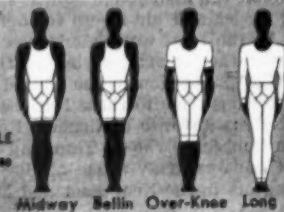


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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—Hand in hand with the development of military power which will crush our enemies, there is being discussed the terms designed to make the Post-War World a decent place in which to live. It is suggested that before we think of peace, we must win the war, but this would be to repeat the mistake of past eras in which victors, motivated by the spirit of vengeance, inflicted dire punishment upon the vanquished, to their own distress. In the light of this outstanding lesson of history, statesmen in and out of public service, are turning their minds to the measures to be adopted for our own as well as other peoples' benefit when the battle flags are furled. It is obvious that these measures, unless supported by public understanding and public sentiment will fail, as did the League of Nations, which was the panacea for the world's ills advocated by President Wilson at Versailles. Therefore, in our own and other countries, there must be general debate upon the numerous proposals advanced for the betterment of mankind, and a hardening of thought upon those of a practical character for the guidance of the men who at the peace table will determine the fate of humanity for the years to come.

To stimulate this debate, to develop sound proposals for the consideration of the peacemakers, are the objectives of the valuable book, *The Problems of Lasting Peace*, written by former President Herbert Hoover and former Ambassador Hugh Gibson, just issued from the press of Doubleday, Doran & Company, Inc., (\$2.00). The authors state in their introduction that there lie before us two great campaigns. The first is the military campaign to defeat the enemy; the second, and equally difficult undertaking, to win a lasting peace for the world. With truth they say that nations can blunder into war, but they cannot blunder into peace. Therefore, while recognizing that we must have lofty ideals and aims, they appreciate that they are but the starting point, and the task to be performed is to determine the powers, means and machinery by which peace is to be made to prevail. To effect this determination, many plans have been proposed, some of them Utopian, but there are fundamentals laid down by the authors, which comprehend, first, a satisfactory durable peace founded on victory, second, a peace which takes into account realistically the underlying dynamic forces that make for war and peace, third, the development of some form of international cooperation to preserve the peace once it is made, and, fourth, the concentration of American thought upon the problems of peace.

What Mr. Hoover and Mr. Gibson have written may be accepted as expression of convictions based upon experience in human and world relations. As a mining engineer in Australia, China and South Africa, as administrator of relief which secured the starving of World War I, as adviser to President Wilson in Paris, as Secretary of Commerce, and as President, Mr. Hoover gained at first hand outstanding knowledge of human needs and national aspirations. Mr. Gibson closed a diplomatic career of thirty years with the rank of ambassador, and during that period served with our delegation to the Versailles Conference, as delegate to the Washington and London Naval Conferences, as chairman of the American Delegation to the Geneva Naval Conference, and as chairman of the American Delegation to the Geneva Disarmament Conference in 1932-33. It follows that these two statesmen have given the country a scholarly and able analysis of the dynamic forces that make for peace and war, a necessarily brief resume of former great crises in the modern world, a description of the movement of these forces during the past 140 years before 1914, and a graphic outline of the causes of World War I. There follow also the play of the dynamic forces upon the Armistice and peace making of 1918-19, and upon the two decades following Versailles, the extent the will to peace prevailed during those decades, and the effectiveness with which peace organizations, in and out of the League, functioned. Finally, there are chapters devoted to the Foundations of Lasting Peace, which set forth arguments for and against various proposals, and suggestions for consideration which involve the division of peace making into three stages—first, immediate settlements of problems which will not brook delay, second, an intermediate period for rebuilding political life and economic recovery, and, third, a subsequent period for settlement of the long view problems, which require a cooling off of emotions, deliberation and careful development.

The Army and the Navy will be represented on our peace delegation, and the officers so serving will be concerned with the problem of demobilization and reduction of armaments. This problem is described as urgent. In spite of past sorry experience with disarmament, Messrs. Hoover and Gibson reveal that they continue to believe that it will be one of the cures for war. Because of the advance of air power and its peril to surface craft, they hold naval disarmament will become an easier dose for the Powers to swallow than land or air disarmament. Concerning air power, they claim that the sole possessor or possessors of it could stop any nation from going to war. Here we think they are in error. For history shows that defense overtakes offense and is in turn overtaken, and China is a striking modern day example of a people continuing to fight even though without planes and harried by an enemy fiercely employing them. However this may be, it is the opinion of the authors that victory will offer an unparalleled opportunity to disarm, and thereby reduce the cost and dangers of arms to the world to the lowest ebb for a whole century.

To sum up this thought-provoking book, it is unquestionably a great contribution to temperate consideration of the difficult and complex problems of the war and the peace to come. It is impartial, as shown by the pro and con arguments offered upon ideological aims, including those of President Roosevelt in his Atlantic Charter, Lend-Lease agreements and new instruments of the same character under negotiation. It presents a view of vital importance to the Services, which forecast the future from the experience of the past, but which realize that they are merely the instruments of policy, and not policy makers. The book falls into the "must" category of reading, because of the unquestionable influence it will exert upon public thought, the final judge of whether or not, in post-war times, there shall be armies and navies and air forces for defense.

In the total war that is now prevailing, it is necessary for the United Nations to take the long-range view of the situation and the prospects of victory once the peak of production in the United States is achieved. However, no one can question the serious blow to these Nations caused by German capture of Sebastopol and the victorious advance of General Rommel upon Alexandria and the Suez Canal. Winston Churchill, who on Thursday again received a vote of confidence from the House of Commons, truly spoke of the Egyptian battle as "a recession of our hopes and prospects in the Near East and Mediterranean unequalled since the fall of France."

Stalin, grimly silent, is merely permitting the issuance of communiques showing that the Russians are continuing their desperate defense of the city of Sebastopol, but, obviously, the Germans are justified in claiming an outstanding victory. In any event, the Soviet Black Sea Fleet has been deprived of an adequate base, and this likewise is true of the British Mediterranean Fleet. After a time, probably German troops can be ferried across the Black Sea to Batoum, the port of the Caucasian oil fields, thereby making easier the conquest of that region. Turkey will be on a spot, menaced by these troops and by the German and Bulgarian forces concentrated on the Bulgarian frontier. It will be impossible for the British Fleet to remain in the Mediterranean, and its retirement to the Red Sea already has been reported by Berlin. Thus the Middle Sea is fast becoming the Mare Nostrum Mussolini demanded. More than this, the Axis will control all of Europe, except unconquerable Russia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Spain and Portugal, and North Africa, and with such control will go the vast resources of this great region. It is certain the Russians will renew their efforts to regain Sebastopol, and it is likewise certain that the Allied Armies will fight defensively and when reinforced will move forward against Rommel. Mr. Churchill spoke of the superiority in man power, planes, tanks and artillery which the Allied Army enjoyed, but said that through bungling and mismanagement, that is to say bad leadership, that Army has lost upwards of 50,000 men, a great mass of materials, and large quantities of stores. He disclosed there had been sent to the Near East from the British Isles, the British Empire, "and to a lesser extent from the United States," more than 950,000 men, 4,500 tanks, nearly 5,000 pieces of artillery, 50,000 machine guns, and more than 100,000 mechanical vehicles. He also revealed that the American Air Force had been in action for some days in Egypt and Libya, and besides planes we had behind the British line ground, air and supply units. He asserted that the balance of naval power in the Pacific had been altered in our favor "by the brilliant victory of the United States Navy and Air Force over the Japanese in the Coral Sea and at Midway." As a result, he declared Australia safe from invasion.

Ship losses in the Western Atlantic since Pearl Harbor total 331. By the commission of small craft acquired from yacht and motor boat owners and by convey, the Navy Department continues to insist that these losses will be reduced.

Service to the Nation—Debate on the forty-three billion dollar appropriation bill for the War Department during the fiscal year 1943 brought forth highly laudatory comments by Congressional and Army leaders on the part Representative D. Lane Powers, Republican, of New Jersey, has played in modernization of the Army.

Representative Powers is ranking Minority Member of the War Department Appropriations Sub-Committee, on which he has served for the past ten years. A former Army officer during World War I, he is rated as a leading civilian expert on Army requirements.

Representatives John Cochran, Democrat, of Missouri; John Taber, Republican, of New York, and Ross Collins, Democrat, of Mississippi, interlarded their remarks on the new appropriation, the largest ever passed by any legislative body in the world, with praise for Mr. Powers' work on the Committee. Representative Cochran also read into the Congressional Record a statement made during hearings on the bill by Lt. Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, Chief of the Services of Supply, who said of Mr. Powers:

"I want to say on the part of the War Department how much your (Mr. Powers) support during these years that I have appeared before you has helped in the tremendous task we face. We always know that we can count on you for wholehearted and vigorous support of any measure which will help win the war."

Representative Powers pioneered for a mechanized Army back in 1933 and 1934 when Hitler's then small Reichswehr was also concentrating on mobility and fire power. It was due to the New Jerseyman's efforts that over nine million dollars were laid aside in 1939 for research and development of faster and better protected fighting planes. The present types of planes are results of this research. Mr. Powers' efforts to obtain appropriations to make the research possible were recognized publicly in 1940 at Fort Dix in a statement made to the press by Lt. Gen. H. H. Arnold, Chief of the Army Air Force.

Although the appropriation for research in 1939 was hotly contested on the floor of the House, with Mr. Powers' proposal winning the majority of the votes, the War Department Appropriations Bill for the fiscal year 1943 carries in it an item of one hundred and thirteen millions of dollars for research and development. This measure passed the House unanimously, showing that his colleagues now approve Mr. Powers' proposals for investigation which would lead to constant improvement of the implements of modern warfare.

Development of faster and more heavily armored tanks, of greater fire-power for Infantrymen through adoption of the Garand rifle, and of streamlined triangularization of the Army divisions, were Army modernization proposals either originated by Mr. Powers or in which he participated. He is known to many of his colleagues in the House of Representatives as "the Sponsor of our Modern Army."

So valuable are Mr. Powers' knowledge and activities in connection with National Defense that his continuance in Congress is the earnest desire of all those concerned with it, irrespective of politics.

Medical Department—Reports that there had been cases of yellow fever among Army troops were adjudged false this week when the War Department disclosed that the Surgeon General had reported that there have been numbers of admissions to hospital on account of jaundice. "This is definitely not yellow fever," the War Department announcement said, "and is not dangerous to the general public." Considerable study is being given to the disease by some of the outstanding medical scientists, it was said.

The Surgeon General significantly reported that the health of the Army is excellent. The report pointed out that: 1) admissions and deaths in the past two years have remained as low as in the small Regular Army of previous years; 2) a reduction of 52 per cent for all diseases and 70 per cent for respiratory infections as compared to last winter; 3) since winter admissions rates have shown a steady decline of nearly 25 per cent; 4) steady decline in venereal disease rates—as much as 30 per cent in the case of gonorrhea; 5) syphilis rate for the first five months of 1942 is lowest in Army history.

In a summation of the Surgeon General's report, the War Department said: "Death rates for all causes remain very low. Health conditions in the Army outside the United States continue favorable. There have been no serious epidemics, and only slight rises in admissions due to diseases peculiar to some of the new areas where our troops have become established."

Twenty thousand doctors—more than 100 a day—are required to meet expanding needs of the Army by 1 Jan., 1943, the War Department announced this week.

Inquiry has revealed that of this number approximately 1500 will be commissioned in the immediate future following completion of their one-year internships this month. Of this number, most are Reserve officers commissioned at their graduation, while some are interns commissioned in the Army of the United States.

Brig. Gen. Wallace De Witt, USA-Ret., until recently commanding officer of the Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., has returned to active duty and has been assigned to the San Francisco Port of Embarkation. He is serving now in his permanent rank of colonel.

Ages of General Officers—War Department emphasis on youth was clearly accentuated last week in the temporary promotion of nine brigadier generals to the grade of major general and the simultaneous promotion of 44 colonels and one lieutenant colonel to the grade of brigadier general.

Analysis of the nine brigadier generals' ages shows that the youngest is 47, the oldest 54 and that the average is 51-1/9 years.

In the group promoted to brigadier general, the youngest officer is 42, the oldest is 62, and the average is 48-17/45 years.

Army Air Forces—Two new training gliders have been accepted for production by the AAF, it was stated by the War Department. These gliders, the XTG-3 (Schweizer) and the XTG-4 (Laister-Kauffman), are designed to meet the special requirements of the expanding glider pilot training program and, therefore, will be used in the advanced training schools. Both are two-place tandem gliders. The wings, fixed and moveable control surface, are of wood construction, fabric covered. The fuselages are of welded steel tube construction, and also are fabric covered.

That Saturday—13 June 1942—was the proudest day in the life time of 1st Sgt. Drew McIntosh, USA-Ret., and Mrs. McIntosh. At the request of Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Henry, commandant of the AAF School, Ft. Knox, Ky., the father stepped to the reviewing platform of the Officer Candidate School and helped pin gold bars on the shoulders of his son, 2nd Lt. Drew McIntosh, who was being graduated that day. . . . Three years ago the youngster had volunteered in the AAF, and his enlisting before the national emergency arose gave his father an added pleasure. The father had spent practically all his mature years in the service, and the boy was born at Ft. Knox hospital, not far from the spot where he became an officer. Sergeant McIntosh was forced to retire on 31 May 1942 because of physical disability after more than 28 years in the service of his country, which included field work in the Southwest, periods spent in England, France and Belgium during World War I, and as an aide to Brig. Gen. George H. Harries on the Allied Mission to Berlin. He declared these exercises were the happiest moments of his life.

Behind the scenes, Uncle Sam is thought to be developing quite a fleet of planes in the Far East. Lt. Gen. George H. Brett, AF, deputy commander in the Southern Pacific under Gen. Douglas MacArthur, has been insistent upon this move being made as quickly as possible, and he has been busy placing experienced men in charge of the bomber, fighting, maintenance and troop carrier divisions. The China area will be under direct supervision of Maj. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton, commander-in-chief of the United States Air Forces in the Southern Pacific.

The bomber squadrons will be under command of Col. Caleb V. Haynes, AF, who holds the DFC and many other decorations and who, in 25 years of hazardous flying, never has crashed. As leader of our bombing command, he will have the respect and admiration of his men, plus the personal leadership that means everything in aviation.

Accompanying the bombers will be groups of fighters, and these will come under the tutelage of Col. Robert Scott, whose appointment has been announced by General Brereton. Colonel Scott is a West Pointer, 34 years old, and served 10 weeks in the Burma campaign. He was one of the Army fliers who flew the American mail in the tough winter of 1934, and later he commanded the 78th Pursuit Squadron in Panama and moved from there to Southern California as supervisor of the Air Corps schools in that region. He has flown all around the earth and recently was in command of the air squadrons on the Assam-Burma-China air relay. His place as leader of that ferrying command has been taken by Lt. Col. Julian Joplin, USA.

Then, Brig. Gen. Claire Chennault, commander of the American Volunteer Group, will continue thus for the time being, since only a few of his flyers will join the others in exercises in China today. Lt. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, American chief of staff under Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, said that "No orders have been issued or contemplated which will in any way reduce Brigadier General Chennault's responsibilities or control of continued effective air operations against the Japanese in the China theater."

On 30 June 1942, the AFF moved 2,000 flying cadets into the Ambassador Hotel, at Atlantic City, N. J.; also it planned to take over the Hotel Traymore in a few days; and it is likely that its force of trainees, instructors and troops will be occupying the whole 14 hotels along the famous Boardwalk within the next month. Seven hundred guests at the Ambassador were given notice of one day to move. The Army brought its own sleeping cots and kitchen equipment. It will assume charge of the city's airport as well as the Atlantic City Convention Hall. The trainees will be given courses lasting two months in elementary ground and air work, and then moved elsewhere for additional schooling. The United States Coast Guard's radio school is being held there also and its attendance may be increased from 400 to 1000 students before long.

Brig. Gen. James H. Doolittle, AAF, was presented with the Daniel Guggenheim Medal for notable achievement in the advance of aeronautics on 30 June 1942 by Dr. J. C. Hunsaker, Chairman of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. It was distinctly understood that this award had no connection with his raid over Japan, but was given "for outstanding developments of the art and science of aeronautics."

Armored Force—The appointment of Col. L. LeR. Martin, USA, as director of the Armored Force School tactics department, at Ft. Knox, Ky., brings to that school a genial West Pointer who has been graduated from five service schools. He succeeds Col. Edward S. Johnston, USA, who is now with the Navy Department and with whom Colonel Martin worked closely in becoming acquainted with the department and the school.

Colonel Martin comes from the command of the 35th Armored Regiment at Pine Camp, N. Y. He was graduated from West Point in 1917, commissioned in the Cavalry, and saw service in France with the Tank Corps. Back in the United States, he was detailed to the Signal Corps, and then again served in the Cavalry until February, 1941, when he was called to the Armored Forces. He has seen service in San Antonio, Tex., San Francisco, was twice on the Mexican border, then at the Cavalry School, Ft. Riley, Kans., later with a regiment, followed by service at West Point, then at Ft. Leavenworth, and later at the War Department in Washington. He is a graduate of the Army Signal School, the Cavalry, Command and General Staff Schools, the Army Industrial College and the Army War College.

Army Appointments—With confirmation by the Senate on Monday, 29 June, of 124 Reserve, National Guard and Army of the United States officers for appointment in the Regular Army promotion list branches, and confirmation at the same time of a number of officers for appointment in the Regular Medical Corps, the War Department today began to issue commissions to this group, to date from 1 July. Names of those confirmed were printed on page 1158 of the 20 June issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

Coincidentally, the department announced a policy which will be of great importance to this group and to other persons awaiting commissions in the Regular Army. The Army's order provides that officers holding a higher rank in the Army of the United States than second lieutenant (first lieutenant in the Medical Corps)—and most of those appointed do hold higher ranks—will be commissioned in the Army of the United States in the same rank. That is to say, if a captain in the Army of the United States is commissioned a second lieutenant in the Regular Army, his permanent commission, of course, will be that of second lieutenant, but he will also be commissioned immediately as a captain in the Army of the United States. Thus no person will lose rank as a result of accepting a regular commission.

The commissioning of this group completes the list of appointments made as a result of the examinations held last July. The next group to be commissioned in the promotion list branches of the Regular Army will be taken from those who applied successfully under Circular 80, the new method of appointing. A final selection board will convene in the War Department about the first of August to process these appointments. Following these appointments, commissions will be tendered, about 15 August, to 52 honor graduates of the R.O.T.C.

Army Warrant Officers—The bulk of the temporary appointments as warrant officer (junior grade) of men who took the examinations on 3-4 March have now been made by the War Department, and only a few additional appointments are being made from week to week. A board is now studying the question of permanent appointments and expects to reach a decision on these appointments within the next few weeks. It is expected to make about 600 permanent appointments as a result of the March tests. Most of these appointments will be of officers of the Army of the United States, since present policy prescribes that permanent appointments shall be tendered to those who passed the examination in order of (1) rank, (2) length of service, and (3) age.

The Adjutant General's Office reiterates that it cannot and will not furnish information on success or failure in the March examinations to any person, either directly or through mediums such as service publications. All facilities of the department are concentrated upon the assignment of those who have been appointed; others must await their turn to be notified.

At long last, a distinctive insignia for chief warrant officers seems almost ready for issuance. Samples of a tentatively approved insignia have been made up and final approval is now up to the Quartermaster General and the Adjutant General.

As stated last week, a bill to provide a \$150 uniform allowance for warrant officers has been introduced in the House by the Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee himself. The bill would make the allowance retroactive to 28 Sept. 1941, placing warrants on the same basis in regard to uniforms as commissioned officers. However, action on the bill in the near future is extremely doubtful. Congressional committees have virtually suspended operations for the summer; they will concentrate on passage of legislation already reported to the House and Senate calendars.

Signal Corps—Describing to a House subcommittee the success of a radio intelligence center opened in the Western Defense Command, under Lt. Gen. John L. De Witt, on 1 March, Chairman James L. Fly of the Federal Communications Commission revealed that similar centers are being established at San Leandro, Honolulu, and at "an unspecified point on the East Coast."

Chairman Fly explained the operation of the center was to coordinate and correlate the various procedures relating to enemy, clandestine, and other illegal radio operations, and to intercept enemy communications, locate unlicensed stations, and assist in the exchange of information among the armed forces, the F. C. C., and other war agencies.

He told the committee considering the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation for 1943: "These F. C. C. radio-intelligence centers operate on a continuous 24-hour-a-day basis. The Army and Navy maintain continuous liaison watch—that is, an Army man and Navy man are on watch continuously and instantly transmit all relevant information to their respective services."

Maj. Gen. Dawson Olmstead, Chief Signal Officer, utilized an appearance on the Robert L. Ripley Believe-It-Or-Not Program over the Blue Network last Saturday to further an appeal for Signal Corps personnel.

During the program which honored the 82nd anniversary of the Signal Corps, General Olmstead said: "Both soldiers and civilians—women, too—are urgently needed to carry out the vital responsibilities of the Signal Corps." He added that "requirements are immediate for men and women of high intelligence for training in radio engineering, electronics and physics. However, those of you who are interested in communication in any of its many phases, should offer your services at once." He urged that they write to the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, Washington, D. C. "Do it now," General Olmstead stated, "we need you."

The Midwestern Signal Corps School, Camp Crowder, Mo., opened on 1 July, under the command of Maj. Gen. Walter E. Prosser, assisted by Lt. Col. Edward A. Allen, executive officer. Lt. Col. Paul Neal, assistant commandant, is directly in charge of the faculty and general supervision of the school.

The school, with a capacity of several thousand trained specialists, will probably be the largest of its kind when completed. Its courses are designed to meet requirements of the Army-trained Signal Corps specialists, and it is probable that selected



men of the Marine Corps and Navy may be sent to the school for advanced training. Col. Edgar L. Clewell, commanding officer of the Replacement Training Center at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., and Maj. Jerome J. Solomon, post exchange officer, were elevated at the construction feat recently performed at the Signal Corps center when a complete Post Exchange was erected and made ready for business 24 hours after work was begun.

The Signal Corps this week appealed for cameras and lenses for 35 mm. motion picture cameras. In inviting civilians to sell any of this equipment which they have, the Signal Corps said that owners are requested to send a full description of their equipment to the Purchase Board, Signal Corps Photographic Center, 35-11 35th Avenue, Long Island City, N. Y. Equipment should be described in detail, and the owner should give the age, condition and price expected.

Cameras required are the Mitchell, Standard NC or BNC models; Bell and Howell standard rack-over type; Bell and Howell Eyemo Spider Turret, motor driven, adapted for magazines; and Bell and Howell Eyemo cameras with compact turret type adapted for magazine motors. Matte boxes, magazines, and accessories for these cameras are desired wherever available.

Lenses required are the 25 mm., 35 mm., 40 mm., 50 mm., 75 mm., 105 mm., 153 mm., 200 mm., 300 mm., suitable for use on the Mitchell or the Bell and Howell Eyemo professional 35 mm. motion picture cameras. Among the lenses needed for the Eyemo are the Cook Clinic F/2.3 and F/2.8 and the Taylor-Hobson Cook F/2 and F/2.5.

Lenses required for use on the Mitchell and Bell and Howell cameras are the Carl Zeiss Tessar F/2.7, Zeiss Biotar F/1.4 or F/2 and Sonar F/1.5 or F/2; Taylor Hobson Cook Speed Panchro F/2.5 or F/3.5; and Telephoto F/2.5, F/3.5; and Astro Pan Tachar F/1.8 or F/2.3 and Steinheil F/2.5 or F/2.8.

Chaplains—Ch. Hartley H. Stockham, formerly at Camp Lee, Va., has reported for duty in the Office, Chief of Chaplains, and has been assigned to the Personnel Section.

Dental Corps—The following officers were ordered to the Army Dental School, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., to receive instruction in a plastic surgery course scheduled to begin on or about 1 July: Maj. Benjamin B. Kamrin, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; Capt. Werner G. Sittler, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.; Capt. Lowell E. McKelvey, Army War College, D. C.; 1st Lt. Jacob H. Bang, Ft. Ord, Calif.; and 1st Lt. Hubert H. Nail, Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Army Nurse Corps—Five of the eight Army nurses who served at Bataan and Corregidor and who have returned to the United States were honored at ceremonies this week at the National Red Cross Headquarters in Washington. The nurses who received an organization citation were 1st Lt. Florence MacDonald, 1st Lt. Mary G. Lohr, and 2nd Lts. Quanita Redmond, Dorothea Daley, Gwendolyn H. Lee, and Eunice Hatchett.

These nurses are now on temporary duty at the Walter Reed General Hospital in Washington, but will undoubtedly be given leaves of absence in order to visit their homes and families. On arrival in America, they were sent to the Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., and it is of them that the *Fog Horn*, Letterman newspaper says:

"During their stay here they demonstrated the high qualities which fitted them for Bataan by the gracious manner in which they met with and talked to mothers, wives, sisters and other relatives of the men who remained when Bataan and Corregidor fell into the hands of the enemy. Talking with sorrowing mothers and wives day after day demanded stamina and courage—moral qualities always found in fighters—and the Angels of Bataan had plenty of both."

Capt. Nola G. Forrest and 1st Lt. Edna M. Treager, Office of the Surgeon General and Walter Reed General Hospital, respectively, have been detached from their permanent stations for duty with the War Show. They will assist in the Nurse Corps exhibit at the show and in the recruiting of additional Reserve nurses.

Marine Corps—Though a 24-hour watch was kept of all portions of the sea through which they passed, the first major expeditionary force of United States Marines recently landed safely at a South Pacific "jumping off place." Few details have been given out by headquarters in Washington, D. C., although the fact of the safe landing without loss of a single member of the big party has been announced. It was more or less of a humdrum journey. The implications are that this force of Marines is the spearhead of a larger contingent, which is being made ready for an eventual offensive against Japan to reconquer the Dutch East Indies, Philippines and other Far Eastern territories recently overrun by the enemy.

Brig. Gen. Robert L. Denig, USMC, Director of Public Relations at Marine Headquarters, accompanied by 1st Lt. Arthur Engel, USMCR, attended the convention in St. Louis of the International Association of Display Men. General Denig took part in the discussions in the portions relative to the work of the Marine Corps.

Maj. George T. van der Hoef, USMCR, assistant to General Denig, was in Quebec recently in attendance at the annual convention of the National Editorial Association, to which he talked of efforts being made by the Marine Corps to keep small towns informed, through their papers, of the activities of their citizens who are in the Corps.

Field Artillery—Recent officer changes at the Field Artillery Center, Ft. Sill, Okla., have placed Col. John A. Hoag as director of the Officers' School, Basic, of the Replacement Training Center; and Lt. Col. Francis W. Farrell as Director of the Department of Gunnery at the FAS.

Colonel Farrell succeeds Col. George V. Keyser, who is temporarily acting as an Assistant to the Commandant of the School.

Col. Robert O. Montgomery, director of the Field Artillery Replacement Center School, Ft. Bragg, N. C., has been assigned to other duties, and has been succeeded by Col. Walter E. Jenkins.

Meanwhile, 224 officers and officer-aspirants last Saturday completed courses of instruction at the Ft. Bragg school. The former took a one-month "refresher" course, while the latter group also took a one-month course in preparation for possible selection to the Officer Candidate School at Ft. Sill.

Bureau of Aeronautics—Before a mass meeting of the officers, management and employees of the Vought-Sikorsky Aircraft Division of the United Aircraft Corpora-

tion at Stratford, Conn., on 29 June 1942, there was a demonstration flight of the first production model of the new Vought-Sikorsky F4U-1, Navy fighter plane. Speakers included Capt. Ralph E. Davison, USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, and Lt. Noel A. M. Gayler, USN, who was attached to the aircraft carrier USS Lexington and saw action in the Battle of Coral Sea. This demonstration flight was held at 5:30 p. m. so that employees might attend without missing any of their working day.

Capt. A. W. Radford, USN, Director of Training in the Bureau of Aeronautics, has gratefully acknowledged receipt of 40 model aircraft built by the students at the West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and Blind, at Romney, W. Va. His message read: "These models were outstanding examples of good workmanship. . . . This bureau much appreciates the patriotic spirit shown in constructing these models for use by student flyers. Your models and the many thousands of others received from schools throughout the country are serving a very important purpose in the aviation training program."

Ordnance Department—One day after his retirement from active service as Chief of the Inspection Division, Industrial Service, Office Chief of Ordnance, Brig. Gen. Richard H. Somers, assumed duties on 28 June as executive secretary of the Army Ordnance Association and editor of "Army Ordnance," the Association's bi-monthly publication.

He succeeds in this position Lt. Col. L. A. Codd, now on active duty in the Office Chief of Ordnance.

Transportation—Praise for the efficiency of the railroads in meeting wartime needs is contained in a letter from Brig. Gen. C. P. Gross, Chief of Transportation Service, addressed to Mr. J. J. Pelley, president of the Association of American Railroads, made public this week. General Gross wrote: "Years of increased efficiency in the operation of the railroads, coupled with the patriotic desire to render a National service, have enabled the railroads to meet this situation most satisfactorily."

Adjutant General's Department—In order to insure a uniform policy at all Army installations in the handling of old records, the War Department has appointed Col. Thomas M. Spaulding, AGD, as Director of Records, it was announced yesterday.

Under the supervision of The Adjutant General, the new agency will have charge of the microfilming of vital records and formulating plans for the conversion into waste paper of unnecessary records. The microfilming plant at Alexandria, Va., previously operated by the Chief of Engineers and several smaller plants have been transferred to Colonel Spaulding's control. The plant at Alexandria, whose capacity is now 260,000 pictures a day, will be expanded so that 400,000 pictures may be taken daily. Eventual plans call for this plant to have a capacity of 1,200,000 microfilming daily.

The War Department has published new regulations describing the duties of The Adjutant General, which supersede AR 15-5, 10 Oct., 1939, including section II, Circular No. 127, 1942. These regulations discuss also the designation and duties of adjutants general.

Parachute Troops—Quartermaster Corps purchase of 25,000 four and one-quarter-inch long knives to be issued to parachute troops will insure that these sky-riders will have no trouble extricating themselves from their parachutes in case of entanglement upon landing.

The knife, which is almost one inch wide, is made of bone stag material, and has a heavy steel blade approximately three inches long. A button is used to open and close the knife, while an added safety measure is the lock near the button which prevents the knife from opening accidentally.

Corps of Engineers—Forestry engineer units which will be trained as combat troops to operate in the field, performing such tasks as the procurement of lumber for military operations, are being organized at Ft. Lewis, Wash., and the A. P. Hill Military Reservation, Va., the War Department disclosed late last week. Officers have been selected from rosters of qualified foresters, loggers and sawmill men, while the enlisted men will be qualified woodsmen and sawmill men.

One of the best stories yet released on the rubber situation came from the War Department which describes a method developed by the Corps of Engineers in which rubber is used to save rubber. Here's the story:

The standard Armored Force bridge unit, sufficiently buoyant to carry the tanks of the Armored Divisions, consists of 1,080 feet of steel treadway mounted on 72 pontoons. An additional 20 pontoons are required as "spares." To transport an aluminum unit, with necessary treadway, requires 72 trucks with semi-trailers. Rubber required for these trucks amounts to 95,000 pounds.

Now then, rubberized fabric pontoons for the same bridge unit can be deflated and packed together with the treadway into 36 trucks and the amount of rubber used in the pontoons, added to that required for truck tires, amounts to only 65,000 pounds—a saving of 30,000 pounds of crude rubber for each unit. Synthetic products designed to replace rubber in the construction of the floats will effect further saving of precious rubber, the War Department says.

A combination trestle and pontoon bridge forming a new highway link between the District of Columbia and Virginia, constructed by the Corps of Engineers, was formally opened on 1 July.

Three other District of Columbia highway river crossings are to be constructed by the Corps of Engineers, presumably as a wartime safeguard to the Capital's transportation requirements.

The completed bridge, known as the 14th Street Bridge, comprises 2031 feet of trestles and ramps, 640 feet of pontoons, 709 feet of approach roads, and a fixed steel span providing an opening 50 feet wide and 21 feet high on the Virginia side, to permit passage of boats. The bridge utilizes two 55-foot spans in crossing the Memorial Parkway in Virginia.

Plans for the bridge, which requires 30 pontoons each 12 feet wide and 65 feet long, were drawn in the offices of the District Engineer, Baltimore, Md. The bridge carries a two-lane road and is capable of handling a 15-ton truck, and even a 30-ton truck at slow speed. Flooring is of wood treated with asphalt and there is a 23-foot span from center to center between the pontoons.

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Quartermaster Corps—A three-day conference of commandants from the Nine Corps Areas Bakers and Cooks Schools was held last week at the Subsistence Research Laboratory of the Chicago Quartermaster Depot. The introductory speech at the conference was delivered by Brig. Gen. Joseph E. Barzynski, commanding general of the Chicago Quartermaster Depot.

Commandants present at the meetings were Maj. Charles L. Gorman, Lt. Col. Talmage Phillips, Maj. Arlyn B. French, Lt. Col. John M. Rooks, Maj. Frank E. Noyes, Lt. Col. James L. McKinnon, Maj. E. D. Brown, Lt. Col. Wayne M. Pickels, and Lt. Col. Elmer K. Pettibone.

Lt. Col. Charles F. Kearney presided over the conference, which was designed to acquaint the commandants with the latest developments in baking and cooking training procedures and methods. Col. Rohland A. Isker, officer in charge of the Subsistence Research Laboratory, spoke on Emergency Rations. Others who participated in the conference were: Maj. Jesse H. White, Maj. Charles G. Herman, Maj. Ronald I. Harry, Lt. Col. J. J. Powers, and M. Sgt. Horace Schwerlin.

Miss Marion E. Gray, for several years head of the Department of Foods and Nutrition, National Park College, Forest Glen, Md., and more recently an instructor in nutrition for the American Red Cross Adult Education Program in the District of Columbia has been engaged by the Army Quartermaster Corps as an associate home economist. She will work with Miss Mary Barber, food consultant to the War Department.

Under Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson was an important visitor to Camp Lee, Va., last Friday, when he inspected the expansive Quartermaster Corps facilities there. In a summation of his inspection, Judge Patterson said: "If the mad dogs of Europe and Asia would glimpse at what is going on right here at Camp Lee, they would know for certain that their doom is sealed."

Judge Patterson was escorted by Maj. Gen. James E. Edmonds, Camp Lee commander, and Brig. Gen. Guy I. Rowe, commander of the Quartermaster Replacement Training Center. He was honored by a parade review of more than 1300 troops of the 8th, 9th, and 10th Regiments, including the 9th Regiment Band.

Included in the group which accompanied Judge Patterson were Brig. Gen. H. D. F. Munnikhuysen, Col. A. Robert Ginsburgh, Col. Paul P. Logan, Col. W. R. McReynolds, Lt. Col. Benjamin Jacobowitz, Mr. J. P. Cargan, special assistant to Mr. Patterson, and Mr. Edward Fox, of the Quartermaster Review.

Capt. R. B. Hamilton, QMC, in charge of paper procurement at the Jersey City, N. J., Quartermaster Depot states that the Army is using about 250,000 tons of paper and paper products per year. "This figure will be increased with subsequent Army expansion," he said, pointing out that the newspapers are probably the only group buying more paper than the Army.

Maj. James L. Salisbury has been assigned Administrative Officer at the Chicago Quartermaster Depot. He was a member of General John J. Pershing's Headquarters and sailed on the historic SS Baltic for overseas duty in the vanguard of the American Expeditionary Forces.

Summer Service Coat

Reminder that the summer service coat for officers and warrant officers is for optional wear and that commanding officers may not prescribe its wear during periods of the year when troops are wearing cotton uniforms is contained in a War Department circular promulgated under date of 26 June.

Typical Private Promoted

Pvt. Charles E. Teed, Ft. Bragg, N. C., portrayed by *Life* magazine in a recent issue as a "typical private" has moved on to better things—he's Corporal Teed now.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and the Navy Journal.

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AerVold all-metal, vacuum insulated food, soup and coffee carriers for Army and Navy long-distance hot food servicing. Easy handling. SANITATION. Dependable efficiency. Built-in ability to withstand rough usage. Long service at LOW COST. Write for specifications.



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New Army Mess Tray

A new mess tray of chrome plated sheet steel, from which soldiers served on the cafeteria plan may eat without use of china other than a cup for coffee or

a bowl for soup, has been designed by the Quartermaster Corps. It is expected that use of the new material will save more than a million pounds of stainless steel in this year's procurements of the new type tray. The tray has six compartments.

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New West Point Training Program

As the first class of cadet plebes to enter the U. S. Military Academy since the outbreak of war, the Class of 1946 will this summer undergo a unique training program during which they will receive the same training that a selectee receives at one of the Army's replacement training centers. The plan, as developed by Maj. Gen. Francis B. Wilby, Academy superintendent, and Col. Philip E. Gallagher, commandant of cadets and author of the mobilization training program now in effect at all Infantry replacement training centers, calls for emphasized instruction in rifle marksmanship training, chemical warfare, bayonet and grenade drills and defense against air and mechanized attacks.

There will also be tactical and physical training instruction, marches, and bivouacs under simulated war conditions. In the past, the months of July and August were given over to instruction in military courtesy and discipline, fundamental marching drills and minor tactics. The first echelon of the class, approximately 600, will participate in maneuvers at Pine Camp, N. Y., from 15 Aug. to 22 Aug., while the second echelon of the class, largest in West Point history, will hold maneuvers at the Academy.

Meanwhile, the first group of plebes who took the oath on 2 July, will attend the first chapel service tomorrow, 5 July, when Chaplain John W. Walthour presides. The service will be broadcast over WOR of the Mutual Network from 10:30 to 11:00 A. M.

Transportation Assignment

The Army's freight consolidation station at Chicago, Ill., which controls rail shipments insuring maximum use of facilities, has been placed under command of Lt. Col. J. J. Maddigan, transportation officer at the Chicago, Ill., Quartermaster Depot.

Graduate JAGD School

Sixty-three officers of the Judge Advocate General's Department, many of whom were judges and lawyers with lucrative civilian practices, were graduated yesterday from the third class of The Judge Advocate General's School, Washington, D. C.

Under the supervision of Col. Edward H. Young, assisted by Lt. Col. Herbert M. Kidner and Maj. Clark Y. Gunderson, the seven-week course at the school is designed to give these officers a thorough knowledge of Military Law and the procedure of Courts Martial.

Highlight of the graduation exercises was a dinner last night at the Cosmos Club at which the honor guest and principal speaker was Maj. Gen. Myron C. Cramer, The Judge Advocate General. Others who spoke were Brig. Gen. Edwin C. McNeill and Colonel Young, while Lt. Col. Lester J. Abele, ranking officer of the class, acted as toastmaster.

Guests at the dinner included: Maj. Gen. Myron C. Cramer, Brig. Gen. Edwin C. McNeill, Col. Edward H. Young, Lt. Col. H. M. Kidner, Maj. Clark Y. Gunderson, Col. Archibald King, Col. Ernest M. Brannon, Col. L. M. Smith, Col. J. V. Dillon, Hon. Leslie C. Garnett, Chancellor (National University Law School); Dr. Gerhart Husserl, (National University Law School); Dr. M. I. Baldinger, (National University Law School); Col. John M. Weir, Maj. A. I. Burgess, Maj. Charles P. Burnett, Col. Robert M. Springer, Col. W. R. Rigby, Col. J. L. Harbaugh, Col. C. B. Mickelwait, Col. H. C. Clark and Capt. Franklin H. Berry.

Judge Advocate General Department officials explain that in accordance with Cicero's comment relating that "rigorous law is often rigorous justice," school instruction places emphasis on the rights of the soldier under the Articles of War.

The intensive instruction period has been designated as a "refresher course" but students who attend class from 8:30 a. m. until 4:30 p. m., and who then spend three to six hours at detailed study have been known to raise a "questioning eye" to that designation.

Graduates of the class are:

Lt. Col. L. J. Abele	Capt. Anthony Kane
Maj. C. M. Anderson	Capt. L. D. Keith
Maj. John W. Bonner	Capt. R. E. Kyle
Maj. P. P. Bowen	Capt. H. H. Lind
Maj. W. F. Daniels	Capt. Hudson Lipscomb, Jr.
Maj. H. T. Dorrance	Capt. F. M. Mitchell
Maj. Charles Fairman	Capt. W. M. Morsey
Maj. B. N. Fleischman	Capt. D. L. O'Donnell
Maj. E. S. Hemphill	Capt. J. F. O'Shea
Maj. Earle Hepburn	Capt. R. S. Reed
Maj. J. M. Johnson	Capt. R. L. Reinhardt
Maj. J. T. Pearson	Capt. J. H. Ross
Maj. W. T. Powers	Capt. C. R. Schram
Maj. J. S. W. Smith	Capt. M. C. Sherman
Maj. Elroy Stone	Capt. M. K. Smith
Capt. E. P. Allen	Capt. S. A. Syme
Capt. Dolph Barnett	Capt. C. E. Walnwright
Capt. P. C. Bennett	Capt. H. J. Warner
Capt. J. L. B. Bodfish	Capt. C. B. Warren, Jr.
Capt. B. E. Church	Capt. J. A. Watkins
Capt. Allen Clark	Capt. G. W. Weeks
Capt. M. M. Coletta	1st Lt. T. A. Carpenter
Capt. J. M. H. Cullen	1st Lt. E. T. Conner
Capt. J. A. De Jong	1st Lt. J. L. Evans
Capt. F. C. Eresch	1st Lt. M. W. Merritt
Capt. Oliver Gasch	1st Lt. Alfred Thomas
Capt. F. J. Gihbs	1st Lt. L. K. Twiss
Capt. S. S. Gilbert	2nd Lt. J. H. Tompkins
Capt. T. H. Goodman	2nd Lt. D. J. Anderson
Capt. Frank Hler	
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Women's Army Auxiliary Corps

Names of the successful 440 Officer-Candidates of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, which have been chosen by the Director's Representatives and the Evaluating Board, will not be made public until they are sworn in to serve the United States on 20 July 1942. The lists covering candidates in each of the nine corps areas have been given the corps area commanders who will notify the candidates and provide them with rail transportation to Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

Director Oveta Culp Hobby will be present at the opening exercises. She intends that this shall be a most solemn occasion and will impress this fact clearly upon her listeners.

The two groups making final selection first worked in Washington, D. C., separately and then in consultation in adjusting differences in their choices of candidates. It is said they were united in almost every case. Members of the two committees were:

1st Corps Area—Dean Margaret Morris of Pembroke College, Brown University, Providence, R. I., former President of the American Association of University Women, and Miss Millicent Pond, Occupational Analyst, New Haven, Conn.

2nd Corps Area—Mrs. Mary S. Ingraham, President of the National Board of the Y. W. C. A., New York City, and Dr. Esther Lloyd Jones, head of the Student Personnel Administration, Teachers' College, Columbia University, New York City.

3rd Corps Area—Dr. Ruth Tolman, Division of Program Surveys, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and Miss Eleanor Little, Specialist in Industrial Relations, Relief Administrator for Connecticut, Guilford, Conn.

4th Corps Area—Dr. Loula Dunn, State Commissioner of Welfare, Montgomery, Ala.; Miss Katherine Sherrill, Dean of Mary Baldwin College, Staunton, Va., and Mrs. Vinnie G. Barrows, Director of Personnel Guidance, George Washington University, Washington, D. C.

5th Corps Area—Dorothy Stratton, Dean of Women, Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind., and Sarah Blanding, Dean of Home Economics, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

6th Corps Area—Dr. Grace S. Munson, Director of the Bureau of Child Study, Board of Education, Chicago, and Dr. Agnes Sharp, Chief, Psychiatric Institute of Municipal Court, Chicago.

7th Corps Area—Miss Anne Sarachon Hooley, Director of Women's Division, National Catholic Community Service, Washington, D. C., and Dr. Florence Goodenough, Institute of Child Welfare, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.

8th Corps Area—Dr. Helen Peake, Head of Psychology Department, Randolph-Macon College, Lynchburg, Va., and Dean Anna E.

Many, Woman's Counselor, Newcomb College, Tulane University, New Orleans, La.

9th Corps Area—Dr. Jean Walker MacFarlane, Professor of Clinical Psychology and Director of Guidance Research, University of California, Berkeley, Calif., and Myrtle Austin, Dean of Women, University of Utah, Salt Lake City.

Special Consultant to the Secretary of War, who served with the committee, is Mrs. Mary McLeod Bethune, Founder and President of Bethune-Cookman College, Daytona Beach, Fla., and Founder and President of the National Council of Negro Women.

On the Evaluating Board were the following psychiatrists: Dr. Sydney G. Biddle, Dr. Phyllis Blanchard, Dr. Gerald H. J. Pearson and Dr. Lauren H. Smith, all of Philadelphia; Dr. Phyllis Greenacre, Dr. Dudley Shoefeld and Dr. Bettina Warburg, all of New York City; Dr. Lewis B. Hill and Dr. Amanda L. Stoughton, both of Baltimore; Dr. Marjorie Jarvis, Rockville, Md., and Dr. Benjamin Weininger, Washington, D. C.

The Quartermaster Corps has designed gloves for the WAAC running in price from 10 cents to \$1.60 per pair. Should members be stationed at far northern stations, then special gloves costing as high as \$10 per pair may be issued. For winter wear in the northern portion of continental United States, a gauntlet type slip-on glove made from capeskin or cabretta, with jersey lining, will cost approximately \$1.60 per pair. Personnel in the South will be equipped with the same glove without the lining, costing \$1.40 per pair. The only other glove authorized for general wear is an olive drab cotton work glove made of flannel with tubular rib-knit wristlet, costing approximately 10 cents per pair.

Procurement of regular issue footwear for the WAAC women has been started by the Boston Quartermaster Depot, which has issued invitations for specimen pairs of service shoes, slippers, the athletic shoe and the black galosh.

Miss Catherine Van Rensselaer, 43, of New York City, who has had years of training women in corrective calisthenics, has been named education director. She will be at the opening of the candidate officer school, together with her two assistants. It will be her duty to direct the women's athletic studies.

Provisions in War Department Instructions covering the WAAC have appeared. These state (1) their travel in military aircraft as part of the Army of the United States is authorized; (2) they enjoy free mail privileges; (3) their term of service extends to six months after the close of the present war unless sooner terminated by proper authority; (4) the travel allowances of officer candidates will be the same as the enlisted personnel; and (5) "Qualified women over the age of 45 years may be legally selected as officer candidates for the Woman's Army Auxiliary Corps, may attend an officer candidate school, and during such attendance will be entitled to receive the pay and other benefits provided for officer candidates by section 3, act 14 May 1942 (sec. 1, Bull. No. 25, WD 1942). All of which is signed by General G. C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, and Maj. Gen. J. A. Ullo, The Adjutant General.

What is more, Controller General Lindsay C. Warren has ruled that women employed by the Federal Government who are chosen for the WAAC are entitled to be paid for accumulated or accrued leave on the same basis as male workers who go into active military service. This means that they can receive compensation for leave due them or allow the leave to accumulate until they return to civil employment.

Arsenals, ordnance and supply depots, air field, communication centers and manufacturing units operated by or for the Government find American women adequate as replacements for men says a statement this week from Director William H. Kushnick of the War Department Office of Civilian Personnel and Training.

During the past year, a large number of women have been given classroom and on-the-job training at turning out guns, tanks, parachutes, bombs, clothing, and many other items for war use. One-fourth the 700,000 civilian workers of the War Department are women, many of whom work at the Aberdeen (Md.) Proving Grounds, in technical and supervisory fields, Ordnance and Chemical Warfare Service arsenals, and the Signal, Quarter-

master and Air Corps. Often women are put on the payroll even while training for actual work. For the Quartermaster Corps, thousands of women do textile work, filling such jobs as inspectors, color testers, chemical workers, precision metal workers, storage and distribution clerks. Many women are taking a three-months-in-service training course as Under Textile Inspectors at the Philadelphia Quartermaster Depot. The AAF expects to have 25,000 women mechanics employed at air fields in this country before the end of the year.

Honors for Raiders

Tears of pride wet the eyelids of Brig. Gen. James H. Doolittle, AAF, as he stood at attention at Bolling Field, D. C., on 27 June and watched 20 officers and three enlisted personnel who had winged their way over Japan under his command on 18 April receive the Distinguished Flying Cross in acknowledgement of that raid from Lt. Gen. H. H. Arnold, commanding general of the AAF. Thousands of Americans know "Jimmie" Doolittle. To them he has been, for years, an intrepid flyer and advanced student of aeronautics. But beyond all this, he constantly has thought of those under his command, and friends say those DFC's pinned on "his boys" meant more to him than any personal honors.

Those officers and men had returned home for reassignment. Others remain in the combat zone. Five who had come to Washington could not be present but will receive their honors later. Those decorated were:

Lt. Col. John A. Hilger, pilot, Houston, Tex.; Maj. Charles R. Greening, pilot, Tacoma, Wash.; Capt. David M. Jones, pilot, Winters, Tex.; Capt. Travis Hoover, pilot, Riverside, Calif.; 1st Lt. William M. Bower, pilot, Ravenna, O.; 1st Lt. Donald G. Smith, pilot, San Antonio, Tex.; 1st Lt. Kenneth E. Reddy, pilot, Bowie, Tex.; 1st Lt. Jack A. Sims, co-pilot, Kalamazoo, Mich.; 1st Lt. James H. Macia, jr., navigator-bombardier, Tombstone, Ariz.; 1st Lt. William R. Pound, jr., navigator, Alhambra, Calif.; 1st Lt. Thomas C. Griffin, navigator, Chicago, Ill.; 1st Lt. Thomas R. White, flight surgeon, Redlands, Cal.; 2nd Lt. Dean Davenport, pilot, Portland, Ore.; 2nd Lt. Rodney R. Wilder, pilot, Taylor, Tex.; 2nd Lt. Griffith P. Williams, co-pilot, San Diego, Calif.; 2nd Lt. Charles J. Ozuk, navigator, Chicago, Ill.; 2nd Lt. Henry A. Potter, navigator, Pierre, S. D.; 2nd Lt. Robert S. Clever, bombardier, Portland, Ore.; 2nd Lt. Richard E. Miller, bombardier, Fort Wayne, Ind.; 2nd Lt. Denver V. Truelove, bombardier, Lula, Ga.; Tech. Sgt. Eldred V. Scott, engineer-gunner, Phoenix, Ariz.; Sgt. Edward J. Saylor, engineer-gunner, Brunett, Mont.; and Sgt. David J. Thatcher, engineer-gunner, Billings, Mont.

Three officers in Walter Reed Hospital are:

1st Lt. Harold F. Watson, pilot, West Hartford, Conn.; 1st Lt. Ted W. Lawson, pilot, Los Angeles, Calif., and 2nd Lt. Charles L. McClure, navigator, University City, Mo.

The other officers unable to be present were:

1st Lt. James H. Parker, jr., co-pilot, Livingston, Tex., and 2nd Lt. Howard A. Sessler, bombardier, Arlington, Mass.

Citations stated the officers and men were honored "for extraordinary achievement while participating in a highly destructive raid on the Japanese mainland on 18 April 1942." Each recipient, the citation added, "volunteered for this mission, knowing full well that the chances of survival were extremely remote, and executed his part in it with great skill and daring."

All those decorated have returned to their homes where they will be accorded additional honors on 4 July.

With the return of this group, the War Department disclosed further details of the raid. Five Japanese cities were bombed: Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kobe, and Osaka. Objectives were tank, armament and aircraft factories, steel plants, machinery works, powder factories and magazines, railroad yards and sidings, docks, oil refineries, military arsenals and power plants.

Since it seemed inevitable that some planes might fall into Japanese hands, the Norden Bombsight was removed from each of the planes participating in the raid, since bombing from a low altitude does not require the extreme accuracy of the Norden device.

One Bombsight, 20 Cents
An improvised bombsight, costing only

20 cents to make, was installed in each of the planes.

Major Greening, armament officer of the squadron, designed the cheap bombsight.

The lack of pursuit opposition, the lack of warnings between cities, and the inaccuracy of antiaircraft fire were factors which mystified, and continue to mystify, all who took part in the raid.

As to the quality of enemy fire and attack, one flier dismissed it with the curt remark, "The most opposition we had was from a group of Japanese kids playing on a beach. We passed over them at about 20 feet and they threw stones at us."

All planes in the raid were Army Air Forces B-25 medium bombers. To lend individuality to their ships, crews painted nicknames on most of them.

Among the names adopted were "Raptured Duck," "Hari-Kari-Er," "Anger Angel," and "Whirling Dervish." One plane sported the chemical formula for TNT.

Immediately after these exercises at Bolling Field were finished, General Doolittle flew to New York City where he was made a life member of the Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the United States. Later he was host at a cocktail party and then, in the evening, at a private dinner at which the guests were 10 of his old cronies who were lieutenants with him in World War I, when aviation was very young.

AER Benefits From Carnival

Maj. John K. Paden, QMC, chairman of the committee which arranged the Army Emergency Relief carnival held recently for military and civilian personnel of the California Quartermaster Depot, Sacramento Branch, Sacramento, Calif., has reported to Lt. Col. John C. Christophel, commanding officer, that \$1,101.28, profits of the carnival, has been contributed to the AER.

Mrs. Christophel headed the Patronesses and all the ladies of the post worked diligently in support of her. Assistance was also received from newspapers and civilian groups, and more than 1500 persons from Sacramento were present at the carnival.

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TELEPHONE, COMMUNICATION AND
SIGNALING PRODUCTS

THE Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Frank Knox were the guests in compliment to whom Capt. and Mrs. Frank E. Beatty entertained at an informal dinner at the Chevy Chase Club the other evening, having in the company also Rear Adm. and Mrs. William Purnell, Rear Adm. Walton D. Sexton, Mrs. Harold Stark, wife of Admiral Stark, Mr. Raleigh Warner, and Ens. Denis Beatty, son of the hosts.

Mrs. Knox spent a few days in Washington before going back to her country place at Manchester, N. H.

Secretary Knox was the ranking guest at one of the Monday evening dinners the Commandant of the Marine Corps, Lt. Gen. Holcomb, and Mrs. Holcomb have been giving, letting their guests later enjoy the Marine Band Concerts that are taking place every Monday night. General and Mrs. Holcomb also commute, as it were, to and fro, to their place, Rosecroft, on the St. Mary's River in southern Maryland, for week-ends.

Tuesday evening Col. John Potts, Commanding Officer at the Marine Barracks drove Mrs. Brooks, wife of Lt. Col. C. T. Brooks, USMC, and Miss Sally, also Mrs. W. C. James, wife of Col. James, USMC, down to Fontaine, the place Col. and Mrs. Potts have on the Potomac, to enjoy with them a buffet supper under the trees.

Maj. Alfred Robbins, USMC, and Mrs. Robbins were the guests in compliment to whom Mr. Elwood Wagonhorst entertained at dinner at the Chevy Chase Club Saturday evening, having in the company Rear Adm. Timothy J. Keliher, receiving congratulations on his recent promotion, and Mrs. Keliher, Col. and Mrs. Merrill Spalding, Gen. and Mrs. Halford, Col. and Mrs. Hallett and Mr. and Mrs. John Childress.

Maj. Gen. Louis Little, USMC-Ret., and Mrs. Little are leaving Washington tomorrow for their place on the Massachusetts coast, half way between Newport and Nonquit, planning to be gone a month, to black-out their cottage and take other precautionary measures against sea raiders.

Mrs. Little before leaving entertained a group of young Service folk at an informal tea, mostly neighbors in her block in Georgetown. Assisting her was Mrs. Raymond Lee, whose husband Brig. Gen. Lee is now at Fort Bragg, and who is leaving shortly to place their young daughter, Elsie, in a girl's camp for the summer.

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



MRS. ROBERT E. BAIRD who before her marriage in Baltimore, Md., on 7 June to Mr. Baird, was Miss Ruth Anne Hardy, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Conrad Palmer Hardy, USA.

Col. and Mrs. Harry Leonard are closing their Georgetown house soon to return to his ranch in Colorado, where the Colonel raises horses.

Col. David Arnold, USA, and Mrs. Arnold are spending a brief time in Washington, a vacation from duties in Newport.

Capt. and Mrs. Warren H. Hoover are returning from Mexico City to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hoover on California Street, Washington. She was Miss Margaret Arias, one-time student at Holton Arms School.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Claude Jones have closed their apartment at 2100 Conn. Ave., and have taken a cottage on the grounds of the Manor Club in near-by Maryland, for the summer.

Mrs. Edward Hayden, widow of Admiral Hayden, has with her for a short time her grandson, Brook Hayden, who is the son of Capt. Reynolds Hayden, (MC), USN.

Capt. Smith Hempstone, USN, who has returned to Washington from duty at Annapolis, and Mrs. Hempstone are today introducing to their friends their daughter, Miss Eleanor Noyes Hempstone, at a garden party which will also serve as a house-warming at their new home, White Chimneys at Bethesda, Md. The debutante, a granddaughter of Mr. Theodore Noyes, has just returned to Washington after graduating at Miss Porter's School at Farmington, Conn.

At the Queen's County Jockey Club's Army-Navy Day races last Saturday the soldiers and sailors of the services benefited. It is said, to the extent of at least \$100,000, the feature of the meet being the victory of "Whirlaway," who is to run again today in the Empire City's Army-Navy Day race. Service men of all ranks attended last Saturday's meet, among them Rear Adm. Edward J. Marquart, Brig. Gen. A. W. W. Woodstock, and Lt. Col. A. G. Rudd.

Mrs. Stanley John (Betty Moore) Meadows is now living at San Antonio, Tex., where she is employed at Duncan Field. She is the daughter of Col. and Mrs. George A. Moore, AGD, now stationed at Hampton Roads, where Colonel Moore is Adjutant General.

Subscribe and re-subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep yourself informed of the news of the services.

Weddings and Engagements

THE engagement of Mr. George Washington Goethals, 2nd, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. George Rodman Goethals and grandson of the late Maj. Gen. George W. Goethals, engineer officer in charge of the construction of the Panama Canal and first Governor of the Canal Zone, and Miss Helen Barbara Barry has been made known by her parents, the Rev. and Mrs. Gerald Van Osten Barry. The Rev. Mr. Barry is rector of Christ Church, Riverdale, and Miss Barry attended Miss Beard's School at Orange, N. J., graduating at the Riverdale Country School, and now attending Wellesley, where she is a sophomore.

Mr. Goethals' parents live at Buffalo and Vineyard Haven, Mass. He is a graduate of Phillips Academy at Andover, and is now on leave from Harvard.

Gowned in white marquisette trimmed with Brussels lace and a veil of rose point, Miss Elizabeth Carswell Bowden became the bride of 2nd Lt. Richard Gough Day, jr., Med-Res., son of Mr. and Mrs. Day of Lowell Road, Schenectady, N. Y., Saturday, 27 June, the ceremony taking place at the First Presbyterian Church in Glens Falls, N. Y., the pastor, Rev. William E. Montgomery officiating.

In the lovely Walter Reed Memorial Chapel at the Medical Center, on Thursday, 25 June, Miss Jeanne Howard Arnold Craig, daughter of Col. Howard Arnold Craig, AC, USA, and Mrs. Craig became the bride of Dr. Charles Mac Stanfill, jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. Stanfill of Tucumcari, N. M., Chaplain E. J. McTague performing the service.

In the absence of her father, the bride was given in marriage by Col. Laurent L. La Roche, USA. She was gown in a white dotted swiss with full train over which fell her veil of illusion held by an arrangement of pearl orange blossoms. She carried a white satin prayer book ornamented with a single white orchid, and about her throat she wore a strand of pearls.

Miss Harriet Pierrepont La Roche was maid of honor, and the best man was Dr. Edward Ricketts with Drs. Phil Noel and Burdette Stone as ushers. Little Miss Sarah Belle Gothlin, daughter of Mrs. Oliver P. Gothlin, and the late Col. Gothlin, scattered petals of yellow roses before the bride.

A reception was held at the Officer's Club of the Army Medical Center.

The bride attended Hood College and the University of Maryland, and Dr. Stanfill attended the University of New Mexico and graduated from the University of Southern California and completed his internship at Walter Reed General Hospital.

In St. Joseph's Chapel of the National Cathedral, Washington, D. C., Miss Anne Hamilton Curtis, daughter of Col. Merritt B. Curtis, USMC, and Mrs. Curtis, became the bride of Lt. (jg) Henry Taylor Holsapple, USNR, son of Mr. Frank B. Holsapple of Hudson, N. Y., Saturday, 27 June. Escorted to the altar by her father, the bride was clad in white embroidered organdy with finger-length veil held to her hair by gardenias and her bouquet was also of gardenias. Her sister, Mrs. Raymond Hesch of Titusville, Pa., was her matron of honor, and the best man was Mr. Robert Leland. A reception followed at the Kennedy-Warren.

Lieutenant Holsapple was graduated from the Kent School, Harvard University and the Harvard Law School, and is a member of the Harvard Club of New York. He is now on duty in the Bureau of Aeronautics in Washington.

The bride is a graduate of Harcum Junior College, Bryn Mawr, and studied last year at King-Smith Dramatic Studio and the Corcoran Art School. She is a member of Tau Omicron Phi and Delta Psi Omega, and is an officer in the "Jangos" (Junior Army and Navy Guild).

Miss Ruth Anne Hardy, daughter of Col. Conrad Palmer Hardy, USA, and Mrs. Hardy, Baltimore, Md., and Mr.

Robert E. Baird, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur R. Baird, West Pittston, Pa., were married at 3 o'clock, Sunday afternoon, 7 June, in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Redeemer, Baltimore, by the Rev. Richard H. Baker, the rector.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was lovely in a gown of white chiffon, deep lace forming the border of its long circular train. Her fingertip length veil of tulle was also circular and fell from a coronet. She carried an arm bouquet of gardenias and swansonia.

Miss Emilie Frantz, Kingston, Pa., was maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Ruth Baird, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Phyllis Gensel, Manhasset, I. I.; Miss Jean Ester, Philadelphia; and Miss Elaine Strauss, Scarsdale, N. Y.

A program of wedding music preceded the ceremony and included vocal solos by Miss Arline Ash, Kingston, Pa. Mr. Howard Baird, West Pittston, served as best man. The ushers were Messrs. James Collins, Paul Murphy, jr., Benjamin Wilson and Jack Kiefer.

Colonel and Mrs. Hardy entertained at a reception following the ceremony.

Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. John B. Hardy, grandfather of the bride who came from Los Angeles, Calif., for the wedding.

Following a motor trip in the south, Mr. and Mrs. Baird have gone to Charlotte, N. C., where they have established their home at 2909 Avondale Avenue.

Announcement has been made by Mr. and Mrs. Hugh R. Gregg of Spokane, Wash., of the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy Jean, to Lt. (jg) David Vahey Flynn, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. David G. Flynn, 417 Wynnewood Road, Pelham Manor, New York.

The wedding will take place this summer.

Ens. Robert A. Taft, jr., of Chicago was best man for his brother, Mr. William Howard Taft, 3rd, son of Senator and Mrs. Robert A. Taft of Ohio, and grandson of the former President and Chief Justice, William H. Taft, on the occasion of his marriage with Miss Barbara Holt Bradfield, daughter of Mrs. Walter C. Schaefer and of Mr. Thomas Parks Bradfield, which took place Saturday, 27 June, in Grand Rapids.

Miss Julia Corscaden, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. James A. Corscaden of Riverdale-on-Hudson, and 2nd Lt. Thurston Beaty, MC, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Julian B. Beaty of Rye, N. Y., were married last Saturday, 27 June, in Christ Church at Riverdale with the Rev. Gerald V. Barry, rector, officiating.

A reception was held for the members of the families. The bride attended Columbia University and the Parsons School of Design and made her debut in '39.

Lieutenant Beaty attended Phillips Academy at Andover and was graduated from Princeton in '39 and is attending

(Continued on Next Page)

ARMY AND NAVY FAMILIES

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Posts and Stations

Annapolis, Md.

30 June 1942

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. H. E. Walker entertained at a buffet supper Sunday night in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Edward N. Tull, Jr.

Mrs. Isley, wife of Maj. C. F. Isley, USA, and her son, Mr. Charles Isley, have been the guests of Comdr. and Mrs. Ralph E. Butterfield at their home at Wardour.

Lt. and Mrs. C. W. Travis entertained at dinner Monday in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Mark Dennett, who will soon leave Annapolis.

Mrs. McCormick, wife of Capt. Lynde McCormick, USN, has taken a house on King George St., formerly occupied by Comdr. W. E. Hall.

Miss Anne Morrissey and Miss Amy Morrissey, twin daughters of Comdr. and Mrs. Earl Morrissey, who graduated from Holy Cross College two weeks ago have returned to Annapolis to spend the summer with their parents.

Capt. William N. Thomas, Chaplain of the Naval Academy, Mrs. Thomas and their son, Mr. John Thomas, have returned after a trip to Charlottesville, Va. Mr. William N. Thomas, Jr., older son of Captain and Mrs. Thomas, will soon enter the Navy Medical Corps.

Lt. and Mrs. Joseph N. Field, of Lake Forest, Ill., are visiting Capt. and Mrs. W. Gregory.

NORFOLK, VA.

2 July 1942

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Elliott W. Parish entertained Sunday at an informal cocktail party at their home on North Shore Point. Their guests included Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Neblett, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William M. Ryan, Mrs. Donald Smith, Mrs. Ernest D. McWhorter, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Compland, Dr. and Mrs. Charles P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Alvah H. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Leigh, Jr., Mrs. Classem Thompson of Marion, Pa., Miss Elizabeth Fooshe and Lt. Harry Horton.

Mrs. Anthony R. Brady was hostess on Wednesday at a luncheon given at her home in Pinewell, in honor of Mrs. John D. Shea of Philadelphia who is visiting Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John Raby at Virginia Beach. Covers were laid for eight and in addition to the guest of honor, were Mrs. John Raby, Mrs. William E. Ellis, Mrs. James O. Vosseller, Jr., Mr. Robert L. Hickey, Mrs. Charles W. Crawford and Mrs. James O. Vosseller, sr., of St. Louis.

Mrs. Alfred E. Sharp, wife of Lieutenant Sharp, was hostess on Friday at a luncheon given in the Officers Club, Naval Base, in honor of Mrs. Arthur Cumberland, who with Lt. Comdr. Cumberland will leave soon for California. Additional guests were Mrs. John Brockway, Mrs. George R. Bull, Mrs. David Andrews, Mrs. H. A. Moore, Mrs. George Koch, Mrs. W. W. Hollister, Mrs. Robald J. Woodman and Mrs. S. W. Betts.

Brides and prospective Navy brides have been honored this week at a number of pre-wedding parties. Miss Louise Edmondson Harris whose marriage to Lt. James Sutherland Moore, USN, will be an interesting event of Saturday night, was guest of honor on Tuesday afternoon at a kitchen shower given by Mrs. James L. Walker on Jamestown Crescent. A color scheme of green and white was carried out in the decorations. Mrs. Charles M. Neims presided at the punch bowl assisted by Mrs. Howard J. Dutcher, Mrs. R. Byron Carter and Mrs. A. L. Ridge. The guests numbered about fifty.

Mrs. Joseph C. Green entertained on Wednesday at an enjoyable luncheon for Miss Harris, given in the Ames and Brownlee tea room with ten additional guests, and on Friday night, following the rehearsal of the wedding, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Brinson were hosts at a delightful party given at their home in Aigouquin Park for Miss Harris and

her fiancé. Preceding the rehearsal, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Howard Harris entertained at a buffet supper at their home on Bolling Avenue, for the couple, the members of the wedding party and out-of-town guests.

FT. SAM HOUSTON, TEX.

29 June 1942

Capt. and Mrs. Byron Nankervis, sr., were hosts at dinner, in their home on Friday evening, when they honored Lt. Col. and Mrs. R. C. Stokes who are changing station, and joining the Florida group. Among the guests were Capt. and Mrs. R. E. Gardner, Capt. and Mrs. Edward Cada, the Misses Lois Johnson and Harrison.

A large and "very-much-fun" party was the Spinsters supper and swimming, given on Tuesday, 23 June by Miss Sue Rucker for twenty-five of her friends. It was held in their lovely quarters in the old "Staff Post," where vases of bright hued summer flowers adorned the serving table, where Mesdames Robert Gideon and B. B. Jones assisted by Miss Betty Brown, served the delicious food. Afterward the party adjourned to the Salado Pool, always a treat.

Mrs. Hubert R. Harmon, wife of Maj. Gen. Harmon, commander of Air Forces here, entertained at the San Antonio Country Club on Friday, honoring at luncheon Mesdames Isalah Davies and Joseph J. Nazario, of Tucson, Arizona. The latter will be remembered as Miss Helen Harmon. Close friends of the honorees were the guests invited to meet them.

Mrs. Isalah Davies, wife of Brig. Gen. Davies, AC, USA, is the house guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. R. C. MacBride, at Kelly Field. Saturday morning, Mrs. MacBride entertained with a reception and "Coffee" for twenty guests to meet her mother. Mixed spring blossoms adorned the table from which Mesdames T. D. Coates and C. J. Hirschfelder poured.

A Sunday breakfast and "go-to-church" for members of the Alpha Sigma Gamma Sorority, composed of Army girls here, was held this week at the Fort Sam Houston Officers' Mess, later proceeding to the Post Chapel en masse.

Col. and Mrs. Sam Beach were hosts at a large and very delightful supper in their quarters on Tuesday evening.

Miss Virginia Woodland was complimented on Thursday with a tea and "shower" given by Mrs. H. R. Livesay and her daughter, Miss Martha Jane, in their quarters on the Artillery Post. Miss Livesay is a recent arrival from the East, where she is a student at Barnard College.

Mrs. R. J. Farrell was also complimenting Miss Virginia Woodland this week with a girls' supper and shower, when she entertained twenty guests, and was assisted by Miss Dorothy Bethen, who was to be one of the wedding party.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

the College of Physicians and Surgeons, at Columbia.

In St. John's Episcopal Church at Larchmont, N. Y., Miss Mary Elizabeth Goffe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Henry Goffe, Jr., became the bride on Saturday, 27 June, of Lt. William Reginald Harrison, USA, son of Mrs. John R. Harrison and the late Mr. Harrison of Bantam, Conn.

The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Francis J. H. Coffin, and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Barbara Goffe, and Mr. Stanley Harrison was best man for his brother. The bride was graduated from Centenary Junior College, Hackettstown, N. J., and studied at Froebel League School in New York. Lieutenant Harrison is an alumnus of Cornell, a member of the Sphinx, Scabbard and Blade Clubs.

Miss Janet Perry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Orin F. Perry, Jr., of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., was married 9 June, in Yuma, Ariz., to Capt. Marlin Clack Martin, Jr., USMC, son of Col. Marlin Clack Martin and Mrs. Martin, of Austin, Tex., formerly of Columbia, S. C. The bride recently completed her junior year at St. Lawrence University, Canton, N. Y. Captain Martin was graduated from Lafayette College, Easton, Pa.

The marriage of Mrs. Edith Gray Glasgow and Capt. William Bugher, USA-Ret., was solemnized Saturday evening, 6 June, at the home of Col. and Mrs. E. V. Cutrer in San Antonio, Tex. The Rev. Samuel Capers, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, officiated.

Captain and Mrs. Bugher are at home at 142 Berkeley Road, Terrell Hills.

Lt. H. Taylor Gherardi, USNR, son of the late Rear Admiral Gherardi of Washington, D. C., married Mrs. Sylvia Coney Roe, Saturday, 27 June, the ceremony taking place in the chapel of the Central Presbyterian Church on Park Ave., the pastor, the Rev. Theodore Cuyler Speers, officiating before a small company of relatives.

Mrs. William R. Potts was her sister's matron of honor, and Lieutenant Gherardi had as best man his brother, Mr. Walter R. Gherardi. Their mother, Mrs. Walter Rockwell Gherardi makes her home at Old Greenwich, Conn. The bridal couple will live in Washington, D. C.

A wedding of last Saturday, 27 June, was that of Miss Dorothy Wurth Blauvelt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chester LeRoy Blauvelt of South Orange, and Lt. Franklin Eugene Tomlinson, AC, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Tomlinson. The ceremony was solemnized in the First Presbyterian Church, the pastor, the Rev. Howard C. Scharfe, officiating.

At Alumnae House at Vassar College, Miss Clara Catherine Shaw and Ens. Walter Edward Phillips, Jr., USN, of Chicago, exchanged marriage vows, the Rev. Dr. Harold Kirschner of the First Presbyterian Church of Poughkeepsie conducting the service, Saturday 27 June.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. William John Shaw, 3rd, and the bridegroom is the son of Mr. Phillips and the late Mrs. Phillips.

Ens. William Ellery Stedman, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stedman of Morristown, N. J., and Miss Mary Irwin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Forsyth Irwin, Jr., of Germantown, Philadelphia, were married by the Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Mass., 27 June.

The white-satin-clad bride was given in marriage by her father and attended by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Robert Forsyth Irwin, 3rd, and Miss Keturah Irwin, a sister. The best man was Ens. Charles Curtis, USNR, of Norfolk, Mass., in lieu of Lt. John W. Stedman, Jr., USNR, on naval duty.

Col. and Mrs. Cleveland C. Gee, USA-Ret., announce the marriage of their daughter, Mary Elizabeth, to 1st Lt. Donald W. Roberts, AC, USA, on Sunday, 21 June, at Washington, D. C.

Miss Gee attended the Academy of the Holy Cross in Washington and Loretto Heights College in Colorado.

Lieutenant Roberts is a graduate of Colorado School of Mines, class of '41. He is a member of Sigma Phi Epsilon, Sigma Gamma Epsilon, and Tau Beta Pi fraternities.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Roberts will make their home in Washington.

Miss Margaret Lewis Byrd, daughter of Mr. Thomas Bolling Byrd, and niece of Senator Harry Flood Byrd and Rear Adm. Richard Evelyn Byrd, became the bride of Ens. Harry Farnum Stimpson, Jr., USN, son of the late Mr. Stimpson of Boston, Saturday 27 June. The nuptials were solemnized in Christ Episcopal Church at Winchester, Va., the Rev. Robert Nelson reading the ritual, and were followed by a reception at home of the bride, Kentmere, at Boyce.

Ens. Richard Burton Wheeler, USNR, son of Senator and Mrs. Wheeler of Montana, claimed as his bride last Saturday, 27 June, Miss Gladys Anne Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey P. Carter of Washington, D. C.

Miss Marion Saffold Oates, daughter of the late Capt. William C. Oates, USA, and Mr. Thomas Leiter of Washington were married Saturday last, 27 June, at St. Thomas Church in New York, the Rev. Dr. Roelf H. Brooks officiating, after which a reception was given by the bride's mother, Mrs. Philip Green Gossler of New York and Montgomery, Ala., at the Ritz-Carlton.

The engagement is announced of Miss Letitia Augusta Hughson, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Walter Hughson of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, and Aviation Cadet Crosby Stuart Noyes, USA, of Washing-

"Duration" Addresses

Wives of Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard personnel—Do your friends know where you are residing "for the duration"? If you will send us your address we will publish it and thus keep them informed.

Send in your address for publication in this column.

Mrs. Lyon H. Strong is living with her sister, Mrs. Eugene A. Smith, at 227 W. Maple Road, Indianapolis, Ind., while Lt. Smith and Lt. Strong are serving overseas.

Mrs. F. J. Chesarek, wife of Maj. F. J. Chesarek, is residing at 51 Burr Avenue, Hempstead, Long Island, New York.

Mrs. H. F. Searight, wife of Colonel Searight, Philippine Islands, and her daughter, Miss Louise, who has just been graduated from Duke University, have joined the large colony of evacuated wives at San Antonio, Tex. They are living at 5514 Broadway.

Mrs. Stanley L. James, wife of Col. Stanley L. James, SC, (Philippine Islands), with her daughter, Mrs. Paul R. Walters, wife of Maj. Paul R. Walters, FA, and Mrs. Robert K. McDonough, wife of Maj. Robert K. McDonough, CE, has 830 Hays St., San Antonio, Tex., for a mailing address.

Mrs. George W. Hirsch, wife of Col. G. W. Hirsch, OD, of Batavia and Corregidor, will live at 1114 Fairview Drive, Columbia, S. C.

Mrs. Frank E. Evans, the widow of Brigadier General Evans, has taken an apartment at 540 St. Peter St., in the Vieux Carre in the Pontalba Apartments facing Jackson Square, New Orleans, La., and will move there early this month.

Mrs. Evans has taken a defense position in connection with the Military Intelligence and expects to live in New Orleans for the duration, but plans to return to her home in Honolulu when the war is over.

Mrs. John J. Holst, wife of Major Holst, CAC, is residing at 8554 Kedvale Ave., Skokie, Ill.

ton, son of Mrs. Thomas A. Stone of Ottawa, Canada, and the late Mr. Newbold Noyes of Washington.

The marriage of Miss Betty Lou Harris, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ray W. Harris of Mineral Wells, Tex., to Lt. Weaver H. Gaines of Camp Wolters, Tex., son of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gaines, Jr., of Jacksonville, Fla., was solemnized Sunday afternoon, 7 June, at 4 o'clock, at St. Luke's Episcopal Church in Mineral Wells. The Rev. W. D. Morgan officiated, and the wedding music was presented by Pfc. Irvin Zimmerman, organist.

The matron of honor was Mrs. Paul Schneider of Ft. Worth, Tex., in whose recent wedding Miss Harris had acted as maid of honor. The other attendants were Mrs. Randall Phipps, Mrs. Shirley Grant, and Mrs. John Drake, all of Mineral Wells, Tex.

The flower girl was Miss Elizabeth Drake, small daughter of Capt. and Mrs. John Drake, of Mineral Wells.

Lt. Adam Schneider of Camp Wolters served as best man, and the groomsmen were Capt. O. A. Leahy, Capt. John G. Drake, Capt. W. R. McClanahan, and Lt. Pierce Duckett, also of Camp Wolters.

Lt. Col. Harris gave his daughter in marriage. Her wedding dress was of Ivory Chantilly lace over Ivory satin. Her veil of Ivory illusion covered the train of the gown and was held by a tiara of orange blossoms. She carried a white prayer book covered with gardenias, with streamers of white satin ribbon and stephanotis, and her only ornament was a delicate gold necklace and cross made of Alaskan gold.

Following the ceremony, a reception (Continued on Next Page)

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Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

was held at the Baker Hotel, the young couple leaving afterward for a short wedding trip. Upon their return, they will be at home at 508 S. W. Second St., Mineral Wells, Tex.

Among the out of town guests were Mrs. B. Galindo of Oakland, Calif., grandmother of the bride, and Miss Laura E. Harris of Dalton, Ga., aunt of the bride. The bride's father, Lt. Col. Harris, has been on duty at Camp Wolters, Tex., and

with Mrs. Harris will leave soon for his new station at Augusta Military Academy, Fort Defiance, Va.

Miss Vera Lucille Weston, daughter of Mrs. B. Franklin Weston of Washington, D. C., was married to Mr. Howard Emerson Clark, son of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Howard I. Clark of New London, Conn., in St. Andrews Chapel, at the U. S. Naval Academy, the afternoon of 21 June, Chaplain William N. Thomas officiating.

Navy Blue and Gold was a part of the

nuptial music, during the ceremony, at which the bride was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. Homer F. Weston.

The bride wore a lovely gown of white net combined with Chantilly lace with a finger tip veil and carried white roses, corresponding to those in her hair.

Mrs. David C. Jordan, sister of the bride, was matron of honor, and bridesmaids were Miss Barbara Jane Weston, sister of the bride, and Miss Gayle Clark, sister of the bridegroom.

Ensign Alexander P. Zechella was best man, and ushers were Ensigns James Llewellyn, Wm. M. Harnish, J. Eugene Smith, John J. Brennan, Midshipman Gilbert Clark, brother of the bridegroom, and Mr. Pierre Cassidy.

The bride attended Wilson Teacher's College, Washington, D. C., and the bridegroom was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy with the class of 1943; played two years on varsity football team, was Midshipman "four-striper," and battalion commander.

They will be at home in Annapolis.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Cook Bigelow, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. Carlyle Bigelow, of Princeton, N. J., to Mr. William Miller Peterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Fairfield Peterson of Baltimore, took place Wednesday, 24 June at the bride's home, and was followed by a reception. The bride wore her maternal grandmother's gown of ivory satin with tulle veil and carried an old-fashioned bouquet of valley lilies. Her sister, Miss Phyllis Bigelow, was her maid of honor and another sister, Elizabeth, with Nancy Peterson, sister of the bridegroom were bridesmaids.

Mr. Peterson acted as his son's best man. Lt. Herbert Armstrong was among the ushers.

Lt. William Meredith Wood, Jr., USA, took as his bride last Friday, 26 June, Miss Doris Legore Dell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold K. Dell of Baltimore, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Richard T. Loring at St. David's Protestant Episcopal Church. A reception followed at the Woman's Club at Roland Park.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a gown of white satin made on princess lines and her veil of tulle was trimmed with old rose point lace, a family heirloom for three hundred years. It fell from a coronet of the same sort of lace and she carried a shower of white orchids, roses and stephanotis.

Mrs. Charles Sanner of Petersburg, Va., was matron of honor and the maid of honor was Miss Mimi Dell, a sister of the bride, with other attendants. The best man was Mr. Harold K. Dell, Jr., brother of the bride.

Miss Ann Gordon Buchanan, and Lt. Donald Thomas Regan, USMC, of Quantico, Va., have decided to marry Saturday, 11 July, the wedding to take place in the rectory of St. Mathew's Cathedral, Washington, with the Rt. Rev. Monsignor Edward L. Buckley officiating.

Miss Betty Buchanan will be her sister's maid of honor and Lt. William Nelson Taft, USMC, also of Quantico, will be best man.

Miss Mary Allen Redfield, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey F. Redfield of Bronxville, N. Y., was married to Lt. Robert Duncan Brown, Jr., USA, son of Col. and Mrs. Brown of Governor's Island, Saturday evening, 27 June, at the home of the bride, the Rev. John Henderson Powell, officiating. The bride was attended by her two sisters, the Misses Amy and Jeanne Redfield. Capt. Leonard Orman, USA, of Boston, was best man.

Lt. Brown was graduated from West Point in '41 and attended the Coast Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Va., and is now stationed in Boston. His father was U. S. Military Attaché in Brussels, until the Embassy was closed following the Nazi invasion.

Miss Renze Wilshire, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Wilshire of New Haven, Conn., was married to Ensign Reed Anthony Weyburn, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lyon Weyburn of Rocklea, Pride's Crossing, Mass., Saturday, 27 June, at four o'clock in Christ Church. Bishop Fred-

erick G. Budlong of Connecticut officiated, assisted by the Rev. William Kibitz. The musical programme was rendered by Prof. H. Frank Bozyan of the Yale School of Music.

The marriage is announced of Miss Martha Dwight Douglas, daughter of Comdr. Davis Dwight Douglas, USN, of Grosse Pointe Farms, Mich., and of Mrs. S. Pinkney Tuck, now in Vichy, France, to Mr. William Erhard Weiss, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Weiss of Wheeling, W. Va., which occurred Saturday at Christ Church, Gross Pointe, with a reception at the bride's home. Mr. Lee C. Paul of Wheeling was best man; Mrs. James Simpson was matron of honor; Miss Diane Chaney was maid of honor leading a bevy of other attendants.

Miss Virginia Stuart Woodland, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Christopher Woodland of Fort Sam Houston, became the bride of Lt. Joseph Edward Job, Inf. USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Daniel Job of Cleveland, Ohio, on Friday evening, 26 June, at half after eight o'clock.

The lovely ceremony took place at the Fort Sam Houston Post Chapel with Chaplain Walter P. Plumley officiating.

Mrs. William Thornton Davies of Falls Church, Va., sister of the bride, sang "Because," accompanied by E. Fred McGowan at the organ.

The ushers were Captains Joseph V. Palmer, Drury S. Blair, and Robert J. Jaehne, all of the Medical Corps stationed at Fort Sam Houston.

The groomsmen were Lt. Henry Foster and Lt. L. D. Wittkower of Ft. Sam Houston.

Lt. Benjamin Cacan was best man for Lieutenant Job.

The bridesmaids were Mrs. Robert Hicks Holmes of Camp Berkeley, Abilene, Tex., and Miss Dorothy Bethea of Fort Sam Houston.

The maid of honor was Mrs. William Thornton Davies, sister of the bride.

The bride, given in marriage by her father, was beautiful in a gown of white imported mousseline de sole, fashioned along Victorian lines. The Victorian basque, marked in front with tiny buttons, was tight fitting and was edged with a ruffle of the broderie, forming a dipped peplum back and front. The full skirt of mousseline de sole was gathered full beneath the peplum and fell in a long train. She wore a pointed coronet of latticed seed pearls from which fell her veil of white bridal illusion and carried a Victorian bouquet of gardenias, and stephanotis backed with white tulle. She wore an heirloom bracelet and an heirloom pin which had been wedding gifts to her maternal and paternal grandmothers respectively.

Immediately after the ceremony, a reception was held in the Patio of the Fort Sam Houston Officers' Club.

Receiving the guests were Colonel and Mrs. Woodland; Mrs. Joseph Daniel Job, the bridegroom's mother; Mrs. Job Cordell, the bridegroom's sister, of Cleveland, Ohio; the bride and bridegroom; the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids.

After a wedding trip to Monterrey, Mexico, Lieutenant and Mrs. Job will be at home on Natalen Court, San Antonio.

School Studies Transportation Problem

Plans are now being developed by officials at Miss Wharton's School, Bryn Mawr, Pa., to meet fully the transportation needs of students when the school re-opens in the fall.

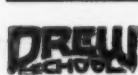
While the school is located within easy walking distance of a railroad station and two bus lines, there will no doubt be a number of families who live at too great distances from the regular transportation systems to make possible connections. It is to these parents that Miss Wharton's school, in cooperation with a group of other private schools on Philadelphia's Main Line, has addressed a questionnaire asking for transportation information. On the basis of information received from these forms, plans will be formulated to provide transportation facilities.

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The Schools listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education.

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Births - Marriages - Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

ANDREWS—Born at Riverside Community Hospital, Riverside, Calif., 15 April 1942, to Mr. and Mrs. George Lincoln Andrews, SC, USA, a daughter, Ann Meredith Andrews, wife of Maj. and Mrs. Melvin Rhodes Russell, CA, USA.

BARKER—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 12 June 1942, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Chester Barker, Fort Ord, Calif., a son.

BERGLUND—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 15 June 1942, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Carl Berglund, a son, Carl L. Berglund.

BREADHOFF—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 22 June 1942, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. W. Breadhoff, CASC 1929, a daughter, Mildred Jean Breadhoff.

CAMPBELL—Born at the Doctors Hospital, New York City, 29 June 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. Paul Campbell, Jr., of Greenwich, Conn., a son, Willets Campbell.

CONNELLY—Born at Philadelphia Lying-in Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 18 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. Stanley W. Connelly, OD, a daughter, Jeanne.

COUTLER—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 12 June 1942, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Norman D. Coutler, a son.

COWLES—Born at Latter Day Saints Hospital, Salt Lake City, Utah, 19 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. Herbert N. Cowles, a daughter, Joan Lee.

CRAWFORD—Born in Havana, Cuba, 19 June 1942, to Mr. and Mrs. William Avery Crawford, a daughter, Barbara, granddaughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Kenneth Gardner, USA-Ret.

DUNN—Born at the Portsmouth Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., 13 June 1942, to Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Wyly Dunn, II, a son, Beverly Wyly Dunn, III, grandson of Col. and Mrs. Walter Kilshaw Dunn, GSC, and great-grandson of the late Col. and Mrs. Beverly Wyly Dunn.

EDWARDS—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 29 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Walton M. Edwards, twins, a boy, Walton Meredith, Jr., and a girl, Wendy Mellynn.

HALL—Born at the Delaware County Hospital, Drexel Hill, Pa., 14 June 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. Mrs. Robert D. Hall, a daughter, Patricia Anne Hall.

HANSEN—Born at Georgetown University Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. Harold Dale Hansen, USMC, a son, Harold Dale Hansen, Jr.

HICKS—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 20 June 1942, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Alfred Hicks, Ft. Funston, Calif., a daughter, Carol Ann Hicks.

HOLSTROM—Born at Tacoma, Wash., recently, to Lt. and Mrs. Everett Holstrom, USA, a daughter.

HOWARD—Born in Baltimore, Md., recently, to Lt. and Mrs. Philip William Howard, USNR, a son, Philip William Howard, Jr.

HYKES—Born at Cumberland, Md., 27 June 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. Rolland T. Hykes, Ord. Dept., USA, a son, David Lee.

JOHNSON—Born at Fort Sill, Okla., 23 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. Gilbert Johnson, FA, a son, James Gilbert Johnson.

KERR—Born at Fuller-Gilliam Hospital, Mayfield, Ky., 11 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Allen D. Kerr, CAC, a daughter, Joann Porter Kerr.

KING—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 24 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. Ludlow King, a son, Ludlow King, 3d.

MAIRS—Born at LeRoy Sanitarium, New York, 26 June 1942, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Olney Blanchard Mairs, jr., USNR, a son, Olney Blanchard Mairs, 3d.

MELROY—Born at Arnot Ogden Hospital, Elmira, N. Y., 23 June 1942, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ivan W. McElroy, AC, a son, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. C. Morris Thompson, Mansfield, Pa., and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McElroy, Austin, Tex., and grandnephew of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John B. Thompson, Armored Force, USA.

MELROY—Born at the Greenwich Hospital, Greenwich, Conn., 14 June 1942, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James E. McElroy, CAC, USA, a daughter, Billie Ann.

MEWAN—Born at The Orange General Hospital, Orlando, Fla., 27 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Beverley McKwan of Camp Livingston, La., a son, Christopher Gaillard McKwan.

MUIR—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Bennett W. Muir, MC, a daughter, Elizabeth Ann.

PARROTT—Born at the Harkness Pavilion, New York City, 1 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Thomas A. Parrott, FA, a son, Thomas Sheffield Parrott, grandson of Col. and Mrs. Roger Sheffield Parrott of Fort Bragg, N. C.

PATRICK—Born in the Southwestern Hospital, Lawton, Okla., 18 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis H. Patrick, FA, RA, a daughter, Marsha Dee.

PHILLIPS—Born at Strong Memorial Hospital, Rochester, N. Y., 29 June 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. Monroe Phillips, Ord. Dept., a son, Bruce Allen.

SANDBERG—Born at Dumas City Hospital, Dumas, Ark., 26 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Ennis D. Sandberg, MAC, USA, a daughter, Susan.

SCHENPLEIN—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 22 June 1942, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. J. W. Schenplein, Benecia Arsenal, Calif., a son, Vernon Francis Schenplein.

SCHOWALTER—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 18 June 1942, to Sgt. and Mrs. Milton J. Schowalter, Fort Funston, Calif., a son, Milton DeWayne Schowalter.

SOVEREL—Born at Virginia Beach, Va., 22 June 1942, to Lt. and Mrs. William Wolcott Soverel, USNR, a daughter, Anne Truxton, granddaughter of Capt. Benjamin Hoyer of Key West, Fla.

TARRANTO—Born at Southwestern Hospital, Lawton, Okla., 19 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. S. F. Tarranto, FA, USA, a daughter, Carolyn Frances.

UNDERWOOD—Born at St. Luke's Hospital, New Bedford, Mass., 16 June 1942, to Maj. and Mrs. George V. Underwood, Jr., CAC, a son, William Boyd Underwood.

VAIL—Born at Fort Devens, Mass., 18 April 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. William H. Vail, flight surgeon, a son, William Henry Vail, 3d.

YOUNG—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 19 June 1942, to Capt. and Mrs. Truman R. Young, 4th Army Hqrs., a son, Truman Richards Young.

Married

AMBROSE-SMYTH—Married in Christ Church of Warwick Parish, Bermuda, 26 June 1942, Miss Winifred Smyth, to Ens. Grant L. Ambrose, USNR.

ARRINGTON-WHEELER—Married at the Church of the Transfiguration, New York City, 20 June 1942, Miss Layte Thomas Wheeler, to Ens. John H. Arrington, USNR, son of Mrs. G. M. Arrington of Washington, D. C., and brother of Lt. C. B. Arrington, USCG.

ARWINE-SHERMAN—Married in the Church of the Covenant, New York, 2 July 1942, Miss Natalie Anne Sherman, to Lt. (jg) John S. Arwine, son of the late Comdr. John S. Arwine, USN, and of Mrs. W. A. Bullock, New York.

BATES-NICHOLSON—Married in All Saints' Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Miss Dorothy Mildred Nicholson, sister of Lt. Jesse Frank Nicholson, USN, to Mr. Harrison Bates.

BAYTON-POINDEXTER—Married in the Fredericksburg Baptist Church, Fredericksburg, Va., 8 June 1942, Miss Margaret June Poindexter, to Lt. Ernest Linwood Bayton, jr., DC, USA.

BEATY-CORSCADEN—Married in Christ Church, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York, 27 June 1942, Miss Julia Corscaden, to 2nd Lt. Thurston Beaty, MC, USA.

BLOOM-BIRNN—Married at the post chapel, Morris Field, Charlotte, N. C., 30 June 1942, Miss Ruth E. Birnn, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Roland Birnn, USA, to Lt. John Preston Bloom, AC, USA.

BLOOM-WALTERS—Married in Carson City, Nev., in early June, Miss Freda Walters, to W. O. Frederick Bloom, USA.

BOLAND-RYAN—Married in the Sacred Heart Cathedral, Richmond, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Bingham Ryan, to Capt. Daniel L. Boland, USA.

BOTTENBERG-BUTLER—Married in Norfolk, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Mary Millard Butler, to Ens. William Robert Bottenberg, USNR.

BOURKE-JONES—Married in All Souls' Memorial Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 21 June 1942, Miss Iva Lorene Jones, to Ens. William Thomas Bourke.

BOWELL-KROGMANN—Married in St. Anthony's Church, Washington, D. C., 25 June 1942, Miss Clare Elizabeth Krogmann, to Lt. (jg) John Howard Bowell, USN.

BUGHER-GLASGOW—Married at the home of Col. and Mrs. E. V. Cutrer in San Antonio, Tex., 6 June 1942, Mrs. Edith Gray Glasgow, to Capt. William Bugher, USA-Ret. Capt. and Mrs. Bugher are at home at 142 Berkeley Road, Terrell Hills, San Antonio, Tex.

BURGAN-KANE—Married in the parish house of the Catholic Cathedral of the Holy Cross, Boston Mass., 22 June 1942, Miss Vera Kane, to Lt. (jg) William Wilson Burgan.

CAMPBELL-WHITMAN—Married in the Second Congregational Church, New London, Conn., 26 June 1942, Miss Alma Whitman, to Ens. Donald D. Campbell, USNR.

CAUSEY-MIDGETT—Married in St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., 25 June 1942, Miss Virginia Dorothy Midgett, to Lt. John Paul Causey, USNR.

CHRISTMAN-COULBRON—Married at Memorial Chapel, Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., 23 June 1942, Miss Patricia Gertrude Coulbron, to Ens. James William Christman, USCG, son of Chief Warrant Officer and Mrs. Arthur Floyd Christman, USA, Pine Camp, N. Y.

CLARK-ARNTZEN—Married in the chapel at Bolling Field, D. C., 25 June 1942, Miss Clara Marie Arntzen, to Capt. Milford Harrison Clark.

CLARK-OMALLEY—Married in the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, 27 June 1942, Miss Kathleen Edsall O'Malley, to Lt. Thomas Walter Clark, AC, USA.

COMER-SMITH—Married in the Wallace Memorial Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 1 July 1942, Miss Vivian Gray Smith, to Cadet Joseph H. Comer, jr., AC.

CROSS-STEVENS—Married in the Bethesda Presbyterian Church, Bethesda, Md., 29 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Russell Stevens, to Lt. (jg) James Garland Cross, Jr., USNR.

CUSHMAN-SHUGG—Married at the Fort Myer Chapel, Fort Myer, Va., 21 June 1942, Miss Blanche Shugg, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Roland P. Shugg, to Lt. George Hawley Cushman, III, USA.

DAY-BOWDEN—Married at the First Presbyterian Church, Glens Falls, N. Y., 27 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Carswell Bowden, to 2nd Lt. Richard Gough Day, Jr., Medical Reserve Corps.

DOWNING-ALLEN—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Orange, N. J., 26 June 1942, Miss Helen Vivian Allen, to Lt. John Wesley Downing, Jr., USA.

DOYLE-SANFORD—Married in St. Anne's Church, Baltimore, Md., 25 June 1942, Miss Mary Elizabeth Sanford, to Lt. John Francis Doyle, USMC, Parris Island, S. C.

DRUM-STOLARZ—Married in St. Joseph's Church, Passaic, N. J., 27 June 1942, Miss Emilie R. Stolarz, to Capt. George Drum, Brooklyn.

DUNN-LAWRENCE—Married in the Episcopal Chapel, Governors Island, N. Y., 16 May 1942, Miss Laura Mae Lawrence, to Mr. Walter Kilshaw Dunn, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Walter Kilshaw Dunn, GSC, and grandson of the late Col. and Mrs. Beverly Wyly Dunn.

DUNSTAN-PODLES—Married in Baltimore, Md., 21 June 1942, Miss Sabina Bernice Podles, to Lt. Albert Irving Dunstan, USA.

ECKHARDT-HENDERSON—Married in the Sixth Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 26 June 1942, Miss Katherine Louise Henderson, to Ens. August G. Eckhardt, USNR, brother of Maj. George Eckhardt, USA.

ERWIN-RICE—Married at the Westover Baptist Church, Arlington, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Rebecca Rice, to Lt. William Blackwell Erwin, Fort Belvoir, Va.

EUBANK-WOOLEY—Married in the old First Methodist Church, Long Branch, N. J., 27 June 1942, Miss Marjory Golden Wooley, to Ens. Hugh Allen Eubank, USNR, brother of Lt. Gerald A. Eubank, Jr., of Washington.

FARLEY-SHRUM—Married in Chapel 5, Camp Lee, Va., 14 June 1942, Miss Phyllis Gardner Shrum, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Winfield Orval Shrum, Fort Devens, Mass., to Lt. William C. Farley, USA.

FLINT-MANOVILLE—Married at Greenville, S. C., 28 June 1942, Miss Jan Maureen Manoville, to Mr. William deVisser Flint of the Army, son of Capt. and Mrs. Harold Lusk Flint, USA.

FOOTE-SMITH—Married in the First Parish Church, Weston, Mass., Miss Anna Putnam Smith, to Ens. George Bradford Foote, USNR.

GADDIS-GIESLER—Married at Saint

Boniface Rectory, San Francisco, Calif., 21 May 1942, Miss Dorothy Louise Giesler, to Ens. Walter Donald Gaddis, USN.

GAINES-HARRIS—Married in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Mineral Wells, Tex., 7 June 1942, Miss Betty Lou Harris, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ray W. Harris, to Lt. Weaver H. Gaines, Camp Wolters, Tex.

GARDINER-DUMSTREY—Married in Christ Church, Cambridge, Mass., 30 June 1942, Miss Frances Anne Dumstre, daughter of Chaplain and Mrs. Herbert Dumstre, USN, to Mr. George Gardiner.

GARDNER-ROUSS—Married in the Episcopal Church of St. John's, Locust Valley, L. I., 26 June 1942, Miss Mary E. Rouss, to Ens. Robert B. Gardner, jr., USNR.

GAY-ODELL—Married in the Trinity Lutheran Church, Los Angeles, Calif., 20 June 1942, Miss Sadie O'Dell, to Lt. Robert Norman Gay, Mather Field, Calif.

GHERARDI-ROE—Married in the Central Presbyterian Church, New York, 27 June 1942, Mrs. Sylvia C. Roe, to Lt. Harry Taylor Gherardi, son of Mrs. W. R. Gherardi and the late Rear Admiral Gherardi.

GIBBS-KING—Married in St. Thomas' Church, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Margaret Catherine King, to Lt. (jg) George Gibbs, USNR.

GOODYEAR-FOX—Married at Locust Valley, L. I., 30 June 1942, Miss Aline Fox, to Lt. Stephen Goodyear, Army Medical Corps Reserve.

GRIMSHAW-PILLING—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Westfield, N. J., 27 June 1942, Miss Jenn W. Pilling, to Lt. Frederick George Grimshaw, jr., USA.

HAMBLETON-FAESCH—Married in Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Mabel Elizabeth Faesch, to Lt. Harry Bulkley Hambleton, Governor's Island, N. Y., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Harry Bulkley Hambleton.

HARRIS-TILTON—Married in the Episcopal Church of the Transfiguration, New York, 21 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Lowell Tilton, to Ens. Pratt Madison Harris, USNR.

HARRISON-GOFFE—Married in St. John's Episcopal Church, Larchmont, L. I., 27 June 1942, Miss Mary Elizabeth Goffe, to Lt. William Reginald Harrison, USA.

HOLBERT-WHITE—Married at Holyoke, Mass., 25 June 1942, Miss Martha Anne White, to 1st Lt. Kenneth W. Holbert, 60th Transport Group, Westover Field, Mass.

HOLSAPPLE-CURTIS—Married in St. Joseph's Chapel of the Washington Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Anne Hamilton Curtis, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Merritt B. Curtis, USMC, to Lt. (jg) Henry Taylor Holsapple, USNR.

HOLZMAN-TITUS—Married in the Chapel of the Naval Training Station, Newport, R. I., 26 June 1942, Miss Barbara Titus, to Ens. Joseph Victor Holzman, USNR.

HOWARD-AMEND—Married at Catamount, Mass., 27 June 1942, Miss Nancy Amend, to Lt. Perez Briggs Howard, jr., AGO, 1st Corps Area, Boston.

HOWELL-SCHRODER—Married at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Helen Elizabeth Schroder, to Ens. John Stephen Howell.

JOB-WOODLAND—Married at the Fort Sam Houston Post Chapel, 26 June 1942, Miss Virginia Stuart Woodland, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Christopher Woodland, to Lt. Joseph Edward Job, Inf., AUS.

JONES-CRABTREE—Married in the Little Church Around the Corner, New York, 30 June 1942, Miss Constance S. Crabtree, to Ens. Rodney Goodwin Jones, USNR.

JONES-GAY—Married in the Chapel of the Cross, Chapel Hill, N. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Mary Georgia Gay, to Ens. Arthur Edward Jones, jr., USN.

KEATING-HOLT—Married in St. Ignatius Loyola Church, New York City, 29 June 1942, Miss Joan Elizabeth Holt, to Lt. John Honan Keating, jr., USA.

KELLEY-STOKES—Married in the parsonage of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran Church, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Bernice Lillian Stokes, to Sgt. William R. Kelley, USMC.

KEPHART-GRIFFITH—Married at the Woodside Methodist Church, Woodside, Md., 23 June 1942, Miss Mary Ann Griffith, to Ens. George Overton Kephart, USCG.

KLING-BOOTH—Married in Norfolk, Va., 20 June 1942, Miss Lillian Caperton Booth, to Ens. Vincent George Kling, USNR.

LEE-LAFFERTY—Married in the First (Please turn to Page 1255)

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

According to the Treasury Department, the expenditures of the Federal Government during the fiscal year ending 1 July, totaled \$32,491,307,397, of which \$25,953,665,954 were for war purposes. Revenues during the past year amounted to \$12,799,061,621. The deficit, therefore, is \$19,692,245,776. Astounding as these figures are, they will not approach those to be reported on 30 June next. Secretary Morgenthau anticipates expenditures during the current year will amount to \$67,000,000,000. The tax bill, to be reported within a few days to the House, is expected to produce added Treasury receipts of \$5,924,000,000, or an overall total of \$18,000,000,000. The deficit next June, consequently, is likely to be around \$50,000,000,000, which would bring our National debt to the unprecedented height of \$125,000,000,000.

It is not surprising in view of these colossal figures that Mr. Morgenthau is insisting that the burden of the tax bill favored by the Ways and Means Committee, be increased. In the hope of getting his views adopted, the Administration has resorted to the expedient of declaring the bill open to amendments on the floor of the House. This will mean that there will be a vote on the sales tax proposal, which, if adopted, will bring at 5% an estimated revenue of 2½ billions. It now seems certain that all persons earning more than \$500 will be subject to tax, and if this appears in the final law everyone in the Army and Navy will be compelled to turn a part of their increased pay back to the Treasury.

It is considered probable that in view of the heavy expenditures, and to prevent inflation, even larger taxes will be imposed by a bill which will be passed next year. It will be recalled that President Roosevelt warned that such a measure would have to be passed annually during the period of the war. However, it is likely that greater attention to economy will be paid in Congress. The cost of the Government, other than for war, during the past fiscal year was \$6,537,641,443. In spite of the President's wishes, Congress abolished the CCC, and a strong sentiment is developing for the abolition of the NYA. There are various other activities, which it is claimed, can be pruned. Leon Henderson, Price Administrator, is demanding that Congress appropriate for his Office the full amount of his estimate, but the feeling he has aroused by his criticisms of that body makes it doubtful that it will add all of the \$6 billions to the 95 billions the Appropriations Committee has authorized.

Washington is greatly disturbed over the fact that the rubber scrap drive produced only 219,000 tons. The period of the drive has been extended in the hope that this small quantity delivered at gas stations will be increased. One of the purposes of the drive is to determine whether Nation-wide rationing of gas will be necessary. On the face of the current returns, it would seem that the Administration will be forced to take this action.

War Program

(Continued from First Page)

when a unit is ready to be set up at its destination.

First structure to be assembled, after equipment has been laid out according to plan by a five-ton truck, three two-and-one-half-ton trucks, a station wagon and a half-ton truck, all integral parts of the hospital, is the maintenance building from which general construction operations are carried on. Next problem is the provision of buildings for quarters, cooking and messing. Water supply is seen to by laying of water lines and setting up of a filtration plant. The galley's appointments include two large ranges and a bake oven, all oil-burning, and an automatic dish washer. Refrigeration for storage of foods is provided in another metal building featuring an ice-making machine and an ice-cream manufacturer. Metal buildings reduce fire hazards but for emergency purposes two forty-gallon foam-type fire carts are listed together

with several one-gallon extinguishers. Ward buildings are set up for metal beds so constructed that they may be converted into double deckers, if necessary.

The X-ray department has one large unit and two portable machines for bedside work. Two operating rooms are maintained, as fully equipped as that of any large hospital.

Another seventy-two foot long building contains a steam laundry. Electric power for the hospital is furnished from a power house structure housing steam generating plants and diesel generators. Garbage disposal is by means of an oil burning incinerator. A three-hundred gallon field water cart stands by to haul emergency drinking water from ship or other local source.

Many Heroes Honored

For heroism displayed during the Japanese attack on Kaneohe Bay, Honolulu, T. H., 7 Dec. 1942, the President has awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor to John W. Finn, Aviation Chief Ordnanceman, USN, whose home is at 4144 Palmetto Way, San Diego, Calif. Chief Finn manned his 50-caliber machine gun in an exposed position and kept that position throughout the first part of the raid, shooting it out with the Japanese dive bombers, giving them almost bullet for bullet. Only when sternly ordered to cover, that his many wounds might be attended to, did he give up his post. The medal was given him for "extraordinary heroism, distinguished service and devotion above the call of duty."

Capt. Frank D. Wagner, USN, received the Distinguished Service Medal on 26 June 1942 for his leadership in the many activities of Patrol Wing 10 which lost many planes and flyers in their uneven fight with Japanese throughout Far Eastern islands. The medal was presented by Secretary Frank Knox.

Captain Wagner is now Director of the Aviation Division of the Office of Chief of Naval Operations.

Secretary Knox also decorated, on the same day, Lt. Draper L. Kauffman, USNR, son of Rear Adm. J. L. Kauffman and Mrs. Kauffman, with the Navy Cross for unloading and dissecting a live 500-lb. bomb dropped by the Japanese in Hawaii.

Six Army nurses were given royal blue citation ribbons by Assistant Secretary of War John J. McCloy in ceremonies at Red Cross National Headquarters, Washington, D. C., on 1 July 1942 for their bravery at Bataan and Corregidor under "the most critical circumstances in history." These nurses are the first American women so honored in this war. They are: Dorothea Daley of Hamilton, Mo.; Florence MacDonald of Brockton, Mass.; Juanita Redmond of Swansea, S. C.; Harriet G. Lee of Great Barrington, Mass.; Mary Lohn of Greensburg, Penna.; and Eunice C. Hatchitt of Lockhart, Tex.

In addition to Captain Wagner of Patrol Wing 10's outfit, decorations or promotions were issued to 56 officers and men of the gallant aviation command which started with 42 bombers in the Philippines and ended with only two in Australia—a command that fought almost continuously against overwhelming odds with never a word of complaint. Decorations were given as follows:

Navy Cross—Lt. Burden R. Hastings, USN (missing in action); Lt. Jack B. Dawley, USN; Lt. (jg) Elwyn L. Christian, USNR; Radioman 1st Class Robert L. Pettit, USN (deceased); Aviation Chief Machinist's Mate Don D. Lurvey, USN; Aviation Machinist's Mate 2nd Class Joseph Bangust, USN (deceased); Aviation Machinist's Mates Andrew K. Wademan, USN, and Eversen C. McLawhorn, USN.

Distinguished Flying Crosses—Comdr. John V. Peterson, USN; Lt. Comdr. Harmon T. Utter, USN; Lt. Clarence A. Keller, Jr., USN; Lt. Charles C. Hoffman, USN; Lt. Duncan A. Campbell, USN; Lt. (jg) LeRoy C. Deede, USNR; Lt. (jg) Richard Bull, USNR (deceased); Lt. (jg) John M. Robertson, USNR (missing); Lt. (jg) William Robinson, USN (missing); Lt. (jg) Ira W. Brown, Jr., USNR; and Ens. John F. Davis, USNR.

Those promoted for meritorious services were:

Chief Aviation's Machinist's Mates from

Aviation Machinist's Mates 1st Class—Clarence J. Bannowsky, Jr., Naval Aviation Pilot; D. W. Bounds, NAP; Wilmo E. Bowen, NAP; John W. Clark, NAP; Maynard E. Humphreys, NAP; John A. Wilson, NAP; Dayton W. Trent (missing), Michael D. Kelly, John L. Cumberland, Mario Ferrera and Edgar P. Palm.

Chief Radiomen from Radiomen 1st Class—N. T. Whitford, Lindsey B. Wells, Ralph W. Preece, Charles J. Poznanac (missing), John W. Bilsky, Henry C. Gudikunst, Michael G. Irano, John W. Jones and Ford S. Kelley.

Chief Yeomen from Yeomen 1st Class—Sandy Bolla and Phillip S. Perry.

Aviation Machinist's Mate 1st Class from Aviation Machinist's Mates 2nd Class—Bedlington N. Wood, Jr., and John M. Leaverton (missing).

Radiomen 1st Class from Radiomen 2nd Class—Thomas L. Vinson, Charles R. Phillips, Jr., Vernard C. Nichols, William R. Miller, Paul H. Landers (missing), Claude A. Grant, Horace P. Garrett, Jr., Russell J. Euterline, Lyle H. Dudgeon, Olan L. Dockery and Rosario A. Caltabiano.

Storekeeper 1st Class from Storekeeper 2nd Class—Carlton C. Chestnut.

Storekeeper 2nd Class from Storekeeper 3rd Class—Dean Perry.

Commissions in Sea Services

(Continued from First Page)

senior petty and noncommissioned officers who have perfected themselves in certain skills, will be used as "jumping off" places for young men whom it is desired to place there, as a preliminary to issuance of commissions. The Navy has given assurances, however, that no such policy is intended. Its recent proposal to create four new warrant specialties, designed particularly to reward senior petty officers, lends assurance that the present conception of the warrant grades will not be changed.

Industrial Camouflage

(Industrial Camouflage Manual, by Konrad F. Wittman, Reinhold Publishing Corp., New York, 128 pages, \$4.00)

REPEATEDLY warned that their plants face the imminent danger of enemy aerial bombardment, America's industrial leaders today, in cooperation with military officials, are taking giant strides to insure that if and when these Axis planes fly above our war factories they will have the utmost difficulty in hitting important targets.

Aside from the military forces which will certainly strike hard at any enemy attacking force, industrialists are placing much stress upon efficient camouflage of their plants. Leader in the detailed study of proper camouflage technique is the famous Pratt Institute in Brooklyn, N. Y., and the *Industrial Camouflage Manual* is a report of the important discoveries these artists have made.

Dedicated to Col. Homer Saint-Gaudens, CE, "soldier, gentleman, author, art critic and friend"—America's military camouflage expert—the manual states: "Until now, we designed a factory with ground-plan and elevation, but it is no longer unimportant how this looks from the sky. A new element determines our planning—the bird's eye view."

A 100 pages of analytical pictures and explanatory discussions show clearly the principles of camouflage and how they may be applied, and what are the dangers of bombardment and how may they be minimized. These are the problems which *Industrial Camouflage Manual* answers with picture and word.

Indeed it is upon the execution of steps outlined in this manual that American war production, facing the threat of interruption by bombardment, will be protected. It tells the reader why certain steps should be taken, then how they may be carried out, and then lastly what this will cost. The camouflaging of a typical factory is discussed from these three viewpoints, and it is demonstrated that to properly camouflage a factory of \$720,000 replacement cost, \$14,970 would be needed for its camouflage, or 2.8 per cent of the factory building cost.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

Admitting at a press conference this week that submarine sinkings are ahead of United Nation's shipbuilding capacity, Rear Adm. Howard L. Vickery disclosed, however, that the United States Merchant Marine is larger than it was before the war.

He stated that during June a total of 66 new cargo ships and tankers were in service, representing 731,900 deadweight tons. In May, he said, 58 ships of 632,304 deadweight tons were delivered.

He said that a progress summary of the first six months of 1942 shows that 228 ships of approximately 2,544,000 deadweight tons have been delivered. "I am confident that the remaining ships required to carry out President Roosevelt's directive of 8,000,000 deadweight tons for the entire year will be built," he said, qualifying this with the important restriction that the construction program is dependent on "a steady flow of steel and other materials in the required amounts."

Affirmatively declaring that "seamen have been doing a good job," but asserting, nevertheless, that "the morale of Merchant Marine requires immediate and constructive attention," Mr. Marshall E. Dimock, director of the Recruitment and Manning Organization, War Shipping Administration, said this week that seamen must be provided with "a chance to forget the sea, relax, and have a good time while they are ashore."

In a speech delivered before the National Association of Seamen's Welfare Agencies at Portland, Me., he outlined a morale program in which was included education of the public to the job the seamen are doing by press reports; expansion of community recreational resources to include seamen; and creation of special distinctions and opportunities for men of the Merchant Marine. He said that plans should have "the long-range view," and that the program which would build up should not "collapse after the war."

Mr. Dimock said the goal "is to make the United States Merchant Marine into a profession with all the pride and privileges that are granted to any other profession. In order to do this," he suggested, "the Merchant Marine must be made attractive to young men seeking careers, and must guarantee a certain amount of security, adequate pay, opportunity for advancement, good working conditions, and recognition that is consonant with duties performed." His address stressed that emphasis was needed on the long-named necessity—recognition.

In response to a query posed them by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, USO officials said this week that facilities under their supervision were open only to uniformed personnel—which would exclude men of the merchant marine—but they pointed out that plans are now under study to provide means by which seamen may be included in the benefits of the broad USO program.

WSA Appropriation

Testimony by Rear Adm. Emory B. Land, USN-Ret., War Shipping Administrator, on the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation for 1943, in which \$1,100,000,000 is asked for the WSA, reveals that between 2,200 and 2,600 ships will be operated by the Government during the fiscal year 1943.

Admiral Land explained that \$177,000,000 of this sum would be used to purchase ships, with \$130,000,000 being allocated to buy 77 ships now under construction in Canada.

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Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Page 1253)

Brigade Chapel, Fort Bliss, Tex., 24 June 1942. Miss Dorothy Ann Lafferty, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Frederick Reid Lafferty, GSC, to Capt. Levin Lane Lee.

LEITER-OATES—Married in the chapel of St. Thomas' Church, New York, Miss Marion Oates, daughter of Mrs. Philip Green and the late Capt. William C. Oates, to Mr. Thomas Leiter.

LULL-BEST—Married in the Arlington Presbyterian Church, Arlington, Va., 24 June 1942, Miss Hope Elaine Best, to Lt. Edward Lull, USNR, son of the late Col. Charles Edward Terry Lull.

MCCURRY-STEVENS—Married in the Hamilton Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, Md., 26 June 1942, Miss Doris May Stevens, to Eugene McCurry, Aberdeen, Md.

McGINNIS-MACE—Married in St. Albans Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Barbara Martin Mace, to Ens. Harry McGinnis, III.

McHARG-HOLLAND—Married in the Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 26 June 1942, Miss Sara Ann Holland, to Capt. Henry K. McHarg, 3d, USA.

McMANUS-SCHULTZ—Married in the Church of St. Rose of Lima, Short Hills, N. J., 30 June 1942, Miss Joan Glover Schultz, to Lt. John Ambrose McManus, AC, USA.

MAKE-HAKALA—Married in the chapel at Mather Field, Calif., 13 June 1942, Miss Janet Mary Hakala, to 2nd Lt. William Rudolph Make.

MARTIN-PERRY—Married in Yuma, Ariz., June 1942, Miss Janet Perry, to Capt. Marshall C. Martin, Jr., USMC, son of Col. and Mrs. Marlin Clack Martin, Austin, Tex., formerly of Columbia, S. C.

MATHER-BENTON—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Norfolk, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Mary Louise Benton, to Lt. Lee Mather, USNR.

NETZLER-CONKLIN—Married in the Holy Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, 28 June 1942, Miss Kathryn Marguerite Conklin, to Lt. James Patrick Metzler, USMC.

MEYER-ALEXANDER—Married in the Church of St. Sebastian's Church, Providence, R. I., 30 June 1942, Miss Harriet Ann Alexander, to Lt. Ralph Resta Meyer, MC, USA.

MILLER-GONZALEZ—Married in the Cathedral of the Blessed Sacrament, Sacramento, Calif., 20 June 1942, Miss Eleanor Gonzales, to Lt. John Ellis Miller, Jr., instructor at Mather Field, Calif.

MILNER-TERHUNE—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Pensacola, Fla., 26 June 1942, Miss Barbara Wright Terhune, daughter of Lt. Comdr. Howard H. Terhune, USNR, to Lt. (jg) Raymond Leslie Milner, USNR.

MURPHY-BLOCH—Married in the rectory of St. Louis Bertrand Church, Louisville, Ky., June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Belle Bloch, niece of Adm. C. C. Bloch, USN, to Lt. Col. Philip Harrison Murphy.

NE-GLOVER—Married in the chapel at the Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Va., 20 June 1942, Miss Ellen Stewart Glover, to Ens. Robert Duane Nye, USN.

PALMER-BAUER—Married in the Congregational Church, Wellesley, Mass., 7 June 1942, Miss Dorothy Ellen Bauer, to Ens. Robert R. Palmer, USNR.

1942, Miss Dorothy Ellen Bauer, to Ens. Robert R. Palmer, USNR.

PATTON-PARK—Married in the chapel at Mather Field, Calif., 13 June 1942, Miss Kathryn Louise Park, to 2nd Lt. Charles R. Patton, Jr.

PHILLIPS-DAVIS—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Indianapolis, Ind., 6 June 1942, Miss Elizabeth Tyler Davis, to Lt. Arnold T. Phillips, AAF.

PHILLIPS-LETTICE—Married in Alexandria, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Patricia Margaret Lettice, to Lt. Raymond McDonald Phillips, USA.

PHILLIPS-SHAW—Married at Alumnae House, Vassar College, 27 June 1942, Miss Clara Catherine Shaw, to Ens. Walter Edward Phillips, Jr., USN.

RAAP-BLAIR—Married in the Westminster Presbyterian Church, Sacramento, Calif., in early June, Miss Jeanne Blair, to Lt. William Robert Raap, Mather Field, Calif.

REINER-FRANKLAND—Married in Elizabeth, N. J., 1 July 1942, Miss Peggy Frankland, to 2nd Lt. Ivan Arthur Reiner, USA.

RHODES-HADDICK—Married at McChord Field, Wash., 20 May 1942, Miss Arline Haddick, to Lt. William John Rhodes, AC, USA.

RINER-EISELE—Married in the Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 21 June 1942, Miss Betty Jane Eisele, to Ens. Clarence Chrisman Riner, Jr.

ROBERTS-GEE—Married in Washington, D. C., 21 June 1942, Miss Mary Elizabeth Gee, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Cleveland C. Gee, USA-Ret., to 1st Lt. Donald W. Roberts, AC, AUS.

ROBINSON-McCORKLE—Married in the Lutheran Church of the Reformation, Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Dorothea Ada McCorkle, to Lt. John Mentzer Robinson, USNR.

ROTHEN-DECKER—Married in Grace Episcopal Church, Madison, N. J., 27 June 1942, Miss Doris Henry Decker, to Lt. Marshall William Rothen, Fort Monmouth, N. J.

SACKS-WALDMAN—Married in the Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C., 28 June 1942, Miss Sylvia Rita Waldman, to Lt. Jerome Gerald Sacks, USA.

SCHINDLER-NIELD—Married at "The Shadows," near Stamford, Conn., 28 June 1942, Miss Frances Elaine Nield, to Lt. Raymond Campbell Schindler, Jr., USA, Governor's Island, N. Y.

SMALL-HOCKER—Married at Fort Sheridan, Ill., 13 June 1942, Miss Peggy Hocker, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Carl E. Hocker, and niece of Capt. and Mrs. George C. Kriner, USN, to Ens. James Dickerman Small, USN.

SMITH-PHILLIPS—Married in the Metropolitan Memorial Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 24 June 1942, Miss Dorothy Elizabeth Phillips, to Ens. William L. Smith, USCG.

STEDMAN-IRWIN—Married at Groton, Mass., 27 June 1942, Miss Mary Irwin, to Ens. William Ellery Stedman, USNR.

STANFILL-CRAIG—Married in Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 25 June 1942, Miss Jeanne Marie Craig, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Howard Arnold Craig, AC, USA, to Dr. Charles Mac Stanfill, Jr.

STIMPSON-BYRD—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Winchester, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Margaret Lewis Byrd, to Ens. Harry Farnum Stimpson, Jr., USNR.

SWANK-GROSS—Married at the Chapel, Fort Myer, Va., 27 June 1942, Miss Dorothea Katherine Gross, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles Philip Gross, to Lt. Walter Drummond Swank, USA.

TOMLINSON-BLAUVELT—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, South Orange, N. J., 27 June 1942, Miss Dorothy Worth Blauvelt, to Lt. Franklin Eugene Tomlinson, AC, USA.

TURNER-PEYTON—Married in Palo Alto, Calif., 20 June 1942, Miss Polly Peyton, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Thomas G. Peyton, USN, granddaughter of Mrs. William E. Craigbill of Williamsburg, Va., and the late Colonel Craigbill, USA, and great-granddaughter of the late Gen. W. P. Craigbill, at one time Chief of Engineers, USA, to Ens. Carol Turner, USN.

TYRRELL-KENNEDY—Married in the Vanderveer Park Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 25 June 1942, Miss Ethel Kennedy, to Ens. W. Bradley Tyrrell, Jr., USNR.

YOUNG-HINGSBURG—Married in the Riverside Church, New York, 21 June 1942, Miss Emma Hingsburg, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Frederick Charles Hingsburg, USCG, to Ens. Richard W. Young, USCG.

WERBKE-HOPKINSON—Married at Zephyr Cove, Calif., in early June, Miss Esther Hopkinson, to Lt. James F. Werbke, USA.

WEISSE-KOEHLER—Married in the Church of the Atonement, Tenafly, N. J., 28 June 1942, Miss Ruth W. Koehler, to Lt. Frederick G. Weisse, USA.

WHEELER-CARTER—Married in Washington, D. C., 27 June 1942, Miss Gladys Anne Carter, to Ens. Richard Burton Wheeler, USNR.

WHEELER-WARREN—Married in St. Paul's Church, Key West, Fla., 22 June 1942, Miss Leonore Warren, to Lt. (jg) Joseph Calhoun Wheeler, USN.

WHITE-KAMP—Married in the Chapel of Christ Episcopal Church, Waukegan, Ill., 13 June 1942, Miss Juliana Kamp, to James Francis White, USN.

WILLIAMS-BROWN—Married in Washington, D. C., 26 June 1942, Mrs. Phoebe Marianne Baddeley Totten Brown, to Maj. Reginald A. F. Williams, Assistant Military Attaché at the British Embassy, Washington, D. C.

WILSON-BLISS—Married in the Post Chapel, Fort Bragg, N. C., 25 June 1942, Miss Dorothea Bliss, of Newport, R. I., to Lt. Frank Wilson, stationed in FARC, Fort Bragg.

WOOD-DELL—Married in the Mount Vernon Place Methodist Church, Baltimore, Md., 26 June 1942, Miss Doris Legore Dell, to Lt. William Meredith Wood, Jr., USA.

Died

ANDERSON—Died as the result of an airplane accident at March Field, Calif., 1 July 1942, S. Sgt. Norman S. Anderson, Enderlin, N. Dak.

BALDERSON—Died in Washington, D. C., 20 June 1942, Mr. Ernest W. Balderson, brother of Lt. Walter C. Balderson.

BALDWIN—Died in Brooklyn, New York, 23 June 1942, Col. Harry Beam Baldwin, NYNG-Ret.

BARRON—Died in Redwood City, Calif., 24 June 1942, George Haviland Barron, son of Capt. M. C. Barron, Mexican War, and father of Lt. Perry Barron, USN.

BERTRAM—Died at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 10 June 1942, Col. Edward H. Bertram, USA. Survived by his wife, Rosalie Williams Bertram, 2165 Selwyn Ave., Charlotte, N. C.; a daughter, Mrs. Harold C. Brown, wife of Capt. Brown, CE, and two sons, Edward H. Bertram, Jr., and Robert R. Bertram.

CAMP—Died recently, Ens. Jack Hill Camp, USNR. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Olive Hill Camp, 2011 8th St., Port Arthur, Tex.

CLARK—Died in Washington, D. C., 1 July 1942, Mrs. Mary Brown Clark, wife of Rear Adm. George R. Clark, USN-Ret., and mother of Mrs. Louise Kahle, wife of Col. John F. Kahle.

CLARK—Died in Flushing, Queens, N. Y., 23 June 1942, Mrs. Marguerite Dixon Clark, mother of Ens. Henry A. Clark, Jr., USN.

CORDER—Died as the result of an airplane accident near Dayton, Ohio, 28 June 1942, S. Sgt. Earl J. Corder of Kansas City, Mo.

DAVIS—Died as the result of an airplane accident at March Field, Calif., 1 July 1942, S. Sgt. Charles H. Davis, New Boston, O.

ELDER—Died as the result of an airplane accident near Dayton, Ohio, 28 June 1942, T. Sgt. W. K. Elder, of Denver, Colo.

ELROD—Died recently, Maj. Henry T. Elrod, USMC. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth J. Elrod, 432 E. St., Coronado, Calif.

FINUCANE—Died recently, 2nd Lt. Arthur E. Finucane, USMCR. Survived by his father, Mr. Francis J. Finucane, New Rookery Bldg., Spokane, Wash.

GILMORE—Died recently, Comdr. Walter William Gilmore, USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Victoria Gilmore, 609 S. Mansfield Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

GILMORE—Died recently, Comdr. Walter William Gilmore, (SC) USN. Survived by his son, 2nd Lt. Walter William Gilmore, Jr., USMCR, Basic Corps, Indiantown Gap, Pa.

GOLDSMITH—Died recently, Ens. George Hale Goldsmith, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. E. F. Goldsmith, 308 S. Main St., Atmore, Ga.

GORDON—Died as the result of an airplane accident at Columbus, Miss., 29 June 1942, Flying Cadet Rachburn F. Gordon, Farmville, Va.

GREEN—Died as the result of an airplane accident at March Field, Calif., 1 July 1942, 2nd Lt. Jack W. Green, Kansas City, Kans.

HEALY—Died recently, Lt. Comdr. Howard Raymond Healy, USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Josephine C. Healy, 236 Roswell Ave., Long Beach, Calif.

HERTZ—Died in the Station Hospital, Ft. Knox, Ky., 18 June 1942, Capt. Howard Davis Hertz, commanding the 4th Company, Training Group, Armored Force School.

HIGH—Died in Beverly Hills, Calif., 30 May 1942, Col. Daniel Lee High, MC, USA-Ret. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Sarah K. High of 329 S. Manhattan Place, Los Angeles, Calif.

HOOD—Died recently, Lt. Clark Alexander Hood, Jr., USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Pauline C. Hood, 532 Marina Ave., Coronado, Calif.

HOSTETLER—Died at Station Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 6 June 1942, Mrs. Nellie W. Hostetler, wife of Lt. Col. Robert L. Hostetler, Camp Bowie, Tex.

HOWARD—Died recently, Ens. John Martin Howard, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. Almer C. Howard, 2 E. Baltimore Ave., Media, Pa.

HURST—Died recently, Lt. Edwin William Hurst, USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Jeanette H. Hurst, 456 E. Ave., Coronado, Calif.

JOHNS—Died recently, Ens. Paul Howard Johns, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. Paul Henry Johns, 1817 Division Ave., Tacoma, Wash.

JOHNSTON—Died as the result of an airplane accident at Columbus, Miss., 29 June 1942, Flying Cadet Forest J. Johnston, North Hollywood, Calif.

JONES—Died at the Lynwood Nursing Home, New York City, 28 June 1942, Mrs. Jane C. R. Jones, mother of Lt. Comdr. Zachary Taylor Jones, USN.

KAHN—Died as the result of an airplane accident near the Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Fla., 30 June 1942, Aviation Cadet Roland Kahn, brother of Lt. Ephraim Kahn, MC, USA.

LANDRETH—Died as the result of an airplane accident near the Columbus, Miss., Army Flying School, 27 June 1942, S. Sgt. Robert S. Landreth, Camp Claiborne, La.

LEVIS—Died at the family home in Waverly, N. Y., 28 June 1942, Mrs. F. A. Levis, wife of Capt. F. A. Levis, USCG-Ret.; aged 75 years.

LYMAN—Died recently, Ens. Chauncey Lyman, USNR. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Ann Lyman, Kent, Wash.

McCLURE—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 26 June 1942, Brig. Gen. Nathaniel F. McClure, USA-Ret.

MAHANNAH—Died recently, 2nd Lt. Martin E. Mahannah, USMCR. Survived by his father, Mr. J. E. Mahannah, 631 Santa Fe, Augusta, Kans.

MEADOWS—Died at the Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Md., 26 June 1942, Capt. Pal Lamar Meadows, USN. Survived by his widow Mrs. Etta M. H. Meadows, and two daughters, Marjorie Jean and Dorothy Ann Meadows.

MITCHELL—Died recently, Ens. Albert Edward Mitchell, USNR. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Virginia W. Mitchell, 945 13th Ave., North, Seattle, Wash.

MOSLEY—Died recently, Ens. Walter Harold Mosley, USNR. Survived by his foster-

(Continued on Next Page)

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Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Preceding Page)

father, Mr. A. G. Mosley, 3600 Louisville, El Paso, Tex.

MURPHY—Died as the result of an airplane accident at March Field, Calif., 1 July 1942, 1st Lt. Robert K. Murphy, Twin Falls, Idaho.

NORROD—Died as the result of an airplane accident near Columbus, Miss., Army Flying School, 27 June 1942, Capt. Albert B. Norrod, Jr., of Washington, D. C. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Norrod, 707 20th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

OEHRMAN—Died as the result of an airplane accident near Dayton, Ohio, 28 June 1942, 2nd Lt. Ralph A. Oehman, Jr., USA, of Guilford College, N. C.

O'KEEFE—Died as the result of an airplane accident at Pensacola, Fla., 24 June 1942, Ens. Donald T. O'Keefe of Hartford, Conn.

PARSKE—Died as the result of an airplane accident at Pensacola, Fla., 24 June 1942, Ens. Franklin R. Parske of Tonawanda, N. Y.

PEIRCE—Died recently, Ens. Beach Peirce, naval aviator. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Peirce, 3738 Huntington St., N. W., Washington, D. C., and three brothers, Earl, Dudley and Peter Peirce, all of whom are in the Navy.

PIERCE—Died recently, Ens. Walter Edward Pierce, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. Bruno Pierce, 408 1st Ave., Oskaloosa, Iowa.

PRICE—Died recently, Lt. (jg) Edward Max Price, USN. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Ray P. Reynolds, Princeton, W. Va.

REEDER—Died as the result of an airplane crash near Bakersfield, Calif., 25 June 1942, 1st Lt. Clifford D. Reeder, Minter Field.

RICE—Died as the result of an airplane accident at March Field, Calif., 1 July 1942, Sgt. John E. Rice, Higbee, Mo.

SMITH—Died at 207 Bolling Road, N. E., Atlanta, Ga., 29 June 1942, Mrs. Gladys Ardienne Smith, wife of Col. Henry J. M. Smith, IGD, I. G. 4th Corps Area. Besides her husband, Mrs. Smith is survived by a son, Jeffrey G. Smith, aged 20, a student at Virginia Military Institute, and by a sister, Mrs. J. J. Ahern, Dallas, Tex.

SOOTER—Died recently, Lt. (jg) Cecil Dean Sooter, USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Doris Sooter, 1225 Hollywood Ave., Jacksonville, Fla.

STEWART—Died in Washington, D. C., 28 June 1942, Dr. Andrew Stewart, retired Bureau of Mines scientist, father of Ens. Henry Howell Stewart, USNR.

TALLAFERRO—Died in Alexandria, Va., 1 July 1942, Lt. Comdr. Albert Pendleton Tallafarro, jr., USNR, brother of Lt. Van B. Tallafarro, USN.

TROJAKOWSKI—Died recently, Comdr. Wadsworth Caesar Trojakowski, (DC) USN. Survived by his father, Mr. Frank A. Trojakowski, 1146 Van Nelson St., Schenectady, N. Y.

VANTURE—Died at St. Vincent's Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 25 June 1942, Mr. Charles Vanture, father of Lt. Col. George D. Vanture, USA, and Mrs. J. Porter Kidwell, Birmingham, Ala.

VAN ZANDT—Died as the result of an airplane accident near Dayton, Ohio, 28 June 1942, 2nd Lt. W. K. Van Zandt, USA, of Canton, N. Y.

WEBER—Died recently, Ens. Frederick T. Weber, USNR. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Matt Walsh, 1089 Bateman St., Galesburg, Ill.

WERTENBAKER—Died at San Diego, Calif., 24 June 1942, Capt. L. N. Wertenbaker, (SC) USN-Ret.

WHITMAN—Died recently, Lt. (jg) Robert Scott Whitman, jr., USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Josephine Porter Whitman, 1900 Clay St., San Francisco, Calif.

WIEST—Died in West Palm Beach, Fla., Dr. Newton Wiest, father of Mrs. Ellis F. Altman, wife of Col. Altman, USA.

ZIEHR—Died recently, Ens. Carl Halley Ziehr, USN. Survived by his father, Mr. Frank Albert Ziehr, 1166 Taylor Ave., Detroit, Mich.

ZWIERSCHKE—Died recently, Ens. Robert Hopkins Zwierschke, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. George H. Zwierschke, 308 Taunton Road, Buffalo, N. Y.

Movie Admissions

The House passed and sent to the Senate this week legislation, H. J. Res. 318 which would remove the tax on admissions paid at theatres and other activities under the control of the War and Navy Departments. In a letter to Congress, Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson had pointed out that the money saved from the non-payment of this tax would first permit the War Department to pro-

vide equipment for new theatres and secondly would eventually result in a reduction of soldiers' admission fees.

OBITUARIES

Funeral services for Brig. Gen. Nathaniel F. McClure, USA-Ret., who died 26 June at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., after a brilliant service career, was held at 10:30 A.M., Monday, 29 June, in the Fort Myer Chapel with Chaplain John C. W. Linsley officiating.

Interment was with full military honors in the Southern Section of Arlington National Cemetery. The following officers served as honorary pallbearers:

Maj. Gen. J. A. Uilo, The Adjutant General, Maj. Gen. J. M. Jenkins, USA-Ret., Brig. Gen. Ernest D. Scott, USA-Ret., Brig. Gen. F. D. Evans, USA-Ret., Brig. Gen. C. A. Hedekin, USA-Ret., Col. Alonzo Gray, USA-Ret., Col. Paul S. Bond, USA-Ret., Col. Harry D. Mitchell, USA-Ret., Col. William L. Keller, USA-Ret., Col. Julius I. Peyser, and Col. J. M. Heller.

General McClure was born in Crittenden, Ky., 21 July 1865. He was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in June, 1887, and commissioned a Second Lieutenant of Cavalry. He served in Puerto Rico from 1890 to 1900 and then in the Philippine Islands until 1903, after which he served in various Cavalry posts in the United States.

He participated in the campaign into northern Mexico in 1916. In 1917 he sailed for France and was appointed a temporary Brigadier General on 17 Dec. 1917. During the World War he was in command of Camp No. 1, St. Nazaire, France, and then at Base Sector No. 5, Services of Supply, Brest, until 13 May 1918, after which he commanded the 69th Infantry Brigade.

Following the Armistice he returned to the United States for duty in the Office of the Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C., until 27 July 1919. On 19 Aug. 1919, he assumed command of the 11th Cavalry, Monterey, Calif., where he remained until 2 Feb. 1920, when he was transferred to duty at the Headquarters of the Ninth Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. From November, 1920, until January, 1923, he served as Assistant Commandant, U. S. Disciplinary Barracks, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. During this period he was detailed to the Signal Corps, and from January, 1923, until July, 1924, he served at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, after which he served a tour of duty in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, Washington, D. C. In October, 1926, he was relieved from detail to the Signal Corps and was assigned to duty in the Headquarters of the Sixth Corps Area, Chicago, Ill., until he was retired on 21 July 1929.

General McClure was a distinguished graduate of the Army School of the Line in 1909. He was graduated from the Army Staff College in 1910, and from the Army War College in 1917.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mamie Chapin McClure, Wardman Park Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Foreign Duty Achievements

The following are the names of Service personnel mentioned in press reports: General Douglas MacArthur—He was presented the Congressional Medal of Honor by American Minister Nelson T. Johnson at simple ceremonies on 30 June at Australian Army Headquarters.

Rear Admiral Frederick C. Sherman—The American Humane Association awarded him a medal for rescuing his dog, "Wags," when the USS Lexington was abandoned in the Coral Sea battle.

Col. Roger M. Daney—He led the 27 June raid on Wake Island, details of which attack were disclosed by Col. Arthur W. Meehan one of the officers who participated in the attack.

Lt. Martin Cluck—He broadcast from Chungking to homes in occupied and unoccupied China assuring that American Army aviators already are in China and that more are on the way to fight the Japanese.

Cpl. Donald Welch—He told the story of a bomber crew forced down in the Coral Sea battle who were aided by na-

tives in reaching their base, and who captured a Japanese pilot in making their way back to the base.

Pvt. Earl D. Ashley—His torpedo plane passed a flight of Japanese bombers during the Midway battle and each ignored the other—they had more important objectives. His plane successfully launched its torpedo at a Japanese carrier. Injured in the attack, he has been awarded the Purple Heart for his work as tail gunner in the plane.

Army Medals Bill

The House this week approved legislation which authorizes members of the armed forces to accept foreign decorations tendered to them and which creates a Medal for Merit to be awarded to members of the armed forces of the United States and friendly nations who "since the proclamation of an emergency by the President on 8 Sept. 1939 shall have distinguished themselves by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services."

Army Generals Assigned

Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson yesterday announced the appointment of Brig. Gen. Donald Wilson, AC, to take the place of Brig. John H. Hildring, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1, who has reported to a combat area; Brig. Gen. Thomas T. Handy, FA, will take the place of Maj. Gen. Dwight Eisenhower as Chief of the Operations Division; and Brig. Gen. D. N. W. Grant, Chief Flight Surgeon of the Air Forces.

The Secretary also announced creation of four infantry divisions to be set up in September: 94th, Brig. Gen. Harry W. Maloney; 98th, Brig. Gen. Paul L. Ransom; 107th, Brig. Gen. John B. Anderson; and 104th, Brig. Gen. Gregory R. Cook.

Navy Women's Reserve

The Senate late this week approved legislation creating a Women's Reserve in the Navy. The Senate amended the measure to limit service of members of the Women's Reserve to continental United States and bar them from vessels of the Navy or combat aircraft. Members may not replace civil service personnel but shall substitute for officers and enlisted men of the Navy on shore duty, releasing these men for sea service.

The bill provides for one lieutenant commander, a maximum of 35 lieutenants, limits the number of lieutenants (jg) to 35% of all officers, and states that officers shall command only within the Reserve.

Navy Commander Assigned

Rear Adm. Arthur G. Robinson, until recently commanding officer of the cruiser USS Marblehead has been appointed senior U. S. naval officer in Aruba and Curacao, Dutch West Indies, relieving Rear Adm. John B. Oldendorf, who is now commandant at the naval operating base at Trinidad, British West Indies.

Advance War Officers

The Senate this week approved H. R. 6081, providing for the advancement on the retired list of seven World War generals. The officers are: Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, Brigadier Generals Joseph C. Castner, Harley B. Ferguson, William P. Jackson, George H. Jameison, Julian P. Lindsey, and Paul H. Wolf.

War Bill to President

With passage by the Senate on Tuesday, 30 June, and acceptance by the House of minor Senate amendments the \$42.8-billion appropriation bill for the War Department was speeded to the White House on the eve of the new fiscal year.

Details of the bill were printed in the 27 June issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

The Senate made one amendment, which the House promptly accepted without debate. The Senate's action was to strike out a proviso inserted by the House which would have permitted certain publications, with which service personnel are associated, to accept advertising. When the amendment was suggested in the House Committee the War Department informed the committee officially of

its opposition. "It is felt," the Department stated, "that the War Department should continue to avoid obligation, directly or indirectly, to commercial concerns." The Senate voted unanimously to reject the amendment.

Submarine, Diving Pay

Ensigns on submarine duty will receive \$75 additional a month as the result of a bill, S. 2455, approved this week by the President.

The act provides that the 25 per cent additional pay for submarine officers shall be computed upon existing pay rates, rather than upon the rates in effect when the submarine pay act was approved. This will entitle ensigns to 25 per cent on the \$300 increase given to that grade by the Johnson pay act.

The act also provides that officers and men making extra hazardous dives at depths of less than 90 feet shall receive the \$5 an hour now paid for dives over 90 feet.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 25 June 1942

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel: Frank V. Schneider, Inf., No. 81. Vacancies: none. Last nomination to the grade of Colonel: Frank J. Riley, QMC, No. 82. Senior Lt. Col.—Benjamin F. Delamater, jr., Inf., No. 83.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.: Charles F. Balish, Engrs., No. 324.

Last promotion to the grade of Major: Harold V. Roberts, Inf., No. 211.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain: Harold R. Everman, Inf., No. 232.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.: Marvin L. McNickle, AC, No. 490.

Non-Promotion List

The following named Medical officers were promoted to the grades indicated.

Captains to Majors

Richard L. Daniel (temp. lt. col.)
Paul E. Keller (temp. lt. col.)
Achilles L. Tynes (temp. lt. col.)
Otis O. Sanson, jr. (temp. lt. col.)
Ernest H. Parsons (temp. lt. col.)
Kenneth A. Brewer (temp. maj.)
Norman W. Anderson (temp. lt. col.)
Paul S. Fancher (temp. lt. col.)
Vinnie H. Jeffress (temp. maj.)
Kenneth F. Ernst (temp. lt. col.)
Theodore L. Finley (temp. maj.)
Kermit H. Gates (temp. lt. col.)
Charles L. Kirkpatrick (temp. lt. col.)
Lloyd E. Griffiths (temp. lt. col.)
Joseph H. McHinch (temp. lt. col.)
William J. Kennard (temp. lt. col.)
Edward M. Sager (temp. lt. col.)
Allan B. Ramsay (temp. lt. col.)
Robert B. Skinner (temp. lt. col.)
Dwight Lawson (temp. lt. col.)
James L. Murchison (temp. lt. col.)
Norman W. White (temp. lt. col.)
William C. Knott (temp. maj.)
Albert H. Robinson (temp. lt. col.)
John F. Blatt (temp. lt. col.)
John R. Copenhaver (temp. maj.)
Cyril E. McEneny (temp. maj.)
Frank Y. Leaver (temp. maj.)
Leonard N. Swanson (temp. lt. col.)

First Lieutenants to Captains

James W. Brown (temp. maj.)
Norman E. King (temp. maj.)
Donald E. Reiner (temp. capt.)
Howard E. Scilards (temp. maj.)
Alva E. Miller (temp. maj.)
George G. McShatko (temp. maj.)
Byron A. Nichol (temp. maj.)
Austin W. Bennett (temp. maj.)
Roland B. Signafos (temp. maj.)
John M. Talbot (temp. maj.)
Robert L. Hullinghorst (temp. capt.)
Carl N. Ekman (temp. maj.)
Laurence A. Potter (temp. maj.)

Warrant Officers

115 on the eligible list to be Warrant Officers. Appointments have been made through George Zane.
0 on the eligible list to be Band Leader (White). Appointments have been made through John M. Baldelli.
0 on the eligible list to be Band Leader (Colored). Appointments have been made through Harry H. Hollowell.
0 Warrant Officers discharged for the purpose of accepting active duty.

Officer Candidates

Enlisted men may be designated as students at Army officer candidate schools of their choice by their commanding general in recognition of demonstrated fitness or for meritorious service. The War Department announced yesterday.